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ABSTRACT

In this annual report for the period ending June 30, 1977, the contents are: (1) progress and plans for the system and individual institutions; (2) historical and statistical information on enrollment, degrees, accreditation, student aid, compliance with federal laws, regents' publications, the state college testing program, regents' resolutions and office expenditures, bonded indebtedness, capital improvements and student fees; (3) and a historical record of boards, institutions, and presidents for each public institution. (MSE)

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Nineteenth Biennial Report - Part I

Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education

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Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1977
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

HE 009 657

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

TO THE HONORABLE DAVID BOREN
Governor of the State of Oklahoma
Dear Governor Boren:

The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education herewith submit the Nineteenth Biennial Report—Part I in compliance with the Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article II, Section 206.

This Nineteenth Biennial Report—Part I covers the period from July 1, 1976 to June 30, 1977 pertaining to The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education.

Respectfully submitted,
RUSSELL D. VAUGHT, Chairman

ATTEST:
BOB F. ALLEE, Secretary
E. T. DUNLAP, Chancellor

June 30, 1977
Oklahoma City
Oklahoma

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CHAPTER I
PROGRESS AND PLANS

THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION

General Progress of the State System

Chancellor E. T. Dunlap

The purpose of this section is to summarize the progress and prospects of Oklahoma higher education both for historical documentation and to provide useful and informative data for the 1978 Oklahoma Legislature, the Governor, State System institutions and others interested in higher education in the state. The highlights of progress and statistics presented in this section are from the perspective of the state-level coordinating agency, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education showed moderate growth during 1976-77, reflecting a national trend that is expected to continue into the 1980's. The focus has shifted in the State System from an effort to keep up with the demands of growth to an effort to build quality in the state's institutions of higher education. The State Regents have encouraged institutions to use their resources judiciously in furthering this effort and have set regional averages in all the normal measures of higher education quality as the minimum goals for the State System.

Along with the emphasis on quality has come a renewed effort to extend access to higher education opportunities at all levels. The articulation policy adopted by the State Regents in 1975 and reaffirmed in 1977 has eased the way for the transfer of junior college graduates into baccalaureate programs. Institutions are seeking new and innovative ways of meeting the needs of minorities, women, and older students for training and re-training, particularly in growing sophisticated technical areas where manpower needs of the state are of high priority.

In 1976-77 the State Regents began implementation of the 38 policy recommendations adopted the previous year in the *Revision and Supplement to the Oklahoma Higher Education Plan for the 70's.* Among these was a revision in the method of assessing student fees and tuition charges at State System institutions. The policy revision sought to relate fees and tuition to the increasing costs of education at each succeeding level, lower division, upper division, graduate, and professional. The policy revision led to a revision in the fees themselves, the first general increase in student fees since 1969. House Bill 1122 passed by the 1977 Legislature and a subsequent court test of its constitutionality clarified the responsibilities of both the State Regents and the Legislature in the matter of determining the fees and tuition charged students in the State System.

A highlight in the development of the State System occurred in April, 1977 with the dedication of the campus of the Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery in Tulsa, the newest institution in the State System. The osteopathic college was created by the Oklahoma Legislature in 1972 and began classes in the fall of 1973. The first graduating class completed its studies in August, 1977.

The State Regents participated actively in several projects aimed at increasing communication and understanding between and among the various institutional and governmental agencies with interests and responsibilities for higher education. One of these projects was the sponsorship of a regional seminar on the financing of higher education sponsored jointly with the Education Commission of the States through its In-Service Education Program. This seminar was held in Oklahoma City on December 2-3, 1976.

The State Regents also sponsored a second seminar for Women in Higher Education on November 16, 1976, and a seminar on Emerging Issues in Higher Education for administrators and governing board members on February 16, 1977.

The Regents adopted a plan to visit every campus in the State System during the 1977-78 school year as further evidence of their interest in the needs and concerns of the various institutions.

Student Enrollments. The number of students enrolling in Oklahoma higher education, both public and private, in the Fall Semester of 1976 was 148,551 which was an increase of 1,934 students (1.3%) more than the 146,617 enrolled in the Fall Semester of the previous year. There were 127,536 of these enrolled in state-supported colleges and universities which is an increase of 2.2% over the 124,751 students enrolled in these institutions in the Fall Semester of the previous year. Thus, about 85.9% of all students enrolled in Oklahoma higher education in 1976-77 were in state-supported institutions and about 14.1% of the students were in private institutions of higher education. In all Oklahoma higher education, both public and private, enrollments increased by 69.7% in the last decade, increasing from 89,648 in 1966 to 148,551 in 1976. In state-supported institutions, enrollments increased 77.2% in the past ten years, going from 71,982 in 1966 to 127,536 in 1976. Approximately 79% of Oklahoma's high school graduates in the spring of 1976 started to college in the fall of 1976.

The college-going rate places Oklahoma near the top of the 50 states. Of the 127,536 students enrolled in the State System institutions in the fall of 1976, 91.6% were residents of Oklahoma and 8.4% were from other states and foreign countries.

Accreditation of Institutions. All 43 colleges and universities operating in the State of Oklahoma last year were accredited by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and 33 institutions of this group were accredited by the North Central Association. Oklahoma ranks among the leading states of the nation in percent of its college students attending regionally accredited institutions. Students attending institutions so accredited are eligible for transfer to colleges and universities anywhere in the nation where their credits are accepted at face value.

New Educational Programs. During the last fiscal year, several new educational programs were authorized at colleges and universities in the State System. Bachelor's degree programs were authorized as follows: Oklahoma State University—Computing Science and Health Education Teacher Certificate; Central State University—Physical Education; East Central Oklahoma State University—Radiologic Technology; Northeastern Oklahoma State University—Finance; Southwestern Oklahoma State University—Computer Science; Langston University—Child Development and Special Education. Master's degree programs were authorized as follows: Central State University—Music Education and Professional Health Occupations; Northeastern Oklahoma State University—Optometry Education; Southeastern Oklahoma State University—Administrative Studies; and Southwestern Oklahoma State University—Business Administration. Associate degree programs were authorized as follows: Claremore Junior College—Banking and Finance, Graphics Technology and Horse Ranch Management; Connors State College—Early Child Care; Eastern Oklahoma State College—Mechanized Agriculture Technology; El Reno Junior College—Child Development; Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College—Community Journalism; Northern Oklahoma College—Broadcast Engineering; Oscar Rose Junior College—Histologic Technology and Dental Laboratory Technology; South Oklahoma City Junior College—Avionics Technology, Computer Science, Construction Technology, Hotel/Motel Management, Machinist Technology, Metal Fabrication Technology, Printing Technology, Social Worker Assistant, and Welding Technology; and Tulsa Junior College—Insurance, Industrial Security, Legal Assistant, Postal Services Leadership Development, Purchasing Management, and Safety Technology. Certificate programs were authorized as follows: Claremore Junior College—Banking and Finance, Graphics Technology and Horse Ranch Management; Eastern Oklahoma State College—Mechanized Agriculture Technology; Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College—Graphic Arts-Printing Certificate; and Northern Oklahoma College—Drafting and Industrial Metals Processing.

Institutional Reporting. In 1975-76, an Advisory Council on Institutional Reporting was established to work with the State Regents' staff to assist in the development of a coordinated approach to reporting both at state and institutional levels that would enable the State Regents to provide reports to selected Federal and State agencies for all institutions, thus reducing the cost and effort of reporting for the state as a whole, while at the same time providing more accurate and detailed information for state-level research and planning. A unitized data system was developed and put into operation in the summer of 1977.

Ardmore Project. The Ardmore Higher Education Program had its beginning in the summer of 1974 with classes on the Ardmore High School Campus. In August, 1974, the program was moved to its own facilities at the Mount Washington School north of Ardmore. This facility is being provided at no cost to the state by the Ardmore community. The facility which houses the Ardmore program has been completely refurbished and is comprised of seven classrooms, a student lounge, a large multipurpose library-classroom, an administrative office, and two eight-person talkback television rooms. The beginning semester in the summer of 1974, 153 students enrolled in 11 courses; in the 1974 fall semester 305 students enrolled in 24 courses; in the 1975 fall semester 410 students enrolled in 27 courses; in the 1976 fall semester 530 students enrolled in 32 courses; and in the 1977 fall semester 765 students enrolled in 54 courses.

McCurtain County Project. The McCurtain County Higher Education Program, located at 107 East Main Street in Idabel, had its beginning in the fall of 1976. As in the case of the Ardmore Project, the McCurtain County facility is provided at no cost to the state by the people of the local community. In the beginning semester in the fall of 1976, 268 students enrolled in 20 classes. In the fall semester of 1977, 370 students enrolled in 31 classes.

Student Aid. The Guaranteed Student Loan Program, which became operational in 1966, has guaranteed about 47,359 loans in excess of $39,177,000. This program involves a unique partnership of State and Federal Government with private lending institutions to provide low-cost loans to students. The Guaranteed Student Loan Program has become an integral part of the Financial Aids package for Oklahoma students desiring to further their education. The 1972 Oklahoma Legislature enacted Senate Bill No. 618 providing for the Oklahoma Student Loan Program. The purpose of this program is to provide loans to students as may be needed to help pay the cost of their education. The program supplements the Guaranteed Student Loan Program and provides a lending source to eligible students who are not otherwise able to identify a lender. There have been 9,241 loans, representing an investment of $7,664,162, made to students of Oklahoma higher education since beginning of operation of this program. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education serves as Fiscal Agent for the Administration of the Oklahoma Student Loan Program.

State Government Student Internship Program. During Fiscal Year 1977, the Oklahoma State Regents continued the State Government Student Intern Program provided for in both Executive Order 1602 and House Bill 1049 passed into law by the 34th Oklahoma Legislature. The State Regents authorized placements for eleven graduate students during the Fiscal Year 1977; and these students received from three to eight hours credit.

Agencies participating with the State Regents included the Oklahoma Educational Television Authority, Oklahoma Historical Society, Department of Tourism and Recreation, Department of Economic and Community Affairs, Department of Energy, and the Administrative Offices of the Oklahoma Supreme Court.

Interns have conducted original research, developed management systems, conducted surveys, and helped develop various State plans all in the course of their agency assignments. Seminars have been conducted on a variety of diverse topics, and good academic standards have been maintained in an activity that is gaining credence in both the public government and academic sectors.

Civil Rights Compliance Activities. Operating under the original State Plan approved in June of 1974 by the Office for Civil Rights, the State Regents made two reports on programs in the area of civil rights compliance. These reports indicated a significant increase in the participation of minorities in higher education in Oklahoma; but that in certain areas much work remained to accomplish desegregation.

Among the general areas discussed in the reports were admissions and recruitment. Affirmative Action Training Programs for management personnel at institutions of higher education and for high school counselors were continued. Articulation agreements between junior colleges and senior institutions were reported, as was the program providing for free ACT examinations to indigent minority students. Overall recruitment procedures and results were reported, as were the Minority Assistance Programs for Master's and Doctoral students.

For the second time this year, comprehensive reports by race and sex were made to the Office for Civil Rights on the number and classification of institutional employees, student enrollment, progression, and financial aid. These reports indicated that for the first time in the history of the State the proportion of black to white first-time freshmen enrolled in public colleges and universities in Oklahoma exceeded that same proportion for high school seniors the previous year. Racial parity for black freshmen students has thus been achieved in the State of Oklahoma as of fall 1976.

Technical-Occupational Programs. In 1974-75 the State Regents adopted a policy statement of "Criteria and Procedures for the Evaluation of Technical-Occupational Programs at Institutions in The State System of Higher Education." The criteria and procedures set forth in the policy statement were designed to assess the adequacy and quality of existing programs. Under the policy, at least 20 percent of the technical programs at State System institutions are evaluated each year.

During 1976-77, programs were evaluated in rural Eastern Oklahoma, including Carl Albert Junior College, Poteau, Oklahoma; Eastern Oklahoma State College, Wilburton, Oklahoma; Connors State

College, Warner, Oklahoma; Claremore Junior College, Claremore, Oklahoma; and Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College, Miami, Oklahoma.

An inventory of educational programs conducted in 1976-77 reveal that there are currently 403 technical-occupational programs being offered at 26 state institutions with a technical-occupational enrollment of approximately 28,000 students.

Televised Instruction System. The Oklahoma Higher Education Televised Instruction System (more commonly known as Talkback Television) was expanded in 1977 to include receiving classrooms at Claremore Junior College, University of Oklahoma College of Medicine at Tulsa, and transmitting and receiving facilities at the new campus of the Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery at Tulsa as well as a third channel connecting Western Oklahoma State College with the Granite receiving location. At the year's end projects were underway to provide a second broadcasting studio at Oklahoma State University, a receiving facility at the Capitol Hill Library in Oklahoma City, and extension of the System to provide service to Southeastern Oklahoma State University in Durant, Southwestern Oklahoma State University in Weatherford, and Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College in Miami. Enrollments in Talkback Television continued to show strength in calendar year 1977 with approximately 6,500 student enrollments received at some 58 locations. Sequential course offerings continued to develop.

Title I (HEA) Community Service and Continuing Education Program. On September 16, 1972, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education accepted the responsibility as the State Agency for Title I (HEA). This program enables the U. S. Commissioner of Education to make grants to states to strengthen the Community Service and Continuing Education Programs of colleges and universities. Title I (HEA) is administered as a state operation under a state plan which identifies certain priority areas in which the institutions concentrate their project activities. During Fiscal 1976, citizens were served by 11 Title I Projects. Participants were served in each of the four priority areas identified for the State of Oklahoma. For Fiscal Year 1977, there are seven primary institutions of higher education in Oklahoma involved in twelve projects in Title I.

Studies for Planning. The State Regents regularly gather and publish data in such areas as student enrollments, degrees conferred, institutional income and expenditures, faculty salaries, student fees and other student charges and the like. In addition to these ongoing reports, the State Regents published several research and planning studies. These research projects undertaken during Fiscal 1976 will provide a solid base of information and support data needed for the development of new programs and the evaluation of existing activities.

Number of Faculty. The total faculty of all Oklahoma higher education in 1976-77 was approximately 6,988 individuals. Of this number, 4,348 were full-time regular faculty members and 2,640 were part-time teachers. Of the full-time faculty, 3,542 were in the state-supported colleges and universities and 806 were in private institutions. Of the 2,640 part-time teachers, 2,417 of these were in State System colleges and universities and 223 were in the private institutions.

Faculty Salaries. The average salary paid all regular full-time teachers in The Oklahoma State System institutions in 1976-77 was $15,811 for the 9-10 month academic year. The figure represents a 26.9% increase over the $12,457 average salary paid five years ago. The average salary at the universities was $17,944 which is an increase of 29.1% over the $13,904 of five years ago; the average salary at the four-year colleges was $15,567 which is a 31.9% increase over the $11,803 average of five years ago; and the average salary at two-year colleges was $12,541 which is an increase of 28.4% over the $9,765 average of five years ago.

Degrees Conferred. In the year 1976-77 13,583 Bachelor's and First Professional degrees were conferred by Oklahoma institutions of higher education, which was an increase of 46.4% over the 9,277 degrees conferred in 1966-67. In the past year, there were 4,030 Master's degrees conferred by institutions, which is an 85.5% increase over the 2,173 Master's degrees conferred 10 years ago. There were 406 Doctor's degrees conferred by Oklahoma universities in 1976-77, which is a 10.9% increase over the 366 Doctorates conferred a decade ago.

Current Operating Expenditures. There was a total of $362,819,828 expended for current operations in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education in the Fiscal Year 1976-77. Of this amount, $213,028,571 was expended for the Educational and General-Part I Operating Budget; $39,958,730 was expended for the Educational and General-Part II Operating Budget (Sponsored Research and Programs); $25,011,030 was expended for Student Aid; and $84,821,497 was expended for Auxiliary Enterprises (housing, food services, student unions, etc.). Of the total current budget 58.7% was expended for the regular educational and general operating budget and 41.3% was expended for Sponsored Research and Programs, Student Aid and Auxiliary Enterprises.

Capital Improvements Program. Colleges and universities in the State System have been engaged in a capital improvements program which had been planned for accomplishment during the period 1965 to 1975. Phase I, 1965 to 1970, was accomplished at a cost of $63,756,859 with $38,500,000 of the funding coming from state funds and $25,256,859 from federal and private funds.

In 1968, the people authorized a bond issue to provide the states part of the funding for Phase II of the Capital Improvements Program. The bond issue contained $34,250,000 for regular campus improvements and $26,870,000 for improvements at the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center. This Phase II Program was delayed by the Federal Government's curtailing federal funding to match state monies to underwrite projects. Although funds for health-related projects were delayed, federal funds were finally made available for construction at the Health Sciences Center. Only a small portion of federal funds was made available for regular campus projects.

In the spring of 1973, the Oklahoma Legislature in its adoption of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8 authorized the State Regents to proceed with allocation of state funds to accomplish as much of the capital improvements which had been planned for colleges and universities as could be done with state funds. Federal funds had not been made available, and it became necessary that the Regents and institutions move forward with making certain improvements at the campuses.

The Resolution also expressed intent of the Legislature that the State Regents in revising Campus Master Plans of projects to be accomplished give priority to the modernization and repair and provide modernized equipment for good, old buildings on the campuses.

The State Regents adopted a set of guidelines and procedures for carrying out legislative intent expressed in SCR No. 8 and requested that each institution file a revised Campus Master Plan of projects to be accomplished with the limited amount of state funds available to underwrite the costs. These campus plans subsequently were revised and priorities established and were submitted for the approval of the State Regents. Upon approval, the Regents authorized allocation of funds for accomplishing projects in priority order, the extent to which funds were available.

There had been a total of 336 projects approved for accomplishment in the revised Campus Master Plans of all institutions; but, as indicated, funds were not available for funding all of the projects.

Additional funding will need to be provided by the Oklahoma Legislature to complete the projects planned for accomplishment in Phase II of the ten-year Capital Improvements Program.

INSTITUTIONAL REPORTS

A brief summary of the services, achievements, problems and progress at each institution and agency of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education for the year ending June 30, 1977, as reported by the Presidents, is presented on the following pages. Also reports from Sayre Junior College and private institutions are included.

Statistical information regarding the operation of institutions will be found in Chapter II of this report.

THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA

PRESIDENT PAUL F. SHARP

Norman, Oklahoma

New leadership within the academic and administrative structures of the University of Oklahoma during 1976-77 resulted in the establishing of new goals of achievement that will help direct the course of the University for the next several years.

Dr. Barbara Uehling assumed her duties as Provost in August of 1976 and has already had a significant impact on the academic area of the institution as well as on long-range plans for academic endeavor, evaluation, and administration.

Perhaps foremost among the new academic programs proposed during the year is one calling for the establishment of an Energy Resources Center on the Norman campus to encourage and coordinate the vast number of energy-related research projects currently being conducted or planned by a variety of individuals and departments. Plans for the center, which could grow to become one of the foremost energy research centers in the country, were approved by the OU Board of Regents, and funding proposals and details of the proposed work program have been submitted to the State Regents for Higher Eduation for final approval.

Plans also were made during the year and an application submitted for funds to enrich significantly three ongoing academic programs and add a program in American Indian Studies. The three areas for which enrichment funds have been sought are environmental studies, business, and meteorology.

Despite the continuing tight money situation, additional acquisitions for University Libraries and improvement in service through centralizations of the reference, periodicals, and microfilm departments enhanced the library facilities available to our students. In addition to the organizational changes, additional physical facilities in the form of Monnett Hall were made available for the extensive Western History Collection which for the first time can now be organized to improve its accessibility to scholars. While the move and organization is still underway, improvements are already apparent.

Significant changes in the administrative structure of the University also occurred during the year as two vice presidents resigned followed by regential action reducing the total number of vice presidential areas from five to four. Following the resignation of Mr. John O. Dean as Vice President for University Relations, it was decided to combine that area with Development under Vice President David Burr in a combined function to be known as University Relations and Development. In addition to Mr. Dean, Dr. Gene Nordby resigned as Vice President for Administration and Finance.

Another major area of activity was in Continuing Education and Public Service, the extension arm of the University. Through the Oklahoma Center for Continuing Education and its off-campus programs, a total of 35,537 credit hours of instruction was provided. Student clock-hours for non-credit instruction totaled 1,434,000 with approximately 72,000 participants.

The internationally renowned *Books Abroad* literary quarterly recognized 50 years of continuous publication, and its name was changed to *World Literature Today* to more accurately reflect its actual position. The Scholar-Leadership Enrichment Program continued to provide for the outstanding students of our state the leading scholars from a variety of fields. The building complex housing the College of Engineering became the Carson Engineering Center.

Meanwhile, the College of Fine Arts was providing 24 state communities with outstanding entertainment ranging from dance to choral to instrumental groups to enhance local concert programs.

The College of Education was also playing a significant role in community development through its training and advisory activities for the Teacher Corps Program for the federal government.

UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Record enrollments, continuing development of facilities and the transfer of the College of Pharmacy from the University's Norman campus marked Fiscal 1976-77 as a year of achievement at the Health Sciences Center (HSC) campus, which trains more than 80 per cent of Oklahoma's practicing health care professionals.

During the year, the Center had three new buildings in various stages of development on its 200-acre campus. The $10.6 million, 10-story Biomedical Sciences Building was dedicated in ceremonies held Oct. 22. The 200,000-square-foot building provides research labs, animal quarters, and space for six academic departments. More than half of its 500 rooms are for research use by faculty and graduate students.

Construction was completed on a $5.2 million College of Nursing Building, due to be occupied at the beginning of the 1977-78 school year. The building contains four stories and 93,000 square feet of space.

Ground was broken July 8, 1976, for another four-story building, the Health Sciences Library. To be completed in approximately two years, the 90,000-square-foot structure will be the only resource center of its kind for medical science materials and education in the state. The badly needed facility will permit expansion of the library from 100,000 to 230,000 volumes and will increase seating capacity from 125 to 600.

The size of the HSC grew in another way as well. During the summer of 1976, the College of Pharmacy moved from the Norman campus to the HSC. The move brought campus enrollment that fall to a record 2,700 students.

The College of Medicine's clinical branch in Tulsa, the Tulsa Medical College, graduated its second class of M.D.'s. Twenty-eight students graduated in June compared to 17 the year before. Post-M.D. residency positions in six medical specialties increased from 61 to 80.

Although the bulk of instruction in Tulsa is conducted by more than 200 volunteer faculty, the number of permanent faculty doubled and a permanent dean was named.

A new dean of the HSC Graduate College was also named during the year, solidifying academic administration of this degree-granting unit.

OU's Family Practice Residency Program, which has model family practice clinics at the HSC and in Tulsa, expanded in February to include a new clinic in Enid as part of the Garfield County Family Practice Residency Program. When the program is fully operational, twelve family practice residents will be training in Enid. Meanwhile, at the Tulsa Medical College, a second family practice clinic opened in the summer of 1977.

The College of Dentistry's planned expansion to full enrollment levels continued as its student body increased from 107 to 154 students. The first year class size doubled, from 36 to 72 students. In three years, each of the four classes will have 72 dental students, for the maximum planned enrollment of 283 students.

Positions in the hospital-based, post-graduate training of medical residents and fellows increased from 399 in 1975-76 to 427 in 1976-77. The increase was primarily due to the increased number of residents at the Tulsa Medical College.

Medical research at the HSC progressed particularly in the fields of blood clotting disorders and breast cancer. In April, the thrombosis coagulation laboratory at University Hospital and Clinics opened its doors. The laboratory is part of a $3.2 million, federally funded thrombosis research study grant made to the HSC. The lab is being used to transfer information generated to the basic research labs into diagnostic tests, which will benefit patients and their physicians across the state.

The Center's Breast Cancer Screening Program began using a unique diagnostic tool in the fall of 1976. The thermography instrument, harmless to body tissues, examines heat patterns emitted by breast tissues to detect "hot spots" which might indicate the presence of tumors. Of the more than 2,000 women tested this year, 55 were found to have cancerous tumors.

The $35.3 million HSC budget consisted of $23.8 million designated as primary educational and general funds and $11.5 million for grants and contracts. The increase over the previous year in funds allocated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education amounted to approximately $3.79 million.

OKLAHOMA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Norman, Oklahoma

Energy resources investigations and related studies continued during the past fiscal year as the primary program objectives of the Oklahoma Geological Survey (OGS). A "heavy-oil" study for nine northeastern counties is in its third year under a partial grant from the U.S. Energy Research and Development Administration. This involves examination of hundreds of well logs from prior drilling activities, plus data collected from 16 wells drilled as part of the current program, and will result in an assessment of the resource potential of these viscous petroleum deposits as well as new information on stratigraphic relationships of Pennsylvanian rocks in the area.

A geochemical investigation of kerogens has been carried forward under a grant from the American Chemical Society. The chemical classification of these fossilized, insoluble organic materials will result in a better understanding of the origin of petroleum hydrocarbons and natural distillation processes and will make possible the evaluation of these deposits as hydrocarbon reserves.

An investigation of known petroleum reservoirs in Oklahoma is under way. This study will provide information that will serve as a data base for future projects of secondary and tertiary recovery of oil accumulations not producible by normal primary methods.

A companion study to the investigations of the Hunton Group in the Anadarko basin, published in 1975 as OGS Bulletin 121 is in progress for the same important gas-producing rock sequence in the Arkoma basin. These zones in these two geologic provinces hold the greatest potential for production in Oklahoma.

Coal is more and more in evidence in the energy picture, and several related projects constitute a comprehensive study of this resource. A map showing active coal mines is updated annually. A data project on the Hartshorne coal in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Mines was completed, and material is being prepared for publication. A coal-sampling project under a grant from the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) was completed, results of tests on 80 samples were received and data will be published soon. A short course on coal geology was conducted at the Oklahoma Center for Continuing Education by the Survey's coal geologist.

A three-state study on seismicity along the buried, block-faulted Nemaha ridge, extending north to south from Nebraska through Kansas and into central Oklahoma, is proceeding under a partial grant from the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Results will provide information essential to evaluating the safety of potential sites for nuclear facilities.

The water-resources program that continues in cooperation with the Water Resources Division of the USGS resulted in the publication of Hydrologic Atlas 5, ***Reconnaissance and Water Resources of the Clinton Quadrangle, West-Central Oklahoma. Also issued*** were the results of a study of the Garber-Wellington aquifer in Oklahoma and Logan counties.

These water studies, as well as the coal and seismicity studies, involve environmental geology. Other environmental projects included a reconnaissance study to evaluate geologic formations for disposal of industrial wastes, an investigation of the usability of water in abandoned zinc mines and an inventory of surface-mined lands in the state with an assessment of reclamation practices.

Other programs included trace-metal analyses, sand and gravel assessments, investigations of underclays and surface-mapping projects. Two bulletins, two circulars, two guidebooks, the hydrologic atlas, and six issues of ***Oklahoma Geology Notes*** were published during the year. Numerous mineral reports, a bulletin, a mineral map and a guidebook also were reprinted.

One of the OGS's most important contributions, and a concern to which every member of the staff is dedicated, is the offering of service to the public. Activities in this area have been more intense than ever during the past year.

UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA LAW CENTER

Norman, Oklahoma

The start of the 1977-78 school year saw the new dean and director of the Law Center, James E. Westbrook, beginning his second year. Westbrook was a James S. Rollins professor of law at the University of Missouri/Columbia before assuming his administrative post at O.U.

This was the second year of occupancy of the new Law Center building. Although the College of Law continues as the central component of the Law Center, a variety of other activities are also housed there. The Continuing Legal Education Department is a vital link with practicing attorneys seeking refresher courses or exposure to subjects not offered when they attended law school and is providing training for paralegals. The National Center for State Courts has a regional office in the Law Center building where it conducts studies aimed at improving the judicial system. The legal internship programs provide legal services to indigents while giving law students an opportunity to obtain practical experience. Among the research efforts of the Oklahoma Center for Criminal Justice is a study of the effects of suspended sentences and deferred judgments on convicted felons in Oklahoma.

Examples of recent research and writing by faculty members are a ten-volume work on the law of oil and gas, a proposed Code of Evidence for the State of Oklahoma and studies on juvenile traffic offenders and omnibus hearing procedures.

The admission by Performance Program had a third successful year with 16 of the 25 participants being offered places in the fall class. The experience of the students admitted in previous years indicates that students in the program have an excellent chance of succeeding in law school.

The College of Law Enrichment Program continues to provide students with a unique opportunity to hear from noted scholars, practioners, and public servants. Recent enrichment speakers have included former U.S. Supreme Court Justice Arthur Goldberg, Congressman Abner Mikva, former U.S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark, Richard Ryan, general counsel of Exxon U.S.A., former U.S. Assistant Attorney General Thomas Kauper, former FCC commissioner Glen Robinson and law professors Arthur Miller of Harvard, Hodge O'Neal of Washington University, Jerold Israel of Michigan and C. Edward White of the University of Virginia.

OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT L. L. BOGER

Stillwater, Oklahoma

Citing the Morrill Act of 1862 as educational legislation which is both timely and timeless, Oklahoma State University's seventeenth president, Dr. Lawrence L. Boger, reiterated his belief in the land grant philosophy of higher education during installation ceremonies in July, 1977.

In the tradition, the university continued to serve society through its programs of instruction, extension and research. During a period of declining enrollment at most major universities in the nation, OSU reversed that trend and registered 21,904 students in September, 1977, an increase of 775 from the previous year. Faculty (full time equivalent) numbered 1,005, making the student-teacher ratio 1:19.8. Another statistical record was set when 3,982 candidates were awarded degrees during May and July, 1977, commencements.

Total expenditures for university research increased by 13.5 percent over the last year, with external funding agencies accounting for nearly half of the total amount. Over 1,200 basic and applied research projects were conducted under the auspices of the seven research offices operating in each of the colleges. Expediting this research activity are the capabilities of the Computer Center and the holdings of the Edmon Low Library which now houses more than 1.2 million volumes.

University extension, overseer of outreach programs in five colleges (Agriculture and Veterinary Medicine projects are handled through Cooperative Extension), enrolled more than 63,000 persons in 769 credit as well as noncredit courses, including conferences, workshops, and other public service type projects. This figure represents a 44 percent increase over 1975-76 statistics in the number of persons served by university extension during this past academic year.

Some of the conferences were conducted on campus utilizing the facilities of the Student Union. The annual activity analysis for the building showed that 4,873 conferences, meetings, interviews, and social events were held there.

In addition to services and programs already in effect, several innovations were in evidence this past year.

Besides installing a new president for the university, new deans were selected to head the College of Business Administration and the Division of Engineering.

A concentrated effort to deal with projected increases in utility expenditures caused the formation of an Energy Conservation Task Force. Implementation of conservation efforts has resulted in energy cost-avoidance savings of approximately $77,000 during this past fiscal year.

While no major buildings were constructed during the reporting period, numerous interior renovations were made to existing structures. The armory was renovated to house the School of Architecture, the infirmary was similarly remodeled to become the Public Information Building, basement space was converted to single student housing in the Bennett and Stout Hall complexes, and Gunderson Hall and the Veterinary Medicine facility received significant interior remodeling. A parking lot on the north side of campus was constructed and a building shell for the Droke Track and Field Center was also completed.

In addition to accreditation by the North Central Association, which was renewed this past year, several academic programs received approval by professional accrediting groups. These included the undergraduate forestry program, the baccalaureate degree programs in technology, the master's program in architecture and the doctoral program in clinical psychology.

The Independent and Correspondence Study Office expanded its services to offer 40 new courses at the beginning of the fall term. During last year it served 1,669 persons through correspondence courses and 1,400 enrolled in independent study.

Course offerings designed to spotlight women-oriented studies were singled out for special emphasis during the 1977 summer session.

The establishment of three engineering laboratories — Physical Properties, Energy, and Fluid Power — was an expansion of existing services and created to emphasize research capabilities for both students and faculty.

The Consumer Services Center, operating under the jurisdiction of the Division of Home Economics, was established to serve as a catalyst for initiating consumer education programs not only for Oklahoma, but also for the nation.

In men's intercollegiate athletics, the OSU football, wrestling, tennis, and golf teams had winning seasons. The cowboy football and tennis teams were co-champions of the Big Eight Conference, while the golf and wrestling teams ended their seasons by rating second in the NCAA. The women's intercollegiate athletic program continued to expand by increasing its competitive schedule and adding a sports' information director.

COLLEGE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

Stillwater, Oklahoma

During the 1976-77 fiscal year, many activities in the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine pointed to the need for improvement and expansion of facilities.

The American Veterinary Medical Association's Council on Education visited the college in February and voted to retain the institution on probational accreditation. Heading the list of recommendations from the Council were the implementation of plans for a new teaching hospital with partial renovation of present facilities and the need for added emphasis on clinical training for veterinary students.

Fulfillment of these recommendations was virtually assured in June when the Oklahoma Legislature appropriated $6.25 million for hospital construction to bring the total amount of funding to $9 million. Planning, site preparation and architectural design made possible by an earlier appropriation culminated in ground breaking ceremonies for the hospital in December, 1976.

The need for facility expansion also resulted in a decrease in the number of first-year students accepted by the admissions board. Sixty students were admitted in 1977 compared with 65 the two previous years. For the first time in history, however, the entering class was composed entirely of legal Oklahoma residents and included an all-time high of 16 female students. As of September 1, 1977, enrollment in four classes totaled 247 compared with 250 a year ago, and female enrollment was 51 compared with 47 the previous year.

With the opening of three new veterinary colleges in recent years and the planning and construction of five others, competition for qualified faculty has become a serious concern of veterinary medicine. The number of faculty ranked as instructor or above decreased at OSU from 65 in 1976 to 61 in 1977 while the staff which includes interns, residents and research associates declined from 82 to 77 during the same period. The actual faculty-student ratio was 1.0 to 7.2 in 1977 compared with a national average of 1.0 to 4.4.

Research funding reached $855,645 during FY 1977, representing a three percent increase and a 32 percent contribution to the total college budget. Five research projects were terminated, six new projects were initiated and funding for one was renewed. The six major topic areas of research were: respiratory, gastroenteric and blood diseases, reproductive performance, endocrinology, tumor research and educational research.

During its first full fiscal year of operation, the Oklahoma Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory responded to 5,849 requests for diagnostic assistance by providing a variety of services. Many of these services were not previously available in Oklahoma. The toxicology laboratory also was equipped and staffed, completing the laboratory's diagnostic nucleus.

Medical records for FY 1977 show a patient load of 17,492 entries and rechecks for the veterinary college clinics. The total includes 11,767 large animals and 5,725 small animals. This compares with 10,094 and 6,245 in these respective areas during 1976.

THE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
Stillwater, Oklahoma

With only five percent of our population providing food and clothing for the nation, people involved with the Oklahoma Agricultural Experiment Station must, of necessity, anticipate changes and make management decisions to constantly meet the needs of a dynamic, changing agricultural industry.

OAES is part of a nationwide network of like stations made possible by the Federal Hatch Act of 1887. It is a constituent agency of Oklahoma State University and the State System of Higher Education. As such, it becomes the research arm of Oklahoma agriculture, *emphasizing state problems and state needs.* The same Oklahoma territorial legislature creating Oklahoma State University, also created OAES.

Since the inception of OAES, experiment station work has sought advice and counsel from Oklahoma citizen-clients. During the last several years, citizens have gathered in district meetings and state planning seminars to provide the greatest possible input into program planning. Simply put, OAES researchers want to find out what Oklahomans need.

Out of these meetings come major thrusts into small grains, forage, livestock and tick control research conducted at 16 special research stations around the state. There are currently more than 200 research projects underway, ranging from small-scale experiments designed to improve on practical problems to fundamental studies aimed at achieving scientific breakthroughs over a wide front.

Many people think agricultural research benefits only the producer. But in actuality, the ultimate beneficiary is always the consumer. Studies show that the overall return for investment in agricultural research is a high-yielding 50 percent. Each dollar invested returns *$1.50* to society.

There are several significant findings from recent experiment station projects including improvements of weapons for the war on ticks.

Not only have researchers already developed ear tags that can control ticks on cattle for a whole season, but new versions also show 100 percent control of face and horn flies. These will be available for commercial propagation as soon as EPA clearances are obtained.

With energy on everyone's mind, OAES researchers have begun looking at ways to perform farm work using natural energy. Studies are underway to derive energy from sun, wind and even organic waste sources. These have been shown useful in drying peanuts and other crops and figures have even been established to show the prices crude oil must reach before these systems are economically feasible.

Horticultural studies have produced a greenhouse completely independent of commercial heating sources, yet void of expensive solar collectors. Construction utilized a common sense, heat-efficient design and the house successfully supported cold-sensitive tomatoes and azaleas through a cold Oklahoma winter.

Development of new crop varieties is still on the list of agronomic research priorities, and OAES and USDA scientists work side by side, sharing knowledge as well as facilities.

This type of research paid off last year as germ plasm was released for both rust resistant and greenbug resistant wheat varieties. Germ plasm for two greenbug-resistant sorghums was also made available to crop breeders. A new insect resistant cotton variety is about to surface, giving the possibility of saving even more of the producer's dollars.

OAES has been instrumental in several major scientific breakthroughs. The greenbug resistant germ plasm was the first of its kind in the world. Experiment station scientists found a way to prevent "stocker syndrome," the mysterious sudden death of young cattle grazing on small grains pastures. The culprit is frothy, foamy bloat and the preventative was a chemical called poloxalene. The first vaccination for anaplasmosis was developed at the Pawhuska Veterinary Medicine Research Station.

Many other success stories are waiting to unfold in the fields and laboratories of OAES and many of the projects could, in time, have a direct bearing on people everywhere.

In the words of one agricultural scientist: "Researchers are like oil drillers, in that they never know if they are five feet from a million dollars, or a million feet from five dollars." His statement sums it up — research must continue.

AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE

Stillwater, Oklahoma

Oklahoma State University can boast the largest student enrollment of any four-year educational institution in the state, but the reach of OSU spans far broader than the 21,000 plus students in classrooms. Through the Agricultural Extension Service, an educational arm of the United States Department of Agriculture as well as OSU, the educational effect of Oklahoma State reaches into every county, truly bearing out the slogan, "The State is Our Campus."

Agricultural Extension is represented by a county staff in each of the 77 counties. The basic mission of these individuals is education, with emphasis on agriculture and rural development, home economics and 4-H and youth development. County staff members have as their first line of support a force of specialized personnel called area agents or program agents who serve several counties.

State Extension specialists, based within departments in the Division of Agriculture at OSU and supported by their departmental co-workers in research and the USDA, assist county and area personnel in analyzing problems, preparing information, and developing programs to solve these problems.

In addition, the state specialists provide a statewide flow of information ranging from publications to field programs, demonstrations and projects.

But there is more to Agricultural Extension in Oklahoma than this statewide force of educators. Backing up their efforts and serving the people of the state are modern soil and water testing programs, a swine evaluation center, a beef cattle testing station, a plant disease diagnostic laboratory, a forage testing facility second to none in the nation, and, perhaps even more important, full and ready access to all research conducted by the Experiment Station in Oklahoma and other such stations in the nation.

Extension's programs are determined by the people who benefit from such programs. Through a unique planning procedure, the people of Oklahoma are given voice in the planning, evaluation and assessment of Extension programs. Problems, needs and improvements, as the people view them, are reported from individuals, communities and counties, through districts and a state organization to Extension project leaders. Programs and plans to serve these indicated needs are developed, and the flow reverses back to the people who voiced their desires.

In addition to the established programs in agriculture, rural development, home economics, and 4-H and youth development, new and current projects of the Oklahoma Extension Service include; a building emphasis on quality forage production and utilization; special emphasis on beef and wheat marketing information of a practical nature which can be used readily by farmers and ranchers; emphasis on the economics of wheat and beef production, including cost and return analyses and alternative comparisons; an integrated pest management for alfalfa, including management for top production; emphasized family-centered budget management within the home; three major thrust areas in Rural Development — community services and facilities, economic and industrial development and finance and local government; a strengthening and broadening of 4-H programs involving career exploration and understanding; emphasis of youth programs for urban youngsters.

Perhaps the key word in Agricultural Extension Service is the last word — Service. Extension does serve people. It serves the nine-year-old girl making a handkerchief for the county fair; the homemaker planning nutritious, cost-saving meals for her family; the young man seeking ways to get into farming; the established farmer or rancher who faces a changing economy; the underprivileged seeking "a hand up;" the community planning a new community center or water supply.

In short, Agricultural Extension serves Oklahoma.

OSU SCHOOL OF TECHNICAL TRAINING
Okmulgee, Oklahoma

Oklahoma State Tech, the Oklahoma State University School of Technical Training, is the leading residential vocational-technical school in the nation. During the two-year period covered by this report Oklahoma State Tech has enjoyed continual growth in enrollment and campus development. Tech's three yearly graduations produce approximately a thousand graduates per year who attract numerous industrial representatives to the campus to interview. The true success of Oklahoma State Tech is evident in the positions its graduates hold in the business world. This year the school enters its thirty-first year of service to students who desire academic excellence in vocational-technial eduation.

Oklahoma State Tech has continued in its growth of student enrollment serving both residents and nonresidents of Oklahoma. The total enrollment of new students for the period Fall trimester 1975 through Summer trimester 1977 was *4,783*. These students truly represent a cross section of our nation. They represent every county in Oklahoma, thirty-seven other states, and thirteen foreign countries. Tech's total enrollment exclusive of duplicates for the period Fall 1975 through Summer 1976 was *4,284* with the enrollment for Fall 1976 through Summer 1977 being *4,105*. During this same period Oklahoma State Tech graduated 1,991 highly skilled craftsmen and technicians.

All major departments on campus function with an industrial advisory committee to correlate industry requirements with Tech's total educational program. In addition Tech has 161 highly qualified instructors with an average of 8.2 years industrial experience and 11 years of teaching experience. This combination, along with well equipped shops and laboratories, is one of the keys to an outstanding post-secondary vocational-technical program.

During the past year general maintenance was completed on several student resident halls. Street and parking lot improvements have included construction of curbs and storm drains. Remodeling has been completed in the Personality Development Laboratory, Business Office, Building Trades Office, Office Training Facility, and the Computer Room. Remodeling of existing facilities has been completed for the Counseling Center, General Education faculty office, General Education classrooms, Shoe, Boot and Saddle laboratory, Audio-Visual facilities, and married student housing.

New construction includes a 720 seat auditorium and adjacent recreation facility rooms which were added to the north end of Covelle Hall. Constrution was in two phases: Bid Contract Work and Student Project Training. In the latter phase, work accomplished by students in the Drafting, Building Trades, Electronics, and Air Conditioning Departments saved construction labor costs estimated at $80,000 and provided excellent educational opportunities. This facility enables Oklahoma State Tech to accommodate 2,000 visitors at a given time during graduations, assemblies, meetings, seminars, and other functions. In addition, construction has begun on a series of single student housing facilities called Garden Residence One. These residence halls will replace some of the World War II buildings.

Perhaps the most rewarding event for the Tech administration and faculty this biennial period was the complimentary report received following the 1975 visit of an evaluation team of the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. Oklahoma State Tech received full and unqualified accreditation with no reevaluation for 10 years, the maximum period permissible.

Oklahoma State Tech registered approximately 14,000 campus visitors during this biennium which represents prospective students, visitors, and prospective employers.

Wayne W. Miller is serving in his 13th year as Director of this branch campus and is also Vice-President of Oklahoma State University.

OSU TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Strategically located in South Central Oklahoma City, the growth of the OSU Technical Institute seems to parallel that of the metropolitan area in which it is located.

Again this year an enrollment record was set when 2,321 persons (896 freshmen, 1,425 sophomores) registered for Fall, 1977, courses. Of this number 1,391 were men and 930 were women. The statistics indicated a 6.57 percent increase in enrollment over the previous year. The Institute granted 250 associate degrees in 1976-77. While most of the graduates go directly into employment situations, an increasing number elect to transfer to other institutions offering the baccalaureate degree.

Full time faculty at the Institute now totals 48. There are 98 part-time instructors. Many of the part-time faculty are currently employed in the particular skill area in which they teach. The student-teacher ratio is 1:20.8.

During the 1976-77 year new faculty were employed in mathematics-science, civil engineering technology, computer programming, electronics technology, and nursing science. Additional staff members were also added to the library, audiovisual, and maintenance force.

A three-year program to train deaf persons was initiated in computer programming and funded by Oklahoma State Vocational Rehabilitation Services. Other new programs approved during the 1976-77 school year included courses in construction technology, technical writing, and refrigeration/air-conditioning technology.

During the same time period, several courses were adapted for computer assisted instruction (CAI). These included remedial courses in mathematics, English and vocabulary. Regular courses in computer programming and fire protection technology were also adapted to CAI.

Several changes were also apparent in the campus' physical plant during the past year. Installation of lighting in all of the parking lots was completed. A newly constructed Police Training Center was occupied in 1976. This facility is used jointly by the Oklahoma City Police Department and the Institute and contains both classrooms and laboratories.

Bonds amounting to $750,000 were approved and sold to provide the major funding source of a new student center. Ground was broken on September 21, 1977, for the facility which will house the bookstore, cafeteria, game rooms, meeting rooms, and lounges. Construction is slated to begin in January, 1978.

CENTRAL STATE UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT BILL J. LILLARD

Edmond, Oklahoma

Central State University, responsive to the higher education needs of the people of Oklahoma, has continued to develop and mature as a comprehensive liberal arts university. Student and community oriented, teaching and service continue to occupy a paramount position in establishing priorities.

In accordance with the recommendations in the Plan for the 70's, the academic program was expanded to meet the needs of students in new and emerging fields of study. The State Regents for Higher Education approved, and Central State University implemented a new degree in Physical Education and two new masters degrees, a M.Ed. in Professional Health Occupations and a M.M.E. in Music Education. Central State University now offers 3 certificate programs, 8 pre-professional programs, 56 bachelor degree programs with 112 options, and 14 master degree programs with 63 options. Central State University, cognizant of the need to continually reassess the existence and recognition of high standards in academic programs, received reapproval of all teacher education programs by the Oklahoma State Department of Education; and the Oklahoma Board of Nurse Registration and Nursing Education accepted and endorsed the Nursing Department's report. Priorities for the coming year include conducting self studies for the periodic visit and assessment by the North Central Accrediting Association and the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education, and studying the feasibility for accreditation by the American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business.

Due to retirements, resignations and reassignments, several administrative positions were filled including Dean of the School of

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Business, Comptroller, Head Football Coach, Native American Counselor, and Administrator of Veterans Affairs. Three positions were filled with Acting Directors: Library Services, Athletics, and Maintenance. New academic department chairpersons were hired for Oral Communications, Home Economics, and Vocational Education. The death of the Vice-President of Student Services, Mr. Alvin Freiberger, left a void which was felt by the entire university. Central State University lost a dedicated and true friend.

In October, The Board of Regents of Oklahoma Colleges approved the establishment of the Central State University Foundation for the purpose of accepting and managing private funds and gifts on behalf of the university. Central State University received from the Kerr Foundation a sizeable grant to increase the power and range broadcasting capacity for KCSC Radio Station which will bring to fruition, in one area, Central State Universitys' recognized responsibility for service to citizenry of Oklahoma.

Central State University experienced a leveling of enrollment with 12,763 students enrolled for fall 1976. The graduate division continued to show the largest increase. Central State University made significant progress in the recruiting of minority students and in the hiring of minority faculty and staff members. We remain dedicated to the spirit and reality of the Affirmative Action process. To be more responsive to the needs of all students and in compliance with federal regulations, an Architectural Barrier Removal Program has been initiated.

The top priorities in capital improvements, paving of parking lots and campus beautification, were continued with the hard surfacing and landscaping of the library parking area. Several areas on campus were landscaped for campus beautification, and a quadrangle recreation area is planned for the area north of the University Center. The heating plant was completely renovated and modernized with a conversion from high pressure to low pressure steam lines. Perma glass covering for a portion of Wantland Stadium seating was installed and appreciably added to the attractivenesss and utility of the stadium. Several campus buildings underwent preventative maintenance as well as major roof repair. Storm windows were added to Evans Hall as an energy conservation measure.

Utility rates and the energy crisis continue to be sources for concern and commitment for future action. An on-site energy conservation survey was conducted, and plans for rectifying problem areas received added emphasis.

Central State University continues to change in breadth and depth from its historical founding to a mature multi-purpose institution of higher education and upholds a commitment to serve the people of Oklahoma. To honor this commitment, emerging needs of the university are evident. Students have expressed, and the university recognizes, the need for a broader program base to encompass the doctorate degree, particularly in the areas of Business Administration and Special Education. Continued growth and overcrowding from past years of growth emphasizes the need for a general purpose classroom building. With the addition of a new classroom building, the older temporary structures could be phased out, enhancing campus beautification.

EAST CENTRAL OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT STANLEY P. WAGNER

Ada, Oklahoma

East Central University continues to have a rapid student expansion with 3,800 students enrolling for the Fall Semester of 1977. This is over ten percent increase compared to last fall, and is the third successive year of comparable growth. Part of this growth is due to the change in programs which were initiated several years ago. In 1969, eighty percent of our students were still choosing teacher education as their prospective career. In 1977 nearly seventy percent of our students are choosing fields other than teacher education, and, thankfully, the Chancellor's Office and the Regents for Higher Education had the foresight to permit us to develop four-year programs which lead to other careers. These are careers in Nursing, Medical Technology, Medical Records, Human Resources, Environmental Science, and other related fields which help to give us uniqueness and efficiency.

Closely related to a number of academic programs is the role East Central University is playing as a resource and model school in the removal of architectural barriers for accessibility to handicapped students. East Central University was one of the first schools in the country to be fully accessible to the physically handicapped. As a result of that, we have several Federal grants which permit us to provide technical information for other schools throughout the country. Experts from our campus have provided detailed analysis of barriers and barrier removal for a number of Oklahoma schools as well. The reputation we have for high accessibility to all categories of physically handicapped has also provided some program development, especially for the blind and deaf or hearing impaired. During the coming year we are planning additional program development in these areas.

The library has undergone substantial change in its approach to provide rapid and extensive information in the non-traditional categories. East Central University has become a member of OCLC which is an "on-line computer type of inter-university hook-up" to permit rapid searches. It will reduce shelving of books from the historical six months to six days. It will provide rapid identification of the location of needed books from across the country.

Another substantial addition to the library was the 19,000 volume (microfiche) Library of American Civilization. This collection contains the most significant volumes out of a total of more than 300,000 titles published in North America up to 1914. Its more than 6,500,000 pages are made up of material on all aspects of American life.

The Media Center for Environmental Sciences employed a new librarian to serve the state in searches on environmental quality. It has also published a new brochure on its organization and work.

NORTHEASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY

INTERIM PRESIDENT ELVIN FITE

Tahlequah, Oklahoma

The faculty and staff of Northeastern Oklahoma State University completed a variety of projects and studies during the 1976-77 academic year which changed or restructured existing programs and policies. Among those which may have a significant effect in future years are an indepth study of the nature and value of extension class offerings, a task force study of the broad area of adult and continuing education, the feasibility of an economic education center at the University, establishment of teaching centers at other locations, in-service training programs for both management and staff, refinement of employment and termination procedures, and a year-long study of the entire field of teacher education in preparation for accreditation visits by representatives from the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education. Extensive curriculum revisions were undertaken to identify and recommend for termination the courses or programs considered to be no longer necessary to the needs of students or the people of Oklahoma.

Enrollments continued to fluctuate between 5,500 and 6,000 during the year, while full-year FTE enrollments declined modestly, reflecting the increasing numbers of individuals seeking part-time educational opportunities. Fifteen counties in northeastern Oklahoma continue to generate over ninety per cent of the total university enrollment.

Graduate enrollments remained stable for the year, while enrollments in the new graduate program in Business Administration almost doubled. Several new programs were developed for study by the Graduate Council.

Students, business, and industry continued to increase their interest in the internship method of study and learning; a new internship program was initiated in the Business Division during midyear.

The College of Arts and Sciences christened a new aquatic laboratory for use primarily on lakes Tenkiller and Fort Gibson and initiated development of a biomedical laboratory. The Fifth Annual Symposium on the American Indian was enthusiastically accepted by a national audience.

New color equipment was introduced in the television studios of the Library/Learning Resources Center, and a new reserve area was created to permit either preview or individual study use of a wide variety of audio-visual materials and equipment.

Faculty continued a host of research studies and activities for in-service growth and continues to mature. The percentage of doctorate degrees increased to 57 per cent for the year, the highest in more than a decade.

NORTHWESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT JOE J. STRUCKLE

Alva, Oklahoma

Northwestern Oklahoma State University ended the 1976-77 school year with greater emphasis on academic performance and fiscal soundness. The University completed its second full year of accomplishments in these areas under the leadership of its president, Dr. Joe Struckle.

The 1976-77 year might well be known as the "Evaluation Year," also. The University's Teacher Education program was given both State and National attention in its evaluation for continued accreditation. The State Department of Education administered its five-year evaluation of all Education programs, both at the Baccalaureate and Master levels, in addition to the National Accreditation Evaluation conducted by the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE). The University expended much time and energy in accomplishing a satisfactory evaluation since full State and National Accreditation means greater recognition of its graduates.

Total enrollment at the University increased slightly; however, the greatest enrollment strength came from adults in Continuing Education and students at the Graduate Level. In fact, over 40 percent of the students graduating in Teacher Education received a Master of Education Degree, and nearly 30 percent of all degrees conferred were at the Graduate Level.

During Dr. Struckle's first full year as president (1975-76), a number of reorganizational plans were implemented, and by the end of his second year of administration many positive accomplishments were obvious. The University's financial condition reflected greater strength and solvency. All accounts were in excellent condition at the end of the year with the exception of the dormitory bonded indebtedness which has been a growing problem over the past five years. Alternative plans are being readied for the crises year, probably 1977-78.

One of the operational aspects of the University that received a great deal of attention during the year was Energy Conservation. The University developed a set of policy guidelines for all faculty and staff employees to follow. Additionally, a complete campus survey was made by a team of professional mechanical engineers for the purpose of recommending immediate and long range modifications to mechanical equipment in order to make such equipment more energy efficient. As a result, a well defined and specified program is now being implemented. Although energy costs are increasing, the utilization of K.W.H. and B.T.U. units are being greatly reduced.

A much larger Freshmen Class this year indicates the reorganized recruitment program activated last year was profound. Greater individualized attention was given high school students in the area as related to scholarships, student financial aid, and general student services.

The academic atmosphere of the University reflected a greater rapport between faculty and student. This perhaps resulted from a more concentrated effort on the part of the collective faculty to place greater emphasis on academic performance. The reorganization of the administrative structure of the University divided the college into five divisions which made for more functional and manageable academic units. Consequently, the academic community was pulled together in a closer working relationship under the Dean of Instruction.

Finally, one of the garden spots in Western Oklahoma is now the campus of Northwestern Oklahoma State University. Considerable attention was given during the year to overall campus improvement and beautification. By augmenting the Maintenance Department Personnel with student help, greater emphasis was placed on the upkeep of the grounds which in turn produced a beautiful campus. The attractiveness of the campus has drawn comments from students, parents, and the Alva community. A beautiful place to live should be a beautiful place to learn.

SOUTHEASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT LEON HIBBS

Durant, Oklahoma

Southeastern Oklahoma State University, a multi-purpose institution, has again maintained a steady rate of increase in enrollment over the previous year. The 1976 fall semester headcount resident enrollment was 4,384 and the total fall semester, 1976, student credit hour enrollment was 48,339. The full-time teaching faculty has remained at approximately the same number for the past three years.

A very exciting program which began in the spring of 1976 and continued during the past school year was that of preparation of a general capabilities presentation about Southeastern. This program consists of both printed materials and slide presentations, and it is believed that business, industry, and community leaders, as well as alumni of Southeastern, are in need of and appreciate the opportunity to have more extensive information about the excellence on campus.

A new program in Social Gerontology, and one which prepares persons as teachers and counselors in many phases of work with the elderly, was approved by the Regents and implemented at the beginning of the past year. The new Master of Administrative Studies Program was approved during the past year for implementation at the beginning of the 1977-78 school year.

A Division of Public Service was added to the School of Business and Industry with the 1976-77 school year. A new department within this Division is the Public Service Programs Department. The Experienced Americans Program within this Department has been of much interest city and county-wide.

Much work was done on new committee structure and faculty governance including a Faculty Appointing Committee which appoints the majority of faculty committee members. There has been increased student participation on committees and a completely revised format for the Faculty Council.

The Biomedical Program for Native Americans, designed to put more Native Americans into health oriented occupations, was renewed with the school year 1976-77.

There was extensive expansion and revision of the Data Processing Center with all new and detailed admission froms to reflect the additional needs for student data for the Regents' Unitized Data Base. Also, with new computer hardware and software, demands of institutional research and reporting can be met more effectively as well as the growing instructional demands.

Enrollment procedures were simplified with the establishment of a centralized enrollment center.

Programs in the area of recreation which were begun in 1975-76 continued to expand during the past school year with recent assumption of operation of a Youth Camp at Lake Texoma.

Construction of Phase Two of the Industrial Education Technology Building was begun during the 1976-77 academic year. This facility, upon completion, will house power mechanics.

SOUTHWESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT LEONARD CAMPBELL
Weatherford, Oklahoma

Southwestern Oklahoma State University, we are pleased to report, is continuing to be blessed with a rise in that "barometer" virtually all educational institutions use in pointing out their successes, enrollment figures.

For the fall 1976 semester our head count reached 5,243, an increase of 282 from the same term the year before and surpassing the

5,000-student mark for the first time since the early 1970's. Of even more importance, because of funding, was the gain of 105 in Southwestern's full-time-equivalent numbers.

It was an interesting and industrious year that ended on June 30, 1977, for people at the University. They, the students, staff and faculty, contributed much of themselves in varied activities while educating and being educated.

The School of Pharmacy and, indeed, much of the University, felt the pressures of preparing for and then undergoing an accreditation visit by a team from the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education. (ACPE). After carefully inspecting all areas of the School — from the curricula to the facilities to the graduates — the ACPE confirmed that Southwestern more than met the requirements for continued accreditation.

Even while Pharmacy was being subjected to close scrutiny by the ACPE, the Division of Teacher Education and Psychology was gearing up for a similar activity coming up in 1977-78 from the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education. Committees and individuals have been at work for months on a self-evaluation study, a pre-visit requirement of the Council.

Teacher Education and Psychology personnel in the spring completed a position paper that was five years in the making. In the thick, information-filled publication, entitled "Experience Based Teacher Education," the Division explains in the greatest detail the University's teacher education program. The paper is described as a "benchmark in the development of an on-going quality program, a point of progress which will give direction to the future, recognition of the past and a reference point for contemporary and later developmental comparisons."

Involved in the past year, too, in a self study was the Department of Home Economics, which is seeking permission to offer a certificate program in Vocational Home Economics Education. The program has received approval from the Professional Standards Board and is now awaiting final consideration by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

State Regents last fall authorized the University to add a Master of Business Administration Degreee program and majors in Computer Science and Nursing leading to bachelor degrees. Implementation of these new areas of study in the fall 1977 semester was expected to attract large numbers of students.

One of the mose popular offerings from the University in recent years has been a series of Metric System seminars conducted by the Division of Teacher Education and Department of Mathematics under a $24,000 federal grant.

In the past year, 17 such seminars for in-service teachers were held in Southwestern Oklahoma public schools, with a total enrollment of 535. Another 1,200 undergraduates were trained on campus in general education mathematics courses.

A grant from the Economic Development Authority has made possible the opening of a University Center of Oklahoma office in the Division of Business. Staffed by a full-time representative, the center operates a consulting service for area business firms, with Division of Business faculty members available as consultants.

The Division has also developed a very strong adjunct educational service program in conjunction with the Small Business Administration. Some 20 students and six professors are involved, without charge, in helping small business firms solve their problems.

Only a year ago, the University was in danger of losing its Army Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC) because of a lack of student participation. Through the diligent efforts of Military Science Department personnel and recruiting by the ROTC cadets themselves, this crisis no longer exists.

Enrollment in the ROTC, as a matter of fact, is aproaching its highest level since the unit was established at Southwestern in 1971.

Honors and other forms of recognition came often during the year to SWOSU undergraduates and new graduates.

The Student Affiliate Chapter of the American Chemical Society was given an "Outstanding" designation for the sixth time in the last 10 years, and for the 10th consecutive year the Phi Beta Lambda business fraternity won a Gold Seal Chapter Award of Merit.

A grand total of 932 degrees were awarded in University Convocation exercises in July 1976 and May 1977. More than one-fourth, 269, of these were Bachelor of Science degrees, and the remaining were: Bachelor of Arts, 72; Bachelor of Arts in Education, 25; Bachelor of Science in Education, 177; Bachelor of Music Education, 19; Bachelor of Science, in Pharmacy, 168; Master of Education, 198; Master of Science, 3; Master of Science in Applied Psychology, 1.

CAMERON UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT DON OWEN

Lawton, Oklahoma

The 1976-77 academic year provided continued progress at Cameron University. At the end of the year the sparkling new Louise D. McMahon Fine Arts Center was almost complete and would be ready for occupancy at the beginning of the 1977 fall term. The new facility will house the Departments of Music, Speech-Drama, and Art. Other physical changes, both on campus and surrounding the campus, were begun or completed.

The maintenance department initiated an extensive program of landscaping that included trees, shrubs, flower beds, hedges, and sidewalk improvements.

The Student Union, including the University Book Store, underwent major renovation and re-arranging and now includes a personalized gift shop.

Major street improvements in the immediate area will have direct bearing on the daily functions of Cameron. The final stages of widening and surfacing of Gore Boulevard were completed. Gore extends the entire length of the campus on the north side and is the main traffic artery to downtown Lawton. Similar widening and surfacing of 38th Street on the west and of Lee Boulevard on the south should provide a smooth flow of traffic throughout the campus. The American Association of Choral Directors has acquired a building site on the west campus and will move their national headquarters here as soon as their building is complete. Construction should begin soon.

Enrollment figures at Cameron showed another healthy increase from last year's numbers. Fall enrollment was 5,582 and the spring semester showed 5,538.

Academically, the most significant development was in the Business Department. The General Business Degree was divided into two separate areas of concentration and, for the first time, Bachelor of Science Degrees were offered in Business Administration and in Accounting.

The computer service was expanded and now provides remote services to the various departments throughout the campus. All enrollment is now on the computer.

In what could have significant long-range effect at Cameron, the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company began construction of a multi-million dollar tire factory in Lawton which will employ some 1,500 workers. This development could not only boost enrollment substantially, but also create new functions of service to the community for the university to assume.

The Federal Aviation Agency and the Oklahoma Department of Institutions and Rehabilitation, who have maintained space on the campus for a number of years, renewed contracts with Cameron for another year. Their presence on the campus continues to be a most satisfactory arrangement. The Federal Aviation Agency students have established a scholarship fund for Cameron students. It is administered by the University's Financial Aids Department and has grown to well over $50,000.00 during the year.

The student governing body on campus was very active and assumed an even more prominent role in establishing policy that affects the welfare of students. Students are voting members of virtually every internal committee on campus.

LANGSTON UNIVERSITY

INTERIM PRESIDENT ERNEST L. HOLLOWAY

Langston, Oklahoma

The history of Langston University reveals that it has provided educational excellence with limited resources for thousands of Black students since its founding. The administration and faculty, sensitive to educational trends and to the needs of a changing student body, have concentrated on incorportating innovative teaching techniques, building physical facilities, and adding instrutional programs and services which will be attractive to different groups of the population.

Today, Langston University bases its plan for future development and expansion on the needs of its student body, trends in higher education, and the recommendations made in the report of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, "Oklahoma Higher Education, A Plan for the 1970's" (1971), and the mid-decade review of that plan made in 1975 and published in the June, 1976, issue of *The Oklahoma Higher Education Report* (see "Special Purpose Universities," Vol. 2, No. 10, p. 4). The latter report re-affirms the belief expressed in 1971 that Langston University, as the former institution for Blacks in Oklahoma, should now "broaden its role to render greater service to all those within its geographic area." It continues: "Also, Langston University has been challenged to develop the kind of curriculum and instructional techniques that will be sensitive to variations of learning styles, attitudes, cultural backgrounds, and social aspirations of different groups in the population, both majority and minority."

Langston University has continued to improve and expand its curriculum and its academic facilities. Talkback Television and the student-operated radio station, KALU-FM, are the most recent additions. These facilities, as well as the Learning Resources Center, the Melvin B. Tolson Black Heritage Center, and the Computer Center, are very useful additions to the traditional academic facilities. Innovative programs, as exemplified by the Interdisciplinary Studies Program, the Cooperative Education Program, the Technical Occupational Program, and the Teacher Corps Program, illustrate the positive steps taken by Langston University to meet the needs of "different groups in the population," as recommended by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education. These new programs and facilities are a reflection of the direction taken by Langston University during the past decade and that she will continue to take into the 1980's.

Langston University has continually improved the academic preparation of faculty and staff by recruiting persons whose professional and experiential backgrounds qualify them to perform the specific tasks to which they are to be assigned. This procedure makes it possible for the University to recruit persons whose beliefs and practices give direction to an academic program capable of achieving desired institutional goals and objectives.

The ultimate goal of the University is to enhance the learning environment by providing for the social, emotional, and spiritual development of students as well as enhancing their educational development. In order to accomplish this goal, the following are some of the immediate and long-range plans which include provisions for making necessary renovations, constructing additional facilities and making environmental improvements:

One-hundred percent barrier-free facilities. (Installation of railings, ramps, and elevators to accommodate the physically handicapped students, staff and faculty); up-grading the physical appearance of the University, which entails reconstruction of streets, sidewalks, roads, and doing some landscaping; improvement of the entire central heating and air conditioning systems; construction of a physical plant facility to include garage parking for all University motor vehicles (security, fire, buses, ambulance, and automobiles); strengthening the following collections in the library: reference, periodicals, African, and audio-visual.

Langston University has recently undergone an extensive evaluation procedure by a Blue Ribbon Task Force, two consultants and the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The North Central Association has given Langston University a full ten-year cycle of accreditation without reservation. The awarding of this accreditation rating attests the quality of the programs at Langston University.

OKLAHOMA PANHANDLE STATE UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT THOMAS L. PALMER

Goodwell, Oklahoma

Panhandle State University has a well trained and dedicated faculty. Of the full time instructors on the faculty, 19 have their doctorates; 41 master's; and 10 the bachelor's. Eight of the ten with the bachelor's degree are staff in the Military Science Department. Of the part time faculty, 4 have the doctorate; 1 has a Bachelor of Divinity; 2 have the master's; and 2 have the bachelor's degree.

Several curricular changes were made during the 1976-77 academic year. Fourteen new courses were added to the curriculum, six courses were dropped and one new bachelor's degree program in Agronomy-Crop Insurance was added. In May 1977, 141 students completed a baccalaureate degree in seventeen different fields. There were 12 in Agronomy; 16 in Animal Science; 19 in Elementary Education; 12 in Health and Physical Education; 12 in Accounting; 8 in Industrial Arts; 3 in Business Education; 13 in Business Administration; 15 in Home Economics; 3 in Mathematics; 1 in Music Education; 5 in Psychology; 4 in English; 5 in Social Studies; 5 in Biology; 2 in Technology; and 6 in Speech. One of the most significant occurances in academic affairs the past year was the accreditation of our teacher education program by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education. Accreditation was granted for preparing Elementary and Secondary Teachers for the baccalaureate degree level for a period of five years ending September 1, 1981. With this action by National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education, the institution is fully accredited. Panhandle State University had previously received a ten year accreditation by North Central Association of Colleges and Schools which expires in 1985. Our teacher education programs have been accredited by the Oklahoma State Department of Education until 1979. Financial Aids for students from university based programs amounted to $51,630.00 during 1976-77. This included $31,050.00 in National Student Defense Loans, $12,600.00 in Student Educational Opportunity Grants, and $7,980.00 in Work-Study. To the above total there were 212 recipients for Basic Educational Opportunity Grants with a total value of $154,944.00. Institutional scholarships, loans, fee waivers, and student labor amounted to $284,858.00. Students also received aid from the Panhandle State Foundation, the private fund raising arm of Panhandle State University. Eighty-two students were awarded scholarship assistance in the average amount of $270.00 from foundation funds.

One of the greatest needs at Panhandle State University is funding of a capitol improvement program. Many of the buildings are rather old and need renovating and refurbishing in order to extend their natural life and to meet the needs of a changing curriculum. It seems a rather poor business practice to provide the initial capitol investment for educational buildings and then fail to provide adequate funds to maintain them in a desirable condition.

UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND ARTS OF OKLAHOMA

PRESIDENT ROY TROUTT

Chickasha, Oklahoma

The 1976-77 academic year at the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma can be described as a period of evaluation and stabilization under a new administrative structure adopted in 1975-76. The evaluation, prepared in part for a North Central Evaluation team provided an opportunity to examine strengths and more clearly define areas which needed to be strengthened within the University.

The North Central team, in granting continued accreditation, concurred with the University staff in its self-appraisal. The team commended the University on the progress made toward meeting institutional goals. Specifically cited as areas of strengths were: improvements in national recruiting of new faculty; demonstrated leadership of administration and faculty in the instructional domain; commitment of the local community and University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Board of Regents to institutional goals; improvements in student services; developments in recruiting students with talent and academic skills; improved alumni relation; and a demonstration of faculty motivation and commitment.

At the same time, the North Central Association team recommended that increased emphasis be given to the development of a statewide base of community of scholars from among the state's more academically able high school students, and the improvement and upgrading of campus facilities.

The stabilization during this period was in part attributable to improved lines of communication through the President/Staff and President/Faculty forums, a publication of a weekly newsletter "Excerpts," the restructuring of standing committees and a series of faculty development seminars. These activities, combined with weekly administrative council sessions, bi-weekly academic council meetings of department chairs and the academic dean, along with strengthened faculty and student associations, have provided a positive environment for stable and progressive academic growth.

The "community of scholars" concept was enhanced by awarding over 150 scholarships to some of the state's brightest young people through University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Presidential, Service and Talent scholarship programs. Extensive renovation of the residence halls, cafeteria, and bookstore has provided an attractive and more comfortable environment for all students. The University completed other renovations, primarily in the area of re-roofing buildings through revenues generated by a producing oil well on the University farm.

The center for student development, with additional personnel, more clearly defined its role within the University structure during the year. The center provides counseling services in all areas of personal concern and is active in the development of all non-academic fuctions of student life within the University Community.

University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma again received a significant increase in budget which permitted expanded services to students through increased instructional equipment. The University continues to make significant strides toward fulfilling its functions of specialized programming in the area of innovative liberal arts education.

THE OKLAHOMA COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE AND SURGERY

PRESIDENT JOHN BARSON

Tulsa, Oklahoma

For the Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery, 1976-77 was marked by a series of firsts. In May the College received notice of full accreditation. In August the first graduating class of physicians were honored in ceremonies at Tulsa. At the College's initial commencement ceremonies, Dr. John Barson was formally installed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education as the first president of the College.

The 1976-77 academic year was the third full year of operation and the College experienced growth in all areas of operation. Significant progress was made in campus development, student enrollment, refinement of academic programs, and employment of qualified faculty and staff. Perhaps the most dramatic development was the occupancy of a new 16.1 acre campus — completed almost six months ahead of schedule — on the westbank of the Arkansas River across from downtown Tulsa. Classes first met at the new campus in January, 1976. The facility consists of three interconnected building elements and makes use of innovative energy-saving design elements. Financing for the campus was obtained through a $4,465,000 construction assistance grant from the U.S. Public Health Service and $1.5 million HERO Bond funds allocated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

On July 1, 1976, student enrollment increased 25.5 percent with a new class of 76 students. The College encourages enrollment of students with specific interests in general practice and gives preference to applicants who are Oklahoma residents.

During this year, the College emphasized development of its academic program with major attention given to establishment of clinical teaching experiences. The College signed affiliation agreements with seven community hospitals for predoctoral study and three agreements concerning postgraduate training. These supplement the eight hospitals throughout the state currently affiliated with the College and providing clinical training.

The primary care teaching program was enhanced with the opening of a second site at Helena. A similar program has operated for some time at Vici. The primary care teaching programs were established with the aid of a Special Project Grant from the U.S. Public Health Service.

The Bureau of Professional Education of the American Osteopathic Association, recognized by the U.S. Office of Education as the official accrediting agency for colleges of osteopathic medicine, granted the College full accreditation based on a final comprehensive survey in May, 1977. The accreditation evaluation included consideration of annual data collected by the Bureau during the past four years.

In addition to support derived from the allocated Educational and General Part I Budget for fiscal year 1976-77, the College received developmental support from federal agencies in the form of a Health Professions Capitation Grant, Health Professions Special Project Grant for Primary Care Instruction, Health Professions Special Grant for Preceptorship Training, Start-Up Assistance Grant, and Student Work-Study Program.

This year the College achieved the primary goal for which it was established — preparing general practitioners to meet the health care needs of Oklahoma. Considerable credit for the rapid and economic achievement of this objective should be accorded the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, which governs the institution. With their continued guidance and support, the College confidently enters into continued development for growth and service to Oklahoma.

CARL ALBERT JUNIOR COLLEGE

PRESIDENT JOE E. WHITE

Poteau, Oklahoma

The 1976-77 fiscal year was another year of growth for Carl Albert Junior College. The growth was most obvious in enrollment. Carl Albert ranked near the top in percentile enrollment of all state supported colleges in the fall with 26.6 percent increase in headcount.

It was also near the peak in the spring with an increase of 29.4 over the spring of 1976. The headcount, 1,375, showed an increase of 312 students over the 1,063 of spring of 1976. The full-time equivalent (F.T.E.) student count showed a 15.5 percent increase when comparing the 781 for spring of 1977 to the 676 for spring of 1976. The spring 1977 F.T.E. also increased 133 over the fall semester.

The summer semester, which showed an increase of 162 students over summer of 1976, marked the ninth straight semester that the enrollment has grown spectacularly. Carl Albert has ranked second in percentile growth for increases in the last five years with a 168.5 percent increase. It has ranked third in F.T.E. percentile growth with a 97 percent increase.

The college personnel enjoyed the experience of teaching in the McCurtain County Higher Learning Center, where Carl Albert taught 6 courses in the fall and 11 courses in the spring.

The growth was further assisted by an enhanced community service program which served a total of 798 students throughout the year. The hiring of a director of community service improved that program and also enhanced the supervision of the night program.

Increased visibility also contributed to the growth. The community has become more aware of the college due to a multiplicity of activities which were held on the campus.

The institution's physical plant has also grown considerably with 150 new parking spaces, a new foyer which connects the gym to the union, 10 new offices, new seating in the gym, new booths in the snack bar, and improvements throughout each building.

The greatest addition to the physical plant is a new building which will be built with funds of $250,000 alloted by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and another $65,000 granted by the Public Works Authority. The building will add approximately

8,000 square feet of classroom space and should be completed for fall of 1978.

The curriculum grew with the addition of several new programs and course offerings including speech-drama, women's varsity basketball, emergency medical training, and early childhood care. Ten new professional employees were hired and the auxiliary staff was increased to meet the needs of the additional students.

The college has grown closer to North Central accreditation by completing a self-study and by creating several standing committees to continually evaluate the college's progress. The college is annually accredited by the State Regents for Higher Education and maintains candidate status with the North Central Association of Schools and Colleges.

Morale has continued to improve under the relatively new administration, and there is every indication that the college will continue to grow in student enrollment, in reputation, in professional employees, in physical plant, in curriculum, and in ability to meet its objectives, to serve its clientele and to be a valid part of the Oklahoma higher education system.

CLAREMORE JUNIOR COLLEGE

PRESIDENT RICHARD H. MOSIER

Claremore, Oklahoma

Claremore Junior College, authorized by the first Oklahoma State Legislature in 1907 as the Eastern University Preparatory School, completed its sixth year as a comprehensive two-year state supported institution of higher education during the 1976-77 academic year.

The major emphasis for the year was on the development of activities and projects designed to improve the college's ability to serve the expressed needs and wishes of students and the citizens of the area.

The student scholarship program and the financial aids program for students were expanded and improved through private contributions under the leadership of the Board of Directors of the Claremore College Foundation.

With grant funds from the U.S. Office of Education, a program of Cooperative Education, which involved more than 184 students by year's end in a work-learn relationship between the student, local businesses, and industry, and the college, was implemented.

The varsity sports program was improved for both women and men, and plans were made for further improvement as Mr. Ken Trickey was employed at mid-year as Director of Athletics and head men's basketball coach. With a boost from funds and services contributed by local citizens, the college field house was redecorated, and plans made to put it in shape to handle a basic quality program.

To better serve the unserved, two minority counselor/recruiters were employed, and in cooperation with Rogers County Youth Services, a youth shelter to provide a place for youth in need to stay for short lengths of time was developed in one of the campus houses.

The college day care center was remodeled, and its capacity expanded to 50 pre-school children of students, staff, and working mothers. The college residence halls were re-decorated and re-plumbed, and campus lighting and parking improved and expanded.

A three member Management Evaluation Team, representing professional managers from business and industry in Rogers and Tulsa Counties, was invited to campus to critically evaluate the administration of the college. As a result, practices and procedures were changed to become more effective and the planning abilities of the administrative staff were sharpened.

The fall enrollment was a record 1759 students in credit hour courses, and an additional 11,393 persons were enrolled and/or participated in non-credit and community service programs during the year.

At year's end the dilapidated and inadequate facilities continued to be the major limiting factor in the ability of the college to render educational services to an ever increasing number of people in the area. Campus facilities continued to require large amounts of operational monies because of deteriorated inefficient conditions. Rapidly rising energy costs and larger than projected enrollments forcefully dramatized the need for major campus renovation. People from the service area were again discouraged because of a lack of adequate instructional space and equipment.

CONNORS STATE COLLEGE

PRESIDENT MELVIN SELF
Warner, Oklahoma

Connors State College has experienced a leveling off of enrollments. Projections for the future are somewhat uncertain because of restrictions against serving students adjacent to but not directly on campus.

Parking lots have been built, curbs have been constructed and sidewalks have been installed, all of which were to have been a part of priority ten of the "non-structural improvements" of our Master Plan which was not funded. These improvements were funded from the Educational and General Operating Budget but blacktopping and additional curbs and gutters are still needed.

A new roof has been installed on the administration building, a new greenhouse has been built to facilitate the teaching of Horticulture and a new computer has been purchased to update our record processing and reporting.

The college has experienced an improved teacher-pupil ratio by reducing it from 36 in 1975-76 to 28 in 1976-77. The over-all enrollment has remained fairly constant by including the Muskogee enrollment but would increase sharply if we were allowed to operate freely and to be able to finance those operations as we do on campus.

The college continues to operate in a responsible manner. Sound fiscal policies have been prescribed by the Board of Regents for the Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges and under those policies we have operated in a manner which reflects fiscal responsibility. The institution has remained fully solvent in all accounts.

The college still maintains the cheapest cost of operation of any college in the state including auxiliary services of board and room.

Additional married student housing has been completed bringing the total of faculty and married student housing units to 82 with an appraised value of $400,000. These units have been rented at a minimum cost in order to serve students of low economic backgrounds but sufficient to cover all costs of operation and debt services. With the gradual shift from resident living to commuter attendance, additional units will be needed soon.

EASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE

PRESIDENT JAMES M. MILLER

Wilburton, Oklahoma

During the 1976-77 school year, Eastern Oklahoma State College experienced a growth in enrollment with a continued strength in adult and evening classes.

Eastern was authorized to participate, along with Carl Albert Junior College and Southeastern Oklahoma State University, in providing instruction at the McCurtain County Higher Education Center in Idabel. Eastern was also authorized to handle the Child Development Program in Idabel.

Eastern continues to update and revise courses in every division; to include Animal Husbandry, Meats Science, Art, Electrical Engineering Technology, Mathematics, Music, and Social Sciences.

We added three courses in Criminal Justice through the Adult and Continuing Education program; and restructured the Early Child Care Program and changed the title to Child Development Program.

Eastern prepared for and received an evaluation from the North Central Accreditation. We received notification of the continuance of our accreditation with the next review scheduled in ten years.

We were evaluated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education in the area of Technical Education.

The academic ability of our student body seems to increase each year. We stress the philosophy of expecting responsible standards from our students and rely heavily on the students and their selected representatives to maintain these standards. The philosophy has been met with considerable success, thanks to stable student leaders.

Faculty salaries have increased from an annual salary for 9-10 month faculty of $13,265 in 1976-777 to $14,212 in 1977-78.

Repairs and replacements necessitated by the tornado of December, 1975 were completed.

Eastern Oklahoma State College continues to be a service institution for eastern Oklahoma.

EL RENO JUNIOR COLLEGE

PRESIDENT BILL S. COLE

El Reno, Oklahoma

El Reno Junior College has continued to grow, develop, and mature as a state junior college. Enrollments have increased; new programs and courses have been approved and implemented; additional staff has been employed; and plans for future expansions have been developed.

The activity receiving the greatest amount of attention during 1976-77 has been the "Self-Study" necessary for North Central Accreditation. A North Central consultant, Dr. Dwight Davis, Vice-President of Academic Affairs at Joliet Junior College is conducting the study to assist the college. Although the study has not been finalized, almost one year and the concentrated effort of the whole staff has been directed to this project. Upon completion (anticipated date, December, 1977) the Self-Study will be submitted to the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools with the request to be considered for accreditation in 1978.

Student services have been expanded and extended. A full-time Psychometrist/Counselor was employed and has established a testing program for the college. The entire Student Services program has been extended to include evening office hours for the Dean, Counselor, Director of Financial Aids, and Registrar which has enabled evening students to receive these services on a more equitable basis. College-Work Study and the Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant programs were added to the existing financial aid program. A follow-up study of former students and alumni over the past five years was conducted by the Student Services Staff.

A two-year program in Law-Enforcement was implemented in addition to several new courses. A Developmental Program was formalized and prepared for implementation in the Fall, 1977. A divisional structure consisting of four instruction divisions was established.

Divisional *chairpersons* were appointed. The full-time instructional staff increased from 15 to 22. Part-time responsibilities in Public Relations and Institutional Research were identified and assigned for the first time.

An intensive study of institutional data collection, record keeping, and reporting was accomplished. Subsequently, recommendations for a machine data processing system were submitted and approved for implementation in the fall, 1977.

Enrollments increased and decreased at the same time. Headcount enrollment increased from 760 in the Fall, 1975, to 825 in the Fall, 1976, however, F.T.E. remained almost constant but decreased slightly from 649 to 642. Enrollment in non-credit short courses continued to increase rapidly since this year was the first full year for the program to operate. Approximately 750 people enrolled in these courses compared with the previous year of just over 300.

Partial funding for Phase I construction of a physical education facility with classrooms and offices was provided through a $400,000 allocation by the State Regents in June, 1977.

MURRAY STATE COLLEGE

PRESIDENT CLYDE R. KINDELL

Tishomingo, Oklahoma

The major emphasis of Murray State College during this reporting period has been the continued development of the institution into a more comprehensive two-year college commensurate with the assigned functions prescribed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education:

To provide a comprehensive two-year post-secondary educational program to serve the needs of residents of the South Central Oklahoma counties of Atoka, Bryan, Carter, Coal, Garvin, Johnston, Love, Marshall, Murray, and Pontotoc; to provide an educational program which gives predominant emphasis to technical and occupational education; to provide a program of general education which will enable students to develop the attitudes, knowledge, qualities, and skills necessary for them to be effective as a person, a family member, and a citizen; to provide educational programs of two years or less for students who plan to transfer into baccalaureate and professional programs at senior colleges and universities; to provide a program of education for youth and adults whose previous educational experiences have not prepared them for achievement at the collegiate level; to provide guidance and counseling services for all students; to provide community services to improve the cultural, economic, and social environment of the area served by the college.

During this reporting period, the College has experienced a stabilizing enrollment of approximately 1,400 students. This enrollment level continues to confirm the results of recent improvements in our curriculum, expanded educational services, and improvements of our physical facilities.

A baseball field was completed and a Bicentennial monument to Murray State College War Dead was dedicated during this period. Educational television services have expanded to provide opportunities for area citizens to become better informed on government issues.

During the next reporting period, the Veterinary Technician Program will be implemented, the Campus Master Plan will be updated, and a fish and game cleaning facility for students will be erected. Continued emphasis will be placed on improving the instructional program to provide better educational services to our students.

NORTHEASTERN OKLAHOMA A&M COLLEGE

PRESIDENT D. D. CREECH

Miami, Oklahoma

The year 1976-77 was a year of accreditation visits for Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College. The North Central Association's visiting team was on campus in April, 1977. Following their visit and subsequent committee decisions, the college has been notified of full accreditation by the North Central Association, with the next visitation set for 1987.

In March, 1977, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education's Technical-Occupational Team evaluated twenty-five occupational programs. Twenty-one programs were recommended for continuation, while four programs were recommended for reconstruction or discontinuation. Two of these four programs have had a complete curriculum revision and have been re-designed, while the other two have been discontinued.

In April, 1977, the Oklahoma Board of Nurse Registration and Nursing Education conducted a survey visit of our Associate Degree Nursing Program. Following the visit and subsequent meetings, the nursing program has been fully accredited for another year; however, there continues to be a real concern with the inadequate space available for the nursing program. For a period of four years, the college has recognized the inadequacy of space and is continuing to search for funds to build a new nursing facility.

An area of the Library/Administration Building was remodeled to include office space for Counselors and the Housing Director. The addition of this new space enabled the college to place all of the Student Services in the same general area and greatly improved the availability to students.

Housing was again filled in 1976-1977 with more than one hundred percent occupancy at the beginning of the school term. The finances of the Housing System continue to be in superior condition.

The Phase II remodeling of the old gymnasium and construction of tennis courts were completed. The tennis court funds were matched with funds available from the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation. The completion of these two projects has greatly improved facilities for student recreation on the campus.

One of the major advancements in curriculum revisions was the updating of the Child Development Program to include two full-time instructors and four Child Care Laboratory sections. Students are able to complete their Child Development Association Credentials. The installation of a closed circuit television in the Child Development Laboratory for the observation of children was completed. There has also been an increased emphasis to serve Oklahoma Head Start teachers in Northeast Oklahoma Head Start agencies in their pursuit of Child Development Association credential training.

The Learning Resources Center added 2,892 volumes and installed an electronic detection system which makes it possible to circulate openly audiotutorial and other materials.

The faculty and staff participate in in-service programs designed to update skills necessary for maintenance and improvement of strong instruction. Institutional research and follow-up studies were done to enable the college to better meet the varied educational needs of its students. This continuous process — improvment of instruction — provides an exciting challenge.

NORTHERN OKLAHOMA COLLEGE

PRESIDENT EDWIN E. VINEYARD

Tonkawa, Oklahoma

The affairs of Northern Oklahoma College are in order and the institution is progressing. The validity of this statement is attested by a number of prominent indicators.

The enrollment of the college continued its steady recovery from an earlier post-draft decline. A record was set for headcount and the previous FTE enrollment record was closely approached. The institution's service to minorities is demonstrated by a surge in numbers of Indian students. Northern enrolls more Black and Indian students than their presence proportionally in the service area population.

The faculty has been busily engaged in the preparation of a Self-Study report for an accreditation visit by the North Central Association in the fall. This has been motivation for a number of minor changes and improvements which help to streamline institutional operations. A high degree of professionalism and esprit de corps has been shown by the staff as they work together.

Although the budget has been tight, and thus somewhat restrictive of operations in some new areas such as community services, the institution finished the year solvent in all accounts. Considering enrollment growth, the college had fewer dollars per student than two years earlier. Rapid increases in utility costs produced budget deficits which had to be balanced by cuts elsewhere. The bond indenture accounts continue in a healthy condition.

Two research surveys conducted during the year showed the college was held in high regard by area citizens and by its own graduating sophomores. A survey of employers of graduates revealed a strong endorsement of their level of preparation.

OSCAR ROSE JUNIOR COLLEGE

PRESIDENT JOE LEONE

Midwest City, Oklahoma

In the fiscal year covered in this report, July 1, 1976, through June 30, 1977, Oscar Rose Junior College made significant academic program and personnel changes and accreditation accomplishments. We also experienced enrollment increases; began construction of an Administration Building; completed renovation and dedicated a three-story building to be used for specialized classroom and office space; implemented the State Training Center for Wastewater Technicians; were awarded a contract for a Management Training Center program funded as a higher education cooperative effort; and dedicated the Paris Road extension to Interstate 40, thus fulfilling a long-range plan for the College.

Oscar Rose Junior College is an accredited institution of higher education with the North Central Association of Colleges and Universities. In addition, during fiscal year 1977, specialized self-studies and site visits were conducted for vocational-technical programs, two allied Health programs, and one Business program. As results of these activities, the American Bar Association granted accreditation to the Legal Assistant program in August of 1976; Medical Laboratory Technology continues its accreditation by the American Medical Association; and Dietetic Tehnology received accreditation from the American Dietetic Association in March, 1977.

The comprehensiveness of our curricula has proven to be appropriate in meeting the needs of the individuals in the College Service Area. Two new degree programs, Dental Laboratory Technology and Histologic Technology, received approval during fiscal year 1977 and are to be implemented during the spring semester of 1978. Additional program requests submitted for a Dental Assistant program and a Registered Nursing Conversion program were designed to continue our comprehensive student academic services.

Collegiate enrollments increased to 8,054 students in the fall 1976 semester and to 8,091 students in the spring 1977 semester, thus maintaining our rank as the fourth largest institution of higher education in the State of Oklahoma in terms of collegiate headcount enrollments. To effectively handle these enrollment increases, 10 full-time faculty positions were added, bringing the full-time faculty to 125 for the spring 1977 semester compared to 115 a year earlier. The combined teaching loads of all faculty, full-time and part-time, resulted in a full-time teaching equivalency of 179.3 instructors as compared to 172.3 instructors in fiscal year 1976. Each FTE instructor was assigned an equated teaching load of thirty semester credit hours during the academic year, thus producing a total of approximately 180,000 student-credit hours.

Interagency and interinstitutional cooperation and effort over a period of several months resulted in Oscar Rose Junior College's receiving a contract from the United States Air Force, Oklahoma City Air Logistics Center, for a Management Training Center program for selected civilian and military personnel from Tinker Air Force Base. This five-year training program was funded as a higher education cooperative effort under the supervision of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

In fiscal year 1976, the College purchased the Universe Building, which became the Health/Environmental Sciences Building. This building was renovated in fiscal year 1977 and now houses six Allied Health academic programs, the State Training Center for Oklahoma's Wastewater Technicians, and the Management Training Center for Tinker Air Force Base personnel. As a result of the purchase of this building and the adjoining approximately 13 acres and of the cooperation of the City of Midwest City and Oklahoma County, Paris Road was extended to Interstate 40, thus providing direct access from I-40 to the College campus, a long-range goal and a significant accomplishment for the future development of the College.

Oscar Rose Junior College appreciates the local and state support provided in the past and looks forward to continued cooperative relationships upon entering its eighth year of service as a public institution of higher education.

SEMINOLE JUNIOR COLLEGE

PRESIDENT ELMER TANNER

Seminole, Oklahoma

The period covered for this report is from July 1, 1976 through June 30, 1977. It was a period of continued development for Seminole Junior College as the student body increased to an full-time-equivalent of 1,225.

The faculty continued to improve with three of the original faculty earning doctoral degrees and the college was able to employ three additional instructors with doctoral degrees.

The college moved into the new David L. Boren Library, which houses the library, the media center, and space for community services. The project of beautifying the college continued with the development of a mall in the center of the campus and four-laning the highway in front of the college, which eliminated a serious traffic problem.

The Seminole Junior College Womens' Basketball Team, again, reached the finals of the National Junior College Womens' Tournament, only to lose in the last seconds to finish second to the National Champions from Texas.

Again, the Seminole Chamber of Commerce raised approximately $18,000 for scholarships, and in the eight years over $90,000 of such scholarships have gone to area students.

The State Regents for Higher Education allocated $400,000 to the college for an additional classroom building to house our vocational technical programs.

The community continued to use the college facilities with over 10,000 people using the college for various activities.

Seminole Junior College is appreciative of the local and state support provided in the past and look forward to this continued cooperative relationship. The Seminole Junior College Board of Regents passed a Resolution naming the Student Union the E. T. Dunlap Student Union in honor of the Chancellor for Higher Education. They also passed a Resolution naming the Music Building the Milt Phillips Music Building in honor of the local newspaper publisher for his efforts in developing the college.

The school year 1977-78 will be a challenge to the administration, faculty, and student body as it continues to grow.

SOUTH OKLAHOMA CITY JUNIOR COLLEGE

PRESIDENT DALE L. GIBSON

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

South Oklahoma City Junior College came of age in 1976-77 and no longer can be thought of as the immature adolescent in the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education. It was a year which prepared the college to shoulder its portion of the responsibility that is placed on each and every institution of higher learning in the state. Some of the many marks of a mature institution which were recognized were: accreditation by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools for a period of five years; accreditation for the Associate Degree Nursing Program through the National League for Nursing for a period of eight years; serving as host for one of the most successful meetings ever held of the OACJC; establishment of outreach programs into the community such as OASES (Open Access Satellite Educational Services) and Community Service centers in surrounding communities and sections of the city; becoming the third largest community junior college in the state of Oklahoma, surpassed only by Oscar Rose Junior College and Tulsa Junior College; authorization from the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education for nine new programs, a credit to the Career Development personnel since the majority of these programs are in the heavier technologies.

These are only a few of the outward signs of this institution taking its place in the state system. However, there also have been many internal marks to measure maturity. Some of these were: various studies which have been going on all year including the mastery learning and grading system, developmental studies, the role of general education, and studies and monographs done by the Planning and Development office on students' progress and graduates and non-degree students to evaluate the product this college is placing on the market; the real beginnings, although still in the embryo stage, of a student activities program; the re-assessment and re-evaluation of the counselors and their role within the institution; a very well organized and planned systems approach to articulation with transfer institutions and an active articulation program with area high schools; an excellent job has been done in the on-going programs of fiscal affairs and maintenance of the institution; a continuous effort of those involved has produced a near perfect audit while maintaining attractive physical facilities; efforts on the part of the faculty and other members of the staff to develop a much better working relationship with the Board of Regents which has paid rich dividends in concern for faculty welfare, programming, and overall general campus welfare.

There are many other things which could be mentioned. These are only a few.

TULSA JUNIOR COLLEGE

PRESIDENT ALFRED M. PHILIPS

Tulsa, Oklahoma

Tulsa Junior College began its seventh year of operation in August, 1976, with a record enrollment of 7,138 students, an increase of 15.7 percent over the previous year. As in past years the College operated on an extended schedule including Saturday operation. The majority of students in attendance were employed (85 percent) on a full or part-time basis; and the average student age was 26.2 years.

The College is organized instructionally into six divisions: Business Services, Communications Services, Cultural and Social Services, Life Sciences and Health Services, Nursing, and Physical Sciences and Engineering Technologies. All credit programs and courses, both university parallel and technical-occupational, are assigned to one of the instructional divisions.

During the 1976-77 school year, the College offered 43 technical-occupational programs in areas such as computer services, health, management/business, police science, fire protection, and office science. These programs are evaluated each semester by advisory committees composed of people from business and industry and TJC faculty and staff, as a means of keeping program curricula relevant to community and student needs. Forty-seven percent, or over 3,300, of the total student enrollment in credit programs was in the technical-occupational area.

The Special Programs area which provides non-credit community interest courses, averaged 2,107 students during each semester. Community interest in these avocational, business-related, and skill training courses remain high. The tuition paid by students enrolled in these programs pays for instruction. Some of these classes are taught at the Metro Campus, others in locations around the city, and a large number in public school facilities in the evenings in several communities surrounding Tulsa.

Counseling and advising of students is an important part of the daily operation of the College. Counseling services were augmented with two new computerized career guidance systems to assist students in career selection. The System of Interactive Guidance and Information (SIGI) and Guidance Information System (GIS) provide information on occupations along with the means of comparing personal career values to the values essential to success in a variety of careers.

The primary concern of Tulsa Junior College is, and always has been, meeting community and student needs for higher education. This concern becomes the objective of each new year.

Tulsa Junior College looks ahead to a very successful eighth year of operation.

WESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE

PRESIDENT W. C. BURRIS

Altus, Oklahoma

During the 1976-77 Fiscal Year, Western Oklahoma State College has followed the growth pattern begun when the college became a state institution in 1970 and demonstrated continuing progress toward providing its students with quality educational programs and services.

College enrollments continued to escalate in 1976-77. The 1976 summer student enrollment increased to 789, a 59.4 percent gain over the summer of 1975. The 1976 fall enrollment climbed to 1,552 students, a 19 percent increase over fall, 1975. Spring, 1977 registration set another high of 1,612, a 12 percent increase over spring, 1976.

To support the growing student population during 1976, twelve new faculty and staff positions were added, making an all-time high of 85 full-time faculty and support staff.

December 1, 1977 marked the formal opening and occupancy of the new $1,168,000 Physical Education Center. Designated as Phase II Construction of the new campus development, the PE Center contains 40,526 square feet and has a full complement of instructional, recreational, and service facilities. For intercollegiate athletic events, the seating will accommodate 1,500 people.

The new PE facility made it possible to expand the athletic program to include a larger curriculum for women's physical education.

Construction of a swimming pool complex, Phase II, Section 4 of the campus plan, was begun in February, 1977 with tentative occupancy set for December, 1977. Included in Phase II, Section 5 of the new campus master plan, are a baseball diamond and two tennis courts.

Progress in the WOSC music department has been substantial during 1976-77. The music department is now adequately housed in the instructional area of the PE Center. Also, with the addition of a new Baldwin grand piano, and four studio pianos purchased new in the last year, the department now has six pianos. A new Baldwin church model electric organ was also added, and the piano lab has been expanded to include two more student consoles, raising the number of electric piano units to six. And, as a supplement to class piano instruction, a cassette tape program is now in use for both group and individualized instruction.

Showing a continuous growth and progress, the Learning Resources Center has increased its volumes from 22,500 to over 31,000 this fiscal year. The number of reference books has grown to over 1,600 volumes, with exceptional growth this year in the areas of science and literature. A new section of juvenile literature has been added, and an extensive aviation section is being put together.

WOSC continued to strengthen its course offerings to inmates and officers of the Oklahoma State Reformatory at Granite via the Oklahoma Educational Televised Instruction System.

The move to the new campus facility in 1976 has contributed to a renewed professionalism among the administration, faculty, and staff. Thus, the administration and faculty seem more strongly committed than ever to meeting the challenges of higher education through continued dedication to providing quality education and improving and strengthening all student services offered by WOSC.

SAYRE JUNIOR COLLEGE

PRESIDENT HARRY PATTERSON

Sayre, Oklahoma

The period covered in this report is from July 1, 1976 to June 30, 1977. During this time Sayre Junior College continued to place emphasis on the needs of the individual students of Western Oklahoma and the surrounding territory.

Enrollment reached an all-time high during this period with three hundred thirty-five students enrolled. Approximately fifty percent of the students enrolled were in vocational and technical programs.

Salary increases for faculty members averaged eleven hundred dollars plus during this period with support personnel receiving an average of six hundred dollars. Salary increases for instructors over the past four years averaged thirty-eight hundred dollars.

In addition to upgrading salaries of instructors, their work loads were reduced so each instructor teaches from twelve to sixteen credit hours per semester. The instructors are available in their offices for individual help and consultation from fifteen to twenty hours each week.

Approximately eleven thousand dollars was spent on books and equipment for the library, making a total of forty thousand dollars spent on upgrading the library over the past three years. The library usage among students has more than doubled during this time.

Counseling and student services have been emphasized with the administration, faculty, and counselors involved in the process. Student involvement has been more prominent on advisory committees, curriculum, and campus organizations.

Sayre Junior College has been in the process of evaluating the needs of the students of Western Oklahoma. A part of this process included the evaluation of programs presently offered to the students. Because of the lack of interest and excessive program cost, the electronic program was discontinued during this period. The mid-management program was evaluated and incorporated with the programs of business administration and secretarial science. This will allow better utilization of funds available to educate the students. Additional night classes were offered that were of interest to adults of the area and for the young college students who are employed during the day.

AMERICAN CHRISTIAN COLLEGE

PRESIDENT DAVID A. NOEBEL

Tulsa, Oklahoma

American Christian College continued to manifest marked improvement during the 1976-1977 academic year. The two most telling marks were: in the area of regional accreditation, and in the area of finance. Other lesser improvements involved personnel and a strengthened academic program.

Our academic dean, Dr. David Williams, consolidated our academic offerings under four division heads: Biblical Studies and Philosophy, Social Science, Mathematics and Natural Science, and Fine Arts and Humanities.

This move allowed us to have qualified leadership for each division and in turn each division head serves on the Academic Council.

The Council acts as a curriculum study committee and gives guide lines to the total academic program.

It should be noted that we also moved our library into the Nellie Dean Arts and Science Building which put it closer to the center of campus life.

Personnel changes brought fresh faces to the campus in the person of Dr. Donald G. Scott, new vice-president; Mr. Phil Davis, new business manager; and Mr. Jasper Bowling, director of development.

In early December, 1976 a three man North Central Association review committee, headed by Dr. Bernard Adams, President of Ripon College, visited the campus. Based on its findings the college approached North Central for candidacy status and in April, 1977, a two man team, Dr. David Noebel and Dr. Donald Scott, appeared before the accrediting association in Chicago. American Christian College received notice of its acceptance on April 17, 1977.

A few days after the North Central announcement, the last important financial hurdle was successfully maneuvered. With the threat of the whole campus falling again into its previous owner's hand, American Bank, Tulsa, OK refinanced the $270,000 note.

This enabled the college to pay off Republic Bank and drop all financial obligations that might have resulted in a loss of the campus back to previous parties who were co-signers of the Republic note. In other words, the very last legal thread attaching American Christian College with Christian Crusade was removed and the college could state once and for all that there is absolutely no relationship with Billy James Hargis. Praise God!

BARTLESVILLE WESLEYAN COLLEGE
PRESIDENT JOHN M. SNOOK
Bartlesville, Oklahoma

Bartlesville Wesleyan College continues to make significant progress in academic planning, student enrollment, and financial stability.

During the 1976-77 academic year, the faculty and students have been involved in an intensive self-study program. Dr. Richard Gottier, President of Western New England College, Springfield, Massachusetts, continues to work with the faculty in realistically facing the challenges of growth while maintaining a responsible fiscal basis for operation. A ten-year program has been approved by the faculty outlining the sequences for inaugurating new programs and securing additional new faculty. It is the purpose of the college to achieve these goals in the light of constant re-evaluation.

The college's academic framework includes studies in five divisions. These are Religion, Social Science, Humanities, Mathematics and Science, and Education. The college encourages cross discipline studies to provide a well-rounded program for the individual student.

Bartlesville Wesleyan College continues to provide opportunity for practical experience as well as intellectual attainment. During the spring semester of 1976-77 academic year, students enrolled in the "Socio-Religious Analysis of the Inner City" course traveled to Kansas City, Missouri, for the class. This was a "lecture-lab" experience. Lectures on the various aspects of the urban society were presented by specialists in various social agencies, governmental programs, and the seminaries of the city. Bartlesville Wesleyan College students observed and worked in real-life situations.

Other service oriented programs include case work, ministerial internship, the Reading Clinic Program, teacher education field observation, teacher education junior professional training, Christian service, and Christian ministries.

A new program added the second semester of 1976-77 was the Suzuki Music Program, offering instruction in piano, violin, and cello. Over 100 are enrolled in this program for the fall semester, 1977-78.

New faculty added for the 1977-78 academic year include Dr. John Beineke (Education and Social Science), David McIntosh (Biology), Lauren Green (Music), James Garlow (Ph.D. candidate, Religion), and Edward D. Angell (Religion). William Edwards and Roger House were named controller and senior accountant respectively.

Enrollment growth continues to be a significant factor at Bartlesville Wesleyan College. This includes substantial increase in both community and dormitory students. The total enrollment for the 1977-78 fall semester is 721. The college has achieved an increase in enrollment each year since the four-year program began in 1972.

Financially, Bartlesville Wesleyan College operated in the black during the past year. During the past five years, the college's budget has increased nearly 400%. It is difficult to maintain a gift income equal to this growth, but through careful and wise planning, the college has realized financial stability.

As a result of reaching the goal established by a challenge-grant from the Mabee Foundation, Tulsa, Oklahoma, Bartlesville Wesleyan College received a $200,000 grant for a new gymnasium-auditorium. It is anticipated that this building will be in use sometime during the 1978-79 academic year.

Bartlesville Wesleyan College re-affirms its philosophy to provide a well-rounded academic program in a campus that emphasizes moral and spiritual values.

We articulate our philosophy in the following way: "Bartlesville Wesleyan College believes that the ingredients of dignity, dedication, and discipline will enhance the life of every student who matriculates through her academic program, and furthermore, these three basics will assist in the development of scholars."

BETHANY NAZARENE COLLEGE

PRESIDENT JOHN ALLEN KNIGHT

Bethany, Oklahoma

Bethany Nazarene College, located on a forty-acre tract in Bethany, Oklahoma, is the recognized college for the South Central Educational Zone of the Church of the Nazarene. This territory includes the states of Oklahoma, Arkansas, Texas, and Louisiana.

BNC is one of eight liberal arts colleges in the United States maintained by the Church of the Nazarene. It is fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. While Bethany Nazarene College is an institution of the Church of the Nazarene, it is non-sectarian and currently enrolls students from approximately 30 denominations, as well as from various cultures outside the U.S.A.

The college is committed to a strong liberal arts perspective, selected vocational-professional preparation (including teacher education, business, and home economics), and ministerial training.

BNC seeks to provide a liberal arts perspective while simultaneously equipping the student with skills sufficient to follow a chosen profession or vocation. These aims are pursued in an environment favorable to the development of a strong value system and sensitivity to the moral demands of Christian personal and social ethics.

With a 78 year history, Bethany Nazarene College offers its more than 1,300 students a choice of 45 instructional programs. It is possible to receive baccalaureate degrees in 22 academic fields. The Master of Arts is offered in Religion, Elementary and Secondary Language Arts, and Social Studies Education. Students pursuing the M. A. program under this broad umbrella may concentrate in Speech Communication, English, Reading, History, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology, Early Childhood Education, or Learning Disabilities.

The full-time 55 member faculty, over half of whom have the earned doctorate, are highly prepared in their respective disciplines and also committed to the best in Christian higher education.

The 1976-77 academic year began with a significant increase in enrollment. An announcement was made that in the Fall of 1977 the complete retirement of an operating deficit is expected which just five years ago exceeded two million dollars.

In view of the college's present sound financial position, the Board of Trustees has recently adopted a phased campus plan that will involve several new buildings, refurbishing of campus housing facilities, new tennis courts, and improvement of a 20-acre tract for an athletic complex.

MIDWEST CHRISTIAN COLLEGE

PRESIDENT STANLEY D. LETCHER, JR.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Midwest Christian College continues to pursue as its primary objective to enlist and to educate volunteers for Christian Service. The college is part of a Bible college movement which is unique in the spectrum of American education. Colleges in this movement are narrower in scope than the traditional Christian College in that they seek primarily to prepare for Christian leadership vocations. All degree programs at the college relate directly to some area of Christian ministry and require a major concentration in Biblical studies. The college also serves students who desire to complete foundational study in Bible and general education before transferring elsewhere to complete vocational preparation.

The college is committed to the realization of the following objectives in the lives of its students: To guide the student in the development of spiritual maturity, giving him a greater knowledge of Scripture and challenging him to a meaningful personal relationship with Jesus Christ; to stimulate and intensify the spirit of evangelism within the student, motivating him to dedication to effective Christian service; to enable the student to develop the characteristics and skills required for effective leadership in a Christian vocation; to guide the student in achieving personal development that will enable him to function responsibly and compatibly in contemporary society; to assist the student in developing the tools required for critical thinking and independent study enabling him to integrate all knowledge and experience into a Christian world view.

Facilities were improved during the Fall of 1976 by a $60,000 paving project which included surfacing two parking areas as well as major access roads. During Fall, 1977, an activities building is being completed at a cost of $140,000. The pre-fabricated concrete structure will house a multi-purpose gymnasium-auditorium and a student center. The cost is completely underwritten by individual gifts pledged over a three-year period. Interest on loans now being made to complete construction is being paid by supporting churches in Oklahoma and surrounding states.

Stanley D. Letcher, Jr., was joining the college as President the first of November, 1977. Others in the college administration include Warren Woodrome, Academic Dean; G. B. Gordon, Vice-President for Development; Robert Barr, Business Manager; David Pettit, Director of Student Affairs; Gordon Van Zile, Director of Admissions and Registrar.

OKLAHOMA BAPTIST UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT E. EUGENE HALL
Shawnee, Oklahoma

Dr. William E. Neptune, vice-president for academic affairs, served as acting president during 1976-77, following the resignation of Dr. William G. Tanner after five years as president. Dr. Tanner was elected executive director-treasurer of the Southern Baptist Home Mission Board in July, 1976. He left his Oklahoma Baptist University post in late September.

Enrollment was down in 1976, dropping to 1,723 after two successive years of record enrollments. Although down 95, it was the third highest enrollment in university history.

The opening of the Mabee Learning Center, which brought the total value of the library complex to $3.5 million, was the highlight of the academic year. The learning Center acquired a microfiche library of 12,000 volumes of American Literature and received an $8,000 grant from the Kellogg Foundation to participate in the Ohio College Library Center bibliographic network — a computer system which includes more than 600 libraries.

The university received a $73,037 grant from the Exxon Resource Allocation Management Program for improvement of management effectiveness and administrative decision making.

For the fourth consecutive year, Oklahoma Baptist University participated in the Woodrow Wilson-Fellow program, with week-long visits to the campus by former British ambassador Lord Caradon and columnist Milton Viorst. The Kerr Leadership Development Program brought former North Carolina Senator Sam Ervin to the campus to deliver the annual Kerr Lecture.

New on campus during 1976-77 were graduate course offerings by Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary, which opened a branch campus at Oklahoma Baptist University during the fall, with courses being taught on Mondays.

The University implemented an Academic Skills program during 1976-77 to assist freshmen with academic deficiencies in certain areas. A course called "Career Search" was also offered for the first time, providing vocational information for students undecided on career-pursuits. Also added to the OBU curriculum were courses in early childhood development.

The Teacher Education Activities for Mainstreaming Program, a service project for area teachers, was re-funded by the Bureau of Education for the Handicapped.

More than 50 courses were offered in the January Interim term, including a "denominational spectacular" entitled "The Christian

Mission in the 20th Century," which included five leading Southern Baptists as guest lecturers.

West University Apartments were opened in the spring, providing housing for 92 women, and eliminating the need to use Earleigh and Shawnee Apartments for housing. A $73,000 fire caused extensive smoke and water damage to a section of Bel Air Apartments during January, but there were no injuries and the apartments were repaired during the spring with improvements made to afford greater safety and better energy conservation.

Three Baptist leaders were awarded honorary doctorates in fall convocation ceremonies: Dr. Eugene Hill, Richmond, Va.; Thomas P. Lane, Memphis, Tennessee; and Rev. Forrest Siler, Lawton. Founders' Day included an address by Dr. Joe Ingram, executive director-treasurer of the Baptist General Convention of Oklahoma. In March, a special Louise Prichard Day was held, memorializing the donor of the largest gift ever given the university, a $5 million trust fund for scholarships for ministerial students and mission volunteer.

In May, 284 students were awarded bachelor's degrees, including nine who graduated with honors; five summa cum laude graduates (3.96 or above on 4.0 scale); 40 magna cum laude (3.5 or above); and 90 cum laude (3.0 or above).

OKLAHOMA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE

PRESIDENT J. TERRY JOHNSON

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

During its twenty-seventh year, Oklahoma Christian College experienced a period of continued growth and enrichment. Many factors contributed to another successful year.

Enrollment has once again reached an all time record high. Total headcount was 1464 and full-time equivalent was 1364. All indicators suggest that the trend will continue throughout the 1977-78 academic year.

Growth in student enrollment has required additional housing and academic facilities. In response to this need, the College dedicated the new Edward L. Gaylord College Activity Center, initiated construction on a new Center for Communications and Fine Arts, and constructed forty-eight new married student apartments.

The 10th Dimension Capital Funds Campaign passed the 80 percent mark in this ten million dollar program. At the close of the 1976-77 fiscal year over $8,000,000 has been subscribed to the College's expansion. Careful fiscal planning, combined with consistent funding support has enabled the College to operate each year with a balanced budget.

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The College successfully completed its self-study in preparation for the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education reaccreditation visit. The NCATE committee conducted the official review, submitted its findings, and recommended that Oklahoma Christian College be extended full accreditation for a ten-year period.

In Texoma Conference athletic competition, the College was well represented by all of its competitive participants. The cross-country, the indoor and the outdoor track teams, and basketball squad won conference championships in the Texoma Athletic Conference. The baseball program ranked second in the conference and placed second in District 9 National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics tournament.

Several important public events were conducted. From the dedication of the new College Activity Center in September, to the annual Lectureship in January, to the Summer Commencement in July, all of the planned public events were well attended.

The Oklahoma Christian College administrative structure includes: Dr. James O. Baird, Chancellor; Dr. J. Terry Johnson, President and Chief Executive Officer; Dr. R. Stafford North, Executive Vice-President; and Mr. Guy J. Ross, Vice-President. The Academic Dean is Dr. Bailey B. McBride; the Business Manager, Mr. Gary L. Fields; the Dean of Campus Life, Dr. Richard Mock; and the Dean of Admissions and Registrar, Mr. Bob D. Smith.

OKLAHOMA CITY UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT DOLPHUS WHITTEN, JR.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Oklahoma City University, an independent institution, located in the population center of the state capital, serves as the city's university and the higher education arm of the United Methodist Church of Oklahoma.

The university offers degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Master of Arts in Teaching, and Master of Criminal Justice Administration through the College of Arts and Sciences; Bachelor of Science in Business, Master of Business Administration, and Master of Science in Accounting through the School of Management and Business Sciences; Bachelor of Music, Bachelor of Performing Arts, Master of Music, and Master of Performing Arts through the School of Music and Performing Arts; and Juris Doctor through the School of Law.

For personnel at Tinker Air Base, OCU offers an on-base MBA program and in 1977 joined several other institutions in providing a program in management development. Special courses are offered also at the Federal Aeronautics Administration Academy.

OCU's enrollment for the fall semester, 1976, was 2,678, representing a 2.6 percent drop from the previous year, but the spring enrollment, 1977, showed an increase to 2,763, which was 85 more than fall, 1976, and 123 more than spring, 1976. The increase was attributable in part to a growing number of international students pursuing the MBA and MS in Accounting degrees.

New programs introduced during the year included a Bachelor of Arts with a Certificate in Business, a Bachelor of Arts in Technical Education, a technical management major in the B.S. in Business degree, a technical theatre major in the Master of Performing Arts degree, and a training program for Bilingual/Bicultural Teachers and Teacher Aides. The on-going programs in Native American education have been augmented by a training element for Indian librarians.

The Competency Based Degree Program concluded the second year of its pilot operation with forty-five students enrolled and a large waiting list.

The School of Law enrollment for fall, 1976, reached 605, with approximately half in the evening division. Volumes in the law library were increased by 10,214 during the year. The quality of graduates has remained high, as indicated by the fact that all 1976 graduates passed the Oklahoma Bar Examination on their first attempt.

The Mid-Year Institute of 1977 focused on the topic, "Innovation, the Spirit of America — an Overview," and included such well-known speakers as Robert Maynard Hutchins, Harrison Salisbury, and Judy Frank. The Robert A. Taft Institute of Government Seminar was conducted during the month of June. A variety of programs of travel and study in Europe was provided during the year.

An internal task force appointed by the president drew up a series of recommendations which received consideration by all constituencies of the university. These involved a wide spectrum of concerns, including role and mission, management structure, administrative reorganization, student services, conditions of employment, student recruitment, and long-range planning. A time/action plan was implemented to deal with the problem areas which were identified.

The position of business manager was upgraded to that of vice president for finance and administration. This position was filled by a highly qualified administrator, Dr. Julian Davis, who introduced a number of improvements in the areas of financial management, reporting, and control, as well as energy conservation and personnel management.

OCU's intercollegiate athletic program achieved a commendable record in basketball, baseball, golf, tennis, and fencing, providing entertainment for the community as well as the campus.

Over 100,000 members of the metropolitan area attended cultural events on the campus during the year, including performances by the

Lyric Theatre, Oklahoma City Junior Symphony, Metropolitan Ballet Company, Civic Music Association, Chamber Music Series, and other civic groups, as well as the university productions of drama, children's theatre, operas, and musical theatre.

OKLAHOMA MISSIONARY BAPTIST COLLEGE

PRESIDENT R. T. PERRITT

Marlow, Oklahoma

The past year slipped by rather quickly, and in spite of the fact there is much to be done, we have made good strides for a small college. In fact, our progress and size remind me of a story about a small boy. He came home from school with evidences that he had been fighting. Anxiously, his mother made inquiry. Learning that her son had fought a larger boy, the school bully, she was enraged and threatened to complain to the principal that the big bully had whipped her son. "But he didn't whip me, mother; I whipped him!" exclaimed the boy. "How could you whip him when he is so much larger than you?" asked the mother. In answer the small son said, "But, mother, I did whip him. The thing you do not understand is that I'm just a lot bigger on the inside than I am on the outside."

With a dedicated faculty and student body right along with a dedicated supporting community, we have seen marked increases. Among these are the following: increases in total enrollment; income from all sources; payment on indebtedness; community services; inquiries for catalogs and information; scholarships and endowment funds; and library books, cassettes, filmstrips, and equipment. All of these give us encouragement for further enlargement and expansion in these and other areas during the coming year.

I express my appreciation personally for the gracious attitude the office of the State Board of Regents and other institutions of higher education in our state have manifested toward us. The helpfulness of personnel associated with higher education has been great and encouraging. For all of this we are thankful far more than our words can express.

ORAL ROBERTS UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT ORAL ROBERTS

Tulsa, Oklahoma

During the 1976-77 academic year, Oral Roberts University: reached the half-way point in construction of a $20 million, 458,000-square-foot addition to the Learning Resources Center. The new facility will house schools of medicine, dentistry, nursing, law, business, theology, and education — including classroom, office, lecture-hall, laboratory, and administrative space; constructed a 2,200-seat, $750,000 baseball stadium named in honor of J. L. Johnson. The new stadium includes spacious dressing, training, and equipment rooms, lights for night games, and 900 seats under shelter; announced plans for and constructed a $4 million television production studio located adjacent to Mabee Center. The four-story elliptical structure houses the educational media and telecommunication departments of the University. The facilities will be used to create educational and inspirational programs for international distribution. The studio has one of the largest sound stages in the United States; increased its faculty by 20% to a new total of some 300 full-time and part-time members. Student enrollment rose to 3,700 full-time and part-time students, representing every state and some 35 foreign countries; broke ground and constructed some 240 units for graduate and married student apartments located west of the campus. The two-bedroom apartments were the first of an announced 1,500-unit complex which will include chapel, recreation, study, and child-care areas for the families of ORU students; reached the $150 million mark for campus investment, including facilities and endowment . . . a year of major growth!

The department of nursing was accorded School status and was officially named the ORU Anna Vaughn School of Nursing in honor of long-time University partner Anna Vaughn Benz. Dr. I Tomine Tjelta, former chairman of the undergraduate department, was named Dean of the School and began groundwork for implementing graduate programs in nursing. The School received national accreditation from the National League for Nursing's Board of Review for Baccalaureate and Higher Degree Programs; the accreditation was retroactive for the 8 months prior to the May 6 announcement, with the next visit for the accrediting board set for Spring, 1985. The action was preceeded by the awarding of "full approval" to the program by the Oklahoma Board of Nurse Registration and Nursing Education in January, 1977.

Other changes in the academic administration included the naming of Dr. James E. Winslow, Jr., to the post of Vice-Provost for Medical Affairs. Winslow was the founding dean of the ORU School of Medicine. Dr. Charles B. McCall, former Dean of the University of Tennessee College of Medicine, became the new Dean of the School of Medicine.

ORU named departmental chairmen to new areas within the schools of medicine and dentistry: Ernest B. Brown, Jr., Physiology; Kenneth R. Goljan, Oral Medicine; Robert L. Herrman, Biochemistry; Preston E. Hicks, Developmental Dentistry; John E. Norvell, Anatomy; Vernon E. Scholes, Microbiology; and Carl G. Wirth, Reconstructive Dentistry.

On the undergraduate level, Sherrod Braxton became chairman of the Modern Language department; Dr. Paul Wohlgemuth became chairman of Fine Arts and Dr. Dale Williams chairman of the Natural Science department. Dr. Dave Eland was named Assistant to the Provost and Dr. Roger Hartman became the full-time director of the

Office of Research and Grants. ORU instituted a Career Planning and Placement Office and Gary Sulander was named its first director.

ORU graduated 563 students in 1977 as its ninth 4-year class and its first class of graduate students in the School of Business (16 Master of Business Administration degrees) and School of Theology (8 Master of Arts in Theology degrees). The ceremony also marked the first graduates from the School of Nursing (19 Bachelor of Science degrees). Honorary doctorates were conferred on five outstanding Tulsans: William Cameron Mason, Robert L. Parker, Noble F. Smith, Frank W. Wallace, and Grace Steele Woodward.

New regents named to the ORU Board were: Marajen Chinigo, G. L. Braughon, Dr. James Ford, Isabelle Graham, Eugene Holley, Dr. James A. Johnson, Dr. L. P. Loughridge, James A. Pattison, Cy Rich, Jr., and Dr. E. V. Roberts.

New coaches were named to head both the men's and women's basketball programs at ORU. Lake Kelley, former head coach at Austin Peay State University, was named head Titan coach and Larry Reid and Wayne Martin were named his assistants. Dixie Woodall, former head women's coach at Seminole Junior College, was named head coach of the women's basketball program and Peggy McCaw was named head volleyball coach as ORU placed a new emphasis on women's athletics.

ORU sponsored its first "Family Seminar" for students, faculty members, and staff members — who took a 4-day break from class activities to meet in all-day inspirational meetings led by President Oral Roberts and sponsored by the ORU Board of Regents.

Accrediting teams were hosted by the schools of medicine and dentistry and a comprehensive self-study was undertaken by Dean Charles Kothe in preparation for the opening of the O. W. Coburn School of Law in 1979.

ORU published its own hymnal for student chapel use. The book, which has 350 songs, was collated and published expressly for the University community.

The University's Statement of Purpose was expanded to include an emphasis on accomplishing a whole-person education by seeking to "synthesize by means of interdisciplinary crosspollination the best traditions in liberal arts, professional, and graduate education" — reflecting the University's new thrust into graduate education in professional areas.

PHILLIPS UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT SAMUEL E. CURL

Enid, Oklahoma

Phillips University entered its 70th academic year with an enrollment of 1,439 students. Number of full-time students increased by 10 percent compared with one year ago. Students are enrolled from 44 states and 13 foreign countries.

During the past year, Dr. William M. Fulkerson, Jr., Vice President for Academic Affairs, and ten new faculty members have joined the Phillips ranks. Broad improvements have been made in the University's curricula and others are in the planning stages.

Phillips has adopted a new, innovative statement on academic freedom and responsibility, faculty appointments and tenure, which sets forth clear policies under which the university can effectively function. A quantitative study of teaching loads, by academic program and by individual faculty member, was made this past year to better determine educational costs.

Important steps were also taken in the development of a system for annual review of faculty performance. The system emphasizes the need for continuous professional improvement and updating and the maintenance of high levels of performance.

The University offers thirty-six undergraduate fields of study and several graduate and pre-professional programs. Phillips' Master of Business Administration degree program and other academic additions have enjoyed exceptional growth during the past year. The University's special study programs in Sweden and Washington, D.C., and at its Colorado field science campus continue to provide unique academic opportunities for its students.

Degree programs in the Graduate Seminary were re-organized and a new curriculum was implemented. The Seminary has also received initial accreditation by the Association of Clinical Pastoral Education.

Construction has begun on the new Mabee Center for Health, Physical Education, and Recreation. The project is funded by an $870,000 grant from the J. E. and L. E. Mabee Foundation of Tulsa. Focal point of the center will be a regulation-size basketball court for intercollegiate athletics that will convert into two intramural basketball courts. Movable bleachers will provide a seating capacity of 2,200. The center will also include classrooms, handball courts, office and storage space, locker rooms, and training rooms.

Renovation and remodeling of major academic facilities, including the Business Administration Building, the Music Building, and the Marshall Building have been completed. A $40,000 grant from the Arthur Vining Davis Foundations will be combined with other funds being sought to facilitate major remodeling of the Science Building.

More than $5 million has been generated in the University's $13.7 million "Quest for Excellence" capital program. Of the total funds, approximately $7.9 million will be allocated for endowment, $2.5 million for building projects, and $3.4 million for current operations.

Emphasis is being placed on attracting key gifts for endowed professorships and scholarships. The three-year capital program is under the direction of Dr. Thomas E. Broce, chairman of the Phillips board.

Extracurricular programs such as the Energy Congress, which brought together energy producers and consumers from across the nation to discuss vital issues, have added a significant and exciting new dimension to university life.

THE UNIVERSITY OF TULSA

PRESIDENT J. PASCHAL TWYMAN

Tulsa, Oklahoma

Considerable progress involving the University's 10-year plan of academic enrichment marked the institution's activities and achievements during the reporting period. Further refinements in the 10-year plan were made prior to beginning the first major capital campaign since the University's founding. Overall, the plan calls for an identification of our academic and research strengths in order to refine those which will provide the opportunity for the University to compete at the highest level in the national mainstream of higher education. Academic highlights during the year were as follows.

The development of a degree program in the College of Arts and Sciences has enabled students to acquire a standard degree while taking courses necessary to meet prerequisites for the Master of Business Administration degree.

Important strides were made to strengthen the curricula of the disciplines in social and behavorial sciences, particularly in the area of interdisciplinary cooperation. The field work effort in anthropology received increased grant support from the U. S. Corps of Engineers and lent much strength to the program.

The College of Business Administration enjoyed considerable success. Enrollment increases occurred at undergraduate and graduate levels. Curriculum changes included revisions in organizational behavior management and in finance. A new Master of Science program in accounting was developed and approved, and the final touches were placed on the Juris Doctor/Master of Business Administration program in cooperation with the College of Law.

Dr. E. T. Guerrero, Dean of the College of Engineering and Physical Sciences, asked to be relieved of his responsibilities as dean in order to devote full effort to his role as Trustees Professor of Petroleum Engineering and a search for a new dean began. Enrollments in the college within the petroleum and chemical engineering and geology and geophysics program experienced dramatic increases.

Dr. Frank Manning was appointed Director of the Petroleum and Energy Research Institute.

An extremely complimentary report from the accrediting team from NCATE marked the reporting period for the College of Education. In addition, the college faculty developed an impressive merit and performance system of faculty evaluation which will serve as a model for the entire University.

A bequest to the University of the John W. Shleppey Collection of Indian Law and History enabled the University to bring back Dr. Rennard Strickland as John Shleppey Professor of Law and History. This further enabled the University to apply for a matching grant from the National Endowment for the Humanities. The application was approved and the grant will be used to increase the collections in Indian Law and modern authors and to establish a Center for Research in Indian Law and History.

During the first year of operation the National Energy Law and Policy Institute received grants from ERDA and participated in a major symposium.

Dean Neila Poshek resigned her position as head of the College of Nursing. Dr. Ira Trail, from the University of Massachusetts, Amherst, was named to fill the vacancy.

Dr. Thomas Staley resigned as Dean of the Graduate School to return to the classroom as Trustees Professor of Modern Letters. Dr. Allen Soltow, Chairman of the Division of Economics, was appointed Dean of the Graduate School and took office January 1.

During the reporting period the Graduate Council evaluated and raised both the admissions standards for new students and the requirement for appoint to the graduate faculty.

Programs in Continuing Education exceeded expectations in this division's first full year of University-wide coordination. Some 104 programs were offered with a total attendance of 3,007 persons, producing a gross income of nearly $400,000.

One of the finest years in research occurred during the reporting period. Total research funds amounted to $1,388,384 — a 20 percent increase of the previous year. Not only did funds for research grants and contracts increase, but also a greater number of faculty participated. Some 112 proposals were submitted as compared to 80 in the previous year.

In addition to new research projects supported by industry, governmental agencies, and foundations, there are 12 sustained projects which were awarded continuing support. These, together with the 43 projects begun during the reporting period, constitutes a total of 55 active externally financed research projects and programs.

Acquisition of several outstanding collections and major gifts highlighted the progress of University libraries. Most important was a $2 million gift from the Chapman-Barnard-McFarlin interests which completed the funds required for a $3 million addition to McFarlin Library. A previous $1 million gift from an anonymous donor started the drive to finance this urgently needed expansion.

Total volume count at the end of the reporting period was 828,853 compared to 745,560 reported during the previous year.

Physical Plant highlights included completion of a $100,534 central plant expansion project and additional property acquired in the campus area at a cost of $320,162.

Construction progressed on the previously reported Thelma Ruth Shaw Alumni Center, Whitney Hall, and an addition to John Mabee Hall (residence for men). Further, plans were made for an addition to Mabee Gymnasium to be begun in the summer of 1977.

Total operations expenditures for the fiscal year (ending May 31, 1977) was $21,528,447, up about $2 million from the previous year.

Fall enrollment in 1976 declined by 3.9 percent from the previous year with the freshman class down 13.5 percent. However, academic potential of the students continued to be well above average. College Board and ACT admission test scores for freshmen exceeded the national mean average for the college population New freshmen came with better than a 3.0 average and transfer students came with 2.93 average.

Financial assistance to students totaled more than $5 million in the reporting period. University sources alone increased $180,414 and public financial assistance increased $532,117. Total increase was $712,531.

BACONE COLLEGE

INTERIM PRESIDENT WESLEY N. HAINES

Muskogee, Oklahoma

Bacone College, the oldest in continuous operation in Oklahoma, graduated one of its largest classes in its ninety-seventh year of educating the American Indian in May, 1977, and it ended its fiscal year in June, 1977 with a budget surplus of $116,827.

Enrollment in September, 1977 dropped from 596 in 1976-77 to 537, but financial projections anticipate another balanced budget in 1977-78.

After three years of service as president, President Charles D. Holleyman resigned as of August 31, 1977 for reasons of health. The Board of Trustees of Bacone appointed Dr. Wesley N. Haines, president emeritus of Franklin College of Indiana, to succeed him as interim president during search for a permanent successor. Dr. Haines assumed his duties on September 2, 1977, and the permanent successor is expected to be named in March, 1978.

Following visitation by a committee of the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools in May, 1977, re-accreditation was granted Bacone College.

A Long Range Planning Committee, appointed by the Board of Trustees in June, 1977, expects to submit its completed report in March, 1978.

A Centennial Commission is to be named soon to plan for the celebration of the hundredth year of Bacone's founding in 1980.

FLAMING RAINBOW PROGRAM

PRESIDENT DAN GOEHRING

Tahlequah, Oklahoma

The last year brought many changes at Flaming Rainbow. After the death of Henry Chitty, in February, Dr. Dan Goehring was appointed President. With the change in leadership came the establishment of an all Indian Board of Trustees, clarification of corporate status, and non-profit status.

The academic program at Flaming Rainbow has been strengthened. Student enrollment has doubled and the faculty tripled in the past year. The lower division curriculum has been expanded and stabilized, and the upper division cluster model is in its first year of operation. The academic process for Assessment of Prior Learning has been refined. These aspects of the academic process are explained further in the most recent Flaming Rainbow catalog, which we are distributing in the communities to prospective students as well as to interested individuals and groups on the local, state, and national levels.

Academic development also includes the establishment of a Learning Services Center to provide additional individualized assistance to students, participation in a Special Services for Disadvantaged Students project with counseling and basic skills services offered bilingually, and the development of a Learning Resource Library that is integrating community and institutional resources and will provide services to the students and the community.

Flaming Rainbow is establishing a data system that is the first of its kind among innovative educational programs. This includes the use of the Goal Attainment Scale evaluation system, which was first introduced at the Hennipen County Mental Health Center and has been adapted for our use in an educational setting.

On-going development include community public relations, a continuing search for qualified faculty, up-grading of present faculty (by Spring of 1978 we anticipate that all faculty members will either hold the Ph.D. or be in the process of attaining this degree), Cluster development, and the development of additional programs in Health Services, Rural Delivery Systems, Horticulture and Aquaculture.

HILLSDALE FREE WILL BAPTIST COLLEGE

PRESIDENT BILL M. JONES

Moore, Oklahoma

Goals set for 1976-77 school year included raising $120,000 for a dormitory structure, solidifying curriculum according to the program needs, strengthening faculty with in-service training, and developing student activities.

A matching gift of $60,000 from the Broadhurst Foundation of Tulsa provided the boost to accomplish the first. One-bedroom apartment buildings that can be used for married students or singles are under construction. A total of $147,000 was raised for this project.

Curriculum is being developed that is both solidly academic and at the same time practical for every student. "Quality" describes the time and effort given to its development. And "innovation" describes the consideration of new programs, such as "credit for experience". A study was begun of this particular program with reports scheduled for release and Board consideration in January, 1978. All work was completed on a status study in preparation for a visit by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools during the fall of 1977.

The Board of Trustees of Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College approved two recommendations of far-reaching effect. Faculty are encouraged to continue their education with graduate work subsidized by Hillsdale. Also, department heads are now urged to participate at least once each year in conferences that relate to their area of study.

Student activities have been organized with more personal leadership in the hands of a faculty/student committee. Response is excellent thus far to the personal attention the needs of students receive.

This past year has been profitable as well as productive, with results that will be felt for several years to come.

ST. GREGORY'S COLLEGE

PRESIDENT MICHAEL ROETHLER

Shawnee, Oklahoma

St. Gregory's College opened its Fall Semester on August 22, 1976 with a FTE enrollment of 294 students representing 12 different states and 12 foreign countries. Upon completion of the academic year, the College conferred the Associate Degree upon 59 graduating sophomores as follows: Associate in Arts, 3 men and 3 women; Associate in Business, 6 men and 2 women; Associate in Science, 16 men and 13 women; Associate in Applied Science, 2 men and 15 women. Six students were awarded certification in the Allied Health Sciences in addition to their degree.

One of the major problems of the College for 1976-77 was a last minute rejection by Title III of the Higher Education Act of 1965 of a grant of $125,000.00. This grant was to be the final grant of a three year funding program for institutional development. Somehow the Title III Office in Washington, D.C. had lost our final evaluation report and though they later found the report by then funds were all expended. An appeal was made through the good offices of Senator Dewey Bartlett and Congressman Tom Steed, but to no avail for the year 1976-77. All of this resulted in a severe budget tightening with a prospect of a deficit for the first time in seven years.

St. Gregory's College greatly strengthened its fine arts program through the completion of an academic and community Fine Arts Studio Complex. Additional courses have been added to the curriculum in painting, drawing, sculpture, photography, dance, music, and drama. This new facility has permitted St. Gregory's to offer many short courses in the Community Service Program in the field of the fine arts.

The College Community Service Program continued to grow in quality and quantity in its second year in serving the non-traditional educational needs of the Shawnee area. Through this program, the College served 2,806 members of its community through short courses and seminars. An additional 9,652 persons utilized the facilities of the College as a result of this program.

Local Indian tribes, the Pottawatomie, Sac-Fox, Shawnee, Iowas and Kickapoos continue to show an increased interest in the educational offerings and facilities of St. Gregory's College. Besides 54 Indian Adults attending three cluster courses, over 600 Indians and local grade, junior high, and high school teachers attended a week long seminar on local Indian Culture.

Excitement was high on the college campus when news was received that the Mabee Foundation and Corporation granted a $300,000.00 challenge grant for the construction of the Mabee-Gerrer Museum to house the famous Father Gregory Gerrer, O.S.B. museum and art collection.

OKLAHOMA CITY SOUTHWESTERN COLLEGE

PRESIDENT SCOTT T. MUSE, JR.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

The last reporting period at Oklahoma City Southwestern College has seen a continuation of assessments of the objectives of the college. Our goals are to continue to improve the academic standards of the college along with increased student achievement.

The enrollment has stabilized at approximately 950 students which allows advanced planning and budgeting for that number of students.

President Hugh H. Morgan resigned February 15, 1977 to return to the pastorate. Since that time, much effort has been expended to encourage the Pentecostal Holiness Church, founders and sponsors of the College, to continue to increase their contributors and encourage the youth of the church to attend Southwestern College. We are seeing results from these efforts.

Improvements have been completed in the dormitories. A landscaping project contemplated for some time has been finished.

Dr. Robert Gray has been employed as Provost in a continuing effort to expand our curriculum both in our day and evening college.

Two of our instructors received doctorates last summer, making a total of 20 percent of our full time faculty with doctoral degrees.

Our third and fourth year levels in our School of Theology and Christian Ministries are pursuing applicant status with the American Association of Bible Colleges (AABC).

SPARTAN SCHOOL OF AERONAUTICS

PRESIDENT VERNON M. SETTERHOLM

Tulsa, Oklahoma

This is the first report by Spartan School of Aeronautics since its accreditation by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education at their April 25, 1977, meeting. Spartan is the first proprietary vocational-technical school to be accredited by the Regents.

Spartan was founded in 1928 by W. G. Skelly of Skelly Oil Company. Mr. Skelly, one of the early pioneers of aviation in Oklahoma, realized that there would be a crucial need for skilled technicians and pilots in the coming age of aeronautics. Spartan School of Aeronautics became a separate Oklahoma corporation in 1970. In late 1971 it was acquired as a subsidiary by National Systems Corporation of Newport Beach, California — a large vocational education firm. Since 1928, Spartan has graduated more than 52,000 technicians and pilots.

Spartan School of Aeronautics is dedicated to teaching a wide range of skills required either in flying or maintaining civil aircraft. Students are recruited from all of the United States and many foreign countries. The School strives to enable and to encourage its graduates to make significant contributions to air safety and to the efficient and effective operation of aircraft.

Approximately 1,600 students are currently enrolled at Spartan. The School's primary goal has been, and will continue to be, education of skilled technicians and pilots. To complement and round out the student's technical education, however, Spartan now offers general education courses in English, history, political science, physics, and mathematics. By successfully completing course work in both aviation technology and general education, Spartan students can now earn an Associate Degree in Applied Science. Students earning this degree must specialize in either aviation maintenance technology or aviation instrument/electronics technology. The first degrees will be conferred in December, 1977.

In addition to developing a general education program, Spartan continues to expand the curriculum of the program in English as a second language. This program, which was established in 1975 with the assistance of the University of Tulsa, has been expanded to include not only courses in standard English, but also a series of courses in technical vocabulary. During the reporting period, two new courses were developed. One is a course to teach tower communications to foreign students planning to enter Spartan's Flight School; the other is a course designed to teach notetaking to foreign students planning to enter Spartan's Technical School.

It has been an innovative and productive year at Spartan School of Aeronautics.

CHAPTER II
HISTORICAL AND STATISTICAL INFORMATION

OKLAHOMA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES—1977

Some 38,577 young people completed the 12th grade and were graduated from high school in Oklahoma in May, 1977. Herewith are the numbers by county.

Adair	265	Grant	117	Nowata	167
Alfalfa	100	Greer	121	Okfuskee	194
Atoka	167	Harmon	62	Oklahoma	7,026
Beaver	124	Harper	101	Okmulgee	523
Beckham	243	Haskell	154	Osage	280
Blaine	168	Hughes	200	Ottawa	440
Bryan	340	Jackson	438	Pawnee	180
Caddo	500	Jefferson	93	Payne	556
Canadian	688	Johnston	102	Pittsburg	550
Carter	541	Kay	787	Pontotoc	458
Cherokee	279	Kingfisher	263	Pottawatomie	736
Choctaw	200	Kiowa	166	Pushmataha	137
Cimarron	66	Latimer	110	Roger Mills	37
Cleveland	1,499	LeFlore	538	Rogers	626
Coal	73	Lincoln	383	Seminole	383
Comanche	1,525	Logan	267	Sequoyah	413
Cotton	86	Love	83	Stephens	604
Craig	246	Major	107	Texas	274
Creek	754	Marshall	113	Tillman	132
Custer	314	Mayes	381	Tulsa	6,230
Delaware	299	McClain	341	Wagoner	261
Dewey	111	McCurtain	491	Washington	754
Ellis	75	McIntosh	186	Washita	187
Garfield	749	Murray	117	Woods	155
Garvin	424	Muskogee	837	Woodward	260
Grady	465	Noble	155		
				TOTAL	38,577

DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN AND BRANCH CAMPUS ENROLLMENTS IN THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION BY COUNTY, STATE AND OUTLYING AREA

FALL SEMESTER 1976

Enrollment by County

Adair	489	Cotton	161	Jackson	1,710
Alfalfa	244	Craig	413	Jefferson	162
Atoka	348	Creek	986	Johnston	602
Beaver	210	Custer	1,915	Kay	2,249
Beckham	613	Delaware	505	Kingfisher	461
Blaine	391	Dewey	181	Kiowa	439
Bryan	1,966	Ellis	171	Latimer	528
Caddo	930	Garfield	1,323	LeFlore	1,498
Canadian	1,971	Garvin	747	Lincoln	544
Carter	1,430	Grady	1,054	Logan	874
Cherokee	1,425	Grant	255	Love	139
Choctaw	272	Greer	312	McClain	498
Cimarron	128	Harmon	178	McCurtain	924
Cleveland	8,018	Harper	176	McIntosh	595
Coal	178	Haskell	303	Major	185
Comanche	5,258	Hughes	366	Marshall	293

Mayes	762
Murray	323
Muskogee	2,757
Noble	384
Nowata	203
Okfuskee	371
Oklahoma	30,954
Okmulgee	1,333
Osage	635
Ottawa	1,250
Pawnee	323
Payne	2,528
Pittsburg	1,511
Pontotoc	1,556
Pottawatomie	1,523
Pushmataha	255
Roger Mills	139
Rogers	1,347
Seminole	1,605
Sequoyah	736
Stephens	1,052
Texas	850
Tillman	309
Tulsa	15,322
Wagoner	662
Washington	1,574
Washita	441
Woods	540
Woodward	524
TOTAL STATE	116,392

Enrollment by State and Outlying Area

Alabama	36
Alaska	22
Arizona	68
Arkansas	314
California	274
Colorado	154
Connecticut	51
Delaware	7
Florida	109
Georgia	45
Hawaii	19
Idaho	10
Illinois	474
Indiana	79
Iowa	81
Kansas	618
Kentucky	31
Louisiana	147
Maine	20
Maryland	57
Massachusetts	48
Michigan	68
Minnesota	33
Mississippi	60
Missouri	386
Montana	14
Nebraska	51
Nevada	18
New Hampshire	12
New Jersey	145
New Mexico	161
New York	225
North Carolina	30
North Dakota	34
Ohio	95
Oklahoma	—
Oregon	17
Pennsylvania	113
Rhode Island	12
South Carolina	17
South Dakota	36
Tennessee	69
Texas	1,565
Utah	13
Vermont	10
Virginia	84
Washington	31
West Virginia	15
Wisconsin	38
Wyoming	17
Canal Zone	6
Dist. of Columbia	31
Guam	5
Puerto Rico	2
Virgin Islands	7
TOTAL STATES AND OUTLYING AREAS	6,034

Enrollment by Foreign Country

TOTAL FOREIGN COUNTRY	4,683
TOTAL ENROLLMENT	127,109

A COMPARISON OF MAIN AND BRANCH CAMPUS FALL SEMESTER ENROLLMENTS IN THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION

1966-1976[a]

Institution	1966 Enroll.	1967 Enroll.	1968 Enroll.	1969 Enroll.	1970 Enroll.	1971 Enroll.	1972 Enroll.	1973 Enroll.	1974 Enroll.	1975 Enroll.	1976 Enroll.
OU (Main Campus)	15,473	15,980	16,930	17,607	18,052	18,441	19,494	19,647	19,932	21,316	20,010
Health Sciences Center	712	746	806	882	1,016	1,166	1,503	1,934	2,034	2,034	2,766
OSU (Main Campus)	15,827	16,365	16,658	17,304	18,259	18,476	18,010	18,342	19,050	20,247	20,880
Vet. Med.	183	181	183	188	188	194	203	218	231	243	249
OSU-TT	2,422	2,360	2,562	2,297	2,573	2,771	2,664	2,697	2,771	3,138	3,150
OSU-TI	647	805	1,055	1,246	1,307	1,362	1,422	1,586	1,638	2,046	2,178
CSU	8,384	9,312	10,209	10,572	10,608	10,678	10,481	11,330	11,953	12,736	12,763
ECOSU	2,900	2,976	3,058	3,003	2,914	3,092	3,082	3,006	2,953	3,212	3,441
NEOSU	5,080	5,746	5,992	5,776	5,480	5,520	5,402	5,262	5,331	6,102	5,844
NWOSU	2,168	2,431	2,641	2,507	2,543	2,258	2,208	2,223	1,788	1,806	1,722
SEOSU	2,201	2,202	2,267	2,445	3,086	3,740	3,795	3,402	3,524	4,267	4,384
SWOSU	4,180	4,549	4,861	5,070	5,174	5,482	5,563	5,053	4,801	4,961	5,243
Cameron	2,430	2,950	3,506	3,524	3,304	3,726	3,713	3,970	3,976	5,193	4,952
Langston	1,279	1,311	1,336	1,225	1,109	1,236	1,250	1,278	1,137	1,153	1,184
Panhandle	1,167	1,267	1,338	1,338	1,341	1,268	1,155	1,127	1,115	1,148	1,076
USAO	1,007	1,033	913	980	929	1,015	1,177	882	1,212	1,230	1,267
OCOMS	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	36	89	165
CAJC	277	311	402	367	432	429	430	625	652	910	1,152
Claremore	752	683	685	777	662	950	1,049	1,079	1,069	1,641	1,759
Connors	548	653	692	749	762	919	924	932	1,124	1,837	1,866
Eastern	1,116	1,135	1,265	1,286	1,336	1,536	1,658	1,623	1,845	1,879	1,747
El Reno	307	341	412	437	425	502	494	481	572	730	825
Murray	751	716	803	757	705	869	730	687	1,010	1,416	1,401
NEOAMC	1,750	2,089	2,368	2,420	2,289	2,316	2,270	2,259	2,330	2,730	2,561
NOC	1,005	1,074	1,207	1,338	1,325	1,453	1,325	1,325	1,194	1,421	1,572
ORJC	--	--	--	--	1,767	3,021	3,643	5,243	6,253	7,766	8,054
Seminole	105	90	89	359	604	705	889	1,275	1,437	1,771	1,906
SOCJC	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,086	1,852	2,572	3,735	4,414
TJC	--	--	--	--	2,796	3,923	4,834	5,002	5,596	6,169	7,138
WOSC	482	535	557	638	665	791	810	884	1,149	1,297	1,552
Sayre	212	208	183	230	308	317	251	266	301	308	315
TOTAL	73,365	78,049	82,978	85,322	91,959	98,156	101,515	105,490	110,586	124,751	127,536

[a] Excludes enrollments in off-campus centers and those in adult education or correspondence courses.

ENROLLMENT OF VETERANS IN OKLAHOMA

Public Law 89-358, Veterans' Readjustment Benefits Act of 1966, gives educational benefits to veterans, certain veterans' dependents, and service men with more than six months active duty after February 1, 1955. Since original enactment, amendments have passed increasing monthly benefits, providing additional entitlement to undergraduate veteran students, and extending to ten years from date of discharge for completion of training.

Veteran Enrollment in Oklahoma

Total Enrollment in Oklahoma	21,433
Institutions of Higher Learning	17,304
On-the-Job Training	645
Secondary and Elementary Schools	29
Business Schools	66
Vocational and Trade Schools	3,389

SUMMARY OF CORRESPONDENCE AND FALL EXTENSION ENROLLMENTS 1976-77

Institution	Correspondence 1976-77	Fall Extension 1976-77
University of Oklahoma	2,482	2,267
Oklahoma State University	1,458	1,140
Central State University	439	--
East Central Oklahoma State University	260	21
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	343	463
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	167	196
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	29	136
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	41	--
Cameron University	--	126
Langston University	--	22
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	--	76
University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma	--	28
TOTAL	5,219	4,475

ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY — FIRST SEMESTER 1976-77

	OU	OU-HSC	OSU	Vet. Med.	OSUTT	OSUTI	CSU	ECOSU	NEOSU	NWOSU	SEOSU	SWOSU	Cameron	Langston	Panhandle	USAO
Adair	7	5	31	0	27	0	0	0	354	4	31	1	0	0	0	2
Alfalfa	14	6	77	0	1	0	2	0	2	127	0	3	0	0	0	0
Atoka	14	3	23	0	10	0	2	43	1	0	190	1	1	0	0	0
Beaver	7	5	33	1	3	1	1	1	0	32	0	34	0	0	87	1
Beckham	36	3	56	4	13	1	3	2	0	10	0	224	2	2	3	2
Blaine	17	6	81	0	25	2	15	4	2	9	0	190	1	0	4	0
Bryan	50	5	27	1	11	0	9	3	1	2	1813	3	1	0	0	0
Caddo	104	13	112	1	33	3	36	5	5	2	13	299	97	3	1	180
Canadian	130	23	287	5	21	108	330	7	5	9	1	234	0	2	3	12
Carter	253	14	180	1	14	2	24	240	4	1	253	13	7	14	1	8
Cherokee	35	5	39	1	42	0	1	1	1240	2	1	2	0	0	0	1
Choctaw	21	0	39	0	18	0	5	8	1	1	136	2	0	4	1	2
Cimarron	6	1	17	0	2	0	7	0	0	1	0	14	0	0	77	0
Cleveland	5687	297	200	0	38	155	286	40	13	4	8	32	5	0	1	7
Coal	8	2	18	0	9	0	1	75	3	0	14	2	0	0	0	1
Comanche	373	40	268	4	67	1	37	3	3	5	7	160	4209	8	0	26
Cotton	20	2	24	1	8	0	3	2	0	1	0	16	76	0	2	0
Craig	22	5	86	4	4	1	6	2	55	0	0	2	0	1	1	0
Creek	99	12	294	2	73	1	66	18	66	1	2	7	4	7	2	1
Custer	68	10	102	0	13	8	11	2	0	12	0	1664	4	1	1	6
Delaware	13	4	64	0	17	0	0	0	197	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Dewey	17	0	25	0	4	1	2	1	0	22	0	87	1	0	13	1
Ellis	14	5	39	1	4	0	3	0	0	38	0	37	0	0	27	0
Garfield	202	45	586	5	28	3	67	3	3	135	1	91	3	3	19	1
Garvin	199	9	126	3	26	2	24	255	4	1	5	6	3	1	0	20
Grady	176	19	117	3	18	13	40	20	3	1	2	58	20	8	2	473
Grant	16	6	80	2	8	0	15	0	0	62	0	2	1	0	1	0
Greer	14	1	41	1	6	1	25	1	0	0	0	71	4	0	1	2
Harmon	12	4	18	0	4	3	1	0	0	2	0	58	13	0	1	1
Harper	11	4	34	1	8	0	3	1	0	48	0	29	0	0	35	0
Haskell	10	3	20	0	18	1	4	3	66	0	16	0	0	0	0	0
Hughes	35	8	45	4	35	2	8	92	2	1	4	3	1	1	1	1
Jackson	108	13	102	2	26	2	31	3	8	5	3	155	68	0	0	2
Jefferson	19	1	32	2	0	0	14	19	0	0	15	13	23	0	0	5
Johnston	21	3	21	1	3	0	1	49	0	5	71	0	0	0	3	0
Kay	226	29	709	5	26	5	125	2	5	70	2	18	1	1	0	3
Kingfisher	32	9	162	3	10	13	80	2	0	25	3	71	0	1	1	0
Kiowa	40	9	68	1	11	2	8	1	3	1	1	132	37	0	2	6
Latimer	13	5	33	3	12	0	5	10	10	0	29	4	0	0	0	1

ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY — FIRST SEMESTER 1976-77 (continued)

	OU	OU-HSC	OSU	Vet. Med.	OSUTT	OSUTI		ECOSU	NEOSU	NWOSU	SEOSU	SWOSU	Cameron	Langston		USAO
LeFlore	57	11	100	2	45	0	11	17	155	2	72	8	1	10	0	0
Lincoln	42	9	167	3	27	9	134	11	6	1	2	9	0	2	0	1
Logan	38	8	175	3	6	9	311	1	2	5	2	7	3	274	0	0
Love	16	3	22	0	5	0	0	19	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	0
McClain	160	4	73	5	13	18	24	63	2	2	3	15	2	0	1	26
McCurtain	51	4	87	2	65	1	9	43	6	1	324	8	1	8	3	0
McIntosh	30	4	49	1	52	0	7	10	125	1	6	3	1	2	0	1
Major	8	2	73	2	2	2	7	1	0	33	1	49	1	0	3	0
Marshall	16	1	19	0	10	0	0	25	0	0	113	3	0	0	0	1
Mayes	35	10	116	3	25	1	6	1	245	1	1	3	0	0	0	0
Murray	41	9	39	1	12	2	3	124	0	0	14	1	0	0	0	0
Muskogee	148	27	243	1	119	3	41	9	1001	3	7	14	3	38	0	0
Noble	17	4	198	3	3	2	24	6	2	13	0	2	0	0	1	0
Nowata	17	2	63	0	1	0	6	0	42	1	1	3	0	0	0	0
Okfuskee	31	1	57	2	50	0	23	41	10	0	3	3	0	36	0	1
Oklahoma	4745	8502	3085	24	168	1705	9312	98	31	36	48	172	21	255	13	2
Okmulgee	122	7	177	2	562	7	25	58	144	4	7	7	0	35	1	0
Osage	45	9	270	1	10	0	38	8	38	30	1	0	0	7	0	0
Ottawa	84	11	118	3	14	0	13	0	46	0	3	5	1	0	1	3
Pawnee	15	2	145	1	18	1	18	3	12	3	1	8	3	0	4	0
Payne	58	28	2197	18	12	1	66	10	13	16	0	7	0	43	3	1
Pittsburg	134	13	141	1	57	2	40	161	42	3	194	7	0	1	0	7
Pontotoc	98	32	81	1	38	0	17	1204	1	1	7	7	2	1	0	2
Pottawatomie	258	17	257	4	45	13	139	134	8	14	8	5	1	8	2	5
Pushmataha	25	1	25	1	16	1	10	18	3	0	81	2	3	0	0	1
Roger Mills	3	1	12	2	6	2	4	0	1	1	0	74	0	0	12	0
Rogers	69	9	191	1	32	2	14	12	179	0	3	4	0	0	1	1
Seminole	117	6	83	2	36	2	34	289	13	1	12	3	0	8	0	4
Sequoyah	27	5	54	2	24	0	10	3	331	1	1	4	1	0	3	0
Stephens	194	18	257	4	22	12	70	61	2	1	17	57	241	0	1	55
Texas	20	8	142	4	19	0	16	3	0	35	2	44	0	0	536	0
Tillman	20	3	75	2	16	2	8	2	3	0	2	53	52	10	0	2
Tulsa	1900	235	1020	36	385	4	237	44	868	24	23	86	1	89	3	2
Wagoner	31	4	97	1	18	0	0	0	265	0	1	1	0	3	0	0
Washington	323	40	773	3	21	5	96	7	64	4	3	17	0	0	2	0
Washita	28	4	68	2	19	4	7	0	0	4	1	269	9	0	2	2
Woods	25	7	55	3	6	0	4	2	0	406	1	12	3	0	12	0
Woodward	40	6	94	0	10	1	20	2	1	198	2	116	0	0	25	0
TOTAL	17247	2059	18214	198	2685	2142	12109	3408	5719	1486	3622	4936	4932	887	919	905

ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY — FIRST SEMESTER 1976-77 (continued)

	OCOMS	CAJC	Claremore	Connors	Eastern	El Reno	Murray	NEOAMC	NOC	ORJC	Seminole	SOCJC	TJC	WOSC	Sayre
Adair	1	0	1	5	4	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
Alfalfa	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	9	0	0	1	0	0	0
Atoka	0	1	0	1	17	0	21	0	0	16	0	4	0	0	0
Beaver	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0
Beckham	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	3	244
Blaine	1	0	1	0	2	16	1	3	4	0	0	7	1	0	0
Bryan	2	0	0	0	3	0	27	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Caddo	0	0	0	0	1	6	3	5	1	1	1	4	1	0	0
Canadian	0	0	0	0	10	626	2	3	2	28	0	123	0	0	0
Carter	3	0	0	0	0	0	395	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cherokee	6	0	2	30	3	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	8	0	0
Choctaw	0	0	0	0	21	1	3	1	0	3	2	2	1	0	0
Cimarron	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Cleveland	4	1	0	1	4	0	15	5	3	577	14	17	3	0	1
Coal	0	0	0	0	8	0	25	1	0	10	1	0	0	0	0
Comanche	3	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	0	9	7	3	1	18	0
Cotton	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Craig	1	0	25	0	0	0	0	190	1	0	0	0	5	0	0
Creek	0	2	18	9	2	0	1	53	0	1	6	1	237	0	1
Custer	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	4	3
Delaware	0	0	7	4	2	0	0	188	0	2	0	0	4	0	0
Dewey	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
Ellis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Garfield	8	1	0	1	4	0	1	8	100	4	0	1	0	0	0
Garvin	0	0	0	0	7	0	24	1	0	20	5	6	0	0	0
Grady	0	0	0	0	0	8	4	2	2	13	0	8	0	4	0
Grant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	52	0	1	0	1	0	0
Greer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	137	6
Harmon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	59	0
Harper	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Haskell	0	25	0	61	72	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Hughes	0	1	0	4	13	1	7	1	0	1	92	3	0	0	0
Jackson	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	1172	0
Jefferson	0	0	0	0	1	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Johnston	0	0	0	0	0	0	421	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Kay	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	9	1003	2	1	1	1	0	1
Kingfisher	0	0	1	0	2	26	1	1	7	5	2	3	0	0	1
Kiowa	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	1	106	3
Latimer	0	1	0	1	395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY — FIRST SEMESTER 1976-77 (continued)

	OCOMS	CAJC	Claremore	Connors	Eastern	El Reno	Murray	NEOAMC	NOC	ORJC	Seminole	SOCJC	TJC	WOSC	Sayre
LeFlore	2	904	0	2	89	0	0	4	0	5	0	0	1	0	0
Lincoln	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	8	1	30	73	2	0	0	0
Logan	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	3	3	17	0	2	0	0	0
Love	0	0	1	0	0	8	38	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
McClain	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	7	22	1	51	0	0	0
McCurtain	5	124	0	3	163	0	12	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
McIntosh	0	4	0	258	34	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	3	0	0
Major	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marshall	0	0	0	0	2	0	103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mayes	2	0	204	7	1	0	0	82	1	1	0	0	17	0	0
Murray	2	0	0	2	0	0	73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Muskogee	3	0	5	1015	10	0	2	29	0	1	0	1	34	0	0
Noble	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	97	2	0	6	1	0	0
Nowata	0	0	29	0	1	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Okfuskee	1	0	0	10	6	0	0	5	0	2	86	1	2	0	0
Oklahoma	27	2	3	5	41	58	17	28	14	6705	16	3344	5	0	0
Okmulgee	1	3	9	93	7	0	0	6	0	0	13	1	41	0	1
Osage	3	0	37	0	2	0	0	34	86	0	0	0	6	0	0
Ottawa	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	944	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Pawnee	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	21	17	0	0	0	40	0	0
Payne	2	0	5	0	2	0	6	9	21	3	3	1	3	0	0
Pittsburg	5	2	0	22	650	0	3	3	0	16	1	5	1	0	0
Pontotoc	1	2	0	0	2	0	38	1	1	4	14	1	0	0	0
Pottawatomie	2	0	0	4	6	0	13	3	3	92	478	3	0	0	1
Pushmataha	1	3	0	0	58	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Roger Mills	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	20
Rogers	4	0	694	6	2	0	0	60	1	2	1	0	69	0	0
Seminole	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	3	0	5	967	1	1	0	0
Sequoyah	3	32	1	212	9	0	2	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Stephens	0	0	0	1	1	0	27	5	0	5	1	0	0	0	0
Texas	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
Tillman	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	1	1	1	0	2	48	0
Tulsa	37	0	563	23	58	2	2	328	7	4	2	1	6368	0	0
Wagoner	3	0	45	77	4	0	0	22	0	1	0	0	35	0	0
Washington	4	0	42	0	2	0	0	91	16	2	0	1	57	0	1
Washita	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	18
Woods	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Woodward	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	2	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	150	1112	1709	1861	1716	747	1330	2265	1475	7633	1794	4250	7018	1551	313

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
SUMMARY OF DEGREES GRANTED, 1976-77 ACADEMIC YEAR

	OU	OU-HSC	OSU	CSU	ECOSU	NEOSU	NWOSU	SEOSU	SWOSU	Cameron	Langston	Panhandle	USAO	TOTAL
BACHELOR'S DEGREES														
Agriculture	—	—	287	—	—	—	12	19	—	19	3	26	—	366
Architecture and Environmental Design	70	—	42	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	112
Area Studies	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Biological Sciences	97	—	215	43	21	21	16	8	49	18	7	3	3	501
Business & Management	497	—	568	409	67	149	35	97	44	138	27	24	35	2090
Communications	170	—	105	37	—	13	—	—	—	—	14	—	3	342
Computer and Information Sciences	—	—	—	56	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	62
Education	325	—	501	332	157	306	88	228	156	131	66	43	29	2362
Engineering	174	—	305	—	11	23	—	71	—	—	—	—	—	584
Fine and Applied Arts	145	—	14	37	8	4	—	4	38	14	8	—	10	282
Foreign Languages	36	—	19	13	1	—	2	4	—	—	—	—	—	75
Health Professions	40	341	38	86	27	8	—	1	185	2	—	—	—	728
Home Economics	54	4	172	19	2	27	7	—	121	15	17	12	8	448
Law	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Letters	80	—	60	40	17	32	12	3	10	17	—	4	6	281
Library Science	1	—	—	6	—	5	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	17
Mathematics	45	—	22	15	10	12	6	8	18	5	2	2	3	148
Military Science	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Physical Sciences	65	—	38	36	11	8	6	15	34	15	1	—	6	235
Psychology	134	—	75	51	14	39	7	10	13	—	—	—	7	352
Public Affairs & Services	50	—	—	—	21	69	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	180
Social Sciences	243	—	173	130	60	66	18	22	38	53	43	2	18	866
Theology	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Interdisciplinary Studies	63	—	30	32	13	—	1	—	—	11	—	—	—	150
Total Bachelor's Degrees	2295	345	2668	1342	440	782	254	496	707	438	178	118	128	10191

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
SUMMARY OF DEGREES GRANTED, 1976-77 ACADEMIC YEAR (continued)

	FIRST PROFESSIONAL				MASTER'S										DOCTOR'S			
	OU	OU-HSC	OSU-VM	TOTAL	OU	OU-HSC	OSU	CSU	ECOSU	NEOSU	NWOSU	SEOSU	SWOSU	TOTAL	OU	OU-HSC	OSU	TOTAL
Agriculture	—	—	—	0	—	—	52	—	—	—	—	—	—	52	—	—	15	15
Architecture and Environmental Design	—	—	—	0	43	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	54	—	—	—	0
Area Studies	—	—	—	0	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	0
Biological Sciences	—	—	—	0	17	7	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	64	9	14	13	36
Business & Management	—	—	—	0	103	—	82	238	—	1	—	50	8	482	7	—	11	18
Communications	—	—	—	0	23	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	3	—	—	3
Computer and Information Sciences	—	—	—	0	15	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	0
Education	—	—	—	0	183	—	205	407	138	334	65	144	190	1666	53	—	62	115
Engineering	—	—	—	0	93	—	128	—	—	—	—	—	—	221	11	—	27	38
Fine and Applied Arts	—	—	—	0	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	6	—	—	6
Foreign Languages	—	—	—	0	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	6	—	—	6
Health Professions	—	173	60	233	4	112	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	122	—	18	1	19
Home Economics	—	—	—	0	7	—	47	—	—	—	—	—	—	54	—	—	—	0
Law	181	—	—	181	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	—	—	—	0
Letters	—	—	—	0	15	—	28	16	—	—	—	—	—	59	5	—	6	11
Library Science	—	—	—	0	83	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	83	—	—	—	0
Mathematics	—	—	—	0	9	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	5	—	6	11
Military Science	—	—	—	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	—	—	—	0
Physical Science	—	—	—	0	34	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	44	21	—	11	32
Psychology	—	—	—	0	7	3	26	—	—	—	—	—	4	40	11	—	14	25
Public Affairs & Services	—	—	—	0	218	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	238	—	—	—	0
Social Sciences	—	—	—	0	54	—	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	89	21	—	8	29
Theology	—	—	—	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	—	—	—	0
Interdisciplinary Studies	—	—	—	0	123	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	134	4	—	—	4
TOTAL	181	173	60	414	1076	122	731	661	138	335	65	194	202	3524	160	32	175	367

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
SUMMARY OF DEGREES GRANTED, 1976-77 ACADEMIC YEAR (continued)

	OU	OU-HSC	OSU	CSU	ECOSU	NEOSU	NWOSU	SEOSU	SWOSU	Cameron	Langston	USAO	Panhandle	TOTAL
ASSOCIATE DEGREES														
Arts & Sciences General	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	8
Data Processing Technologies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	4	—	—	17
Health Services Technologies	—	—	—	6	7	—	—	—	—	39	—	—	—	52
Mechanical Engineering Technologies	—	—	71	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	3	—	—	98
Natural Science Technologies	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Business & Commerce Technologies	—	—	—	1	6	—	—	—	47	—	5	—	—	59
Public Service Related Technologies	—	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	—	—	—	58
Total Associate Degrees	0	0	104	7	13	1	0	0	47	109	12	0	0	293
CERTIFICATES														
Health Services Technologies	—	52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	52
Pre Baccalaureate	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Post Baccalaureate	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Business & Commerce Technologies	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	16
Public Service Related Technologies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Pre Baccalaureate	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Post Baccalaureate	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Total Certificates	0	52	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	68

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
SUMMARY OF DEGREES GRANTED, 1976-77 ACADEMIC YEAR (continued)

	OSUTT	OSUTI	CAJC	Claremore	Connors	Eastern	El Reno	Murray	NEOAMC	NOC	ORJC	Seminole	SOCJC	TJC	WOSC	Sayre	TOTAL
ASSOCIATE DEGREES																	
Arts & Sciences General	—	—	81	190	197	176	69	85	309	138	343	136	77	122	156	29	2108
Data Processing Technologies	8	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	11	7	—	—	23	—	—	88
Health Services Technologies	—	80	1	—	10	9	—	19	39	57	48	20	49	148	3	12	495
Mechanical & Engineering Technologies	628	81	15	1	5	24	—	18	66	11	30	—	6	21	7	2	915
Natural Science Technologies	39	6	—	1	—	51	—	5	31	3	9	—	3	5	3	—	156
Business & Commerce Technologies	216	—	1	26	9	14	12	—	60	32	112	10	36	58	5	—	591
Public Service Related Technologies	—	58	—	20	13	—	4	—	12	11	18	5	8	41	30	—	220
Total Associate Degrees	891	241	98	238	234	274	85	127	540	263	567	171	179	418	204	43	4573
CERTIFICATES																	
Arts & Sciences General	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Data Processing Technologies	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	13	—	—	60
Health Services Technologies	16	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	9	—	30
Mechanical & Engineering Technologies	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	—	—	51
Natural Science Technologies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0
Business & Commerce Technologies	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	11	—	—	16
Public Service Related Technologies	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	1	—	—	28
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Certificates	101	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	32	9	0	185

NUMBER OF DEGREES GRANTED IN THE UNITED STATES—1974-75

State	Bachelor's Requiring 4 or 5 Years	First-Professional Requiring At Least 6 Years	Master's	Doctor's	Total
Alabama	14,236	838	5,180	196	20,450
Alaska	610	—	243	10	863
Arizona	8,994	284	3,866	413	13,557
Arkansas	6,997	228	1,437	105	8,767
California	82,878	5,784	27,584	3,628	119,874
Colorado	14,073	673	3,940	701	19,387
Connecticut	13,647	551	5,863	584	20,645
Delaware	2,776	—	485	76	3,337
District of Columbia	6,641	2,267	5,070	568	14,546
Florida	26,315	1,187	7,258	1,141	35,901
Georgia	16,759	1,130	7,360	548	25,797
Hawaii	3,814	62	1,298	97	5,271
Idaho	2,805	75	599	65	3,544
Illinois	44,447	3,631	16,611	2,131	66,820
Indiana	24,477	1,206	10,046	1,300	37,029
Iowa	13,480	1,347	2,377	551	17,755
Kansas	12,198	563	3,046	448	16,255
Kentucky	12,000	1,135	4,517	251	17,903
Louisiana	16,759	1,134	4,326	386	22,605
Maine	4,690	69	736	26	5,521
Maryland	16,239	940	5,015	649	22,843
Massachusetts	36,569	3,082	13,887	2,018	55,556
Michigan	36,816	2,072	14,887	1,635	55,410
Minnesota	18,429	1,067	2,918	540	22,954
Mississippi	9,643	294	2,850	255	13,042
Missouri	21,352	1,954	6,700	704	30,710
Montana	3,722	61	613	81	4,477
Nebraska	8,381	716	1,517	229	10,843
Nevada	1,428	—	443	97	1,968
New Hampshire	5,023	57	721	62	5,863
New Jersey	25,188	1,208	8,163	718	35,277
New Mexico	4,727	162	1,362	143	6,394
New York	82,929	5,094	38,681	3,451	130,155
North Carolina	23,406	1,090	4,480	162	29,138
North Dakota	3,627	47	466	67	4,207
Ohio	45,602	2,799	11,918	1,565	61,884
Oklahoma	13,494	736	3,850	498	18,578
Oregon	10,118	749	3,132	465	14,464
Pennsylvania	55,545	3,269	14,515	1,771	75,100
Rhode Island	6,479	58	1,787	204	8,528
South Carolina	10,796	541	3,116	162	14,615
South Dakota	4,165	68	695	46	4,974
Tennessee	17,623	1,212	4,690	578	24,103
Texas	50,231	3,201	13,803	1,541	68,776
Utah	9,264	233	2,293	455	12,245
Vermont	3,781	69	1,146	41	5,037
Virginia	19,056	1,028	4,661	479	25,224
Washington	16,929	804	3,616	539	21,888
West Virginia	8,413	226	1,969	110	10,718
Wisconsin	21,735	854	5,386	917	28,992
Wyoming	1,306	61	352	78	1,797
TOTAL	920,612	55,916	291,474	33,485	1,301,487

ACCREDITED INSTITUTIONS IN OKLAHOMA HIGHER EDUCATION

Institutions listed below are fully accredited by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education as of July 1, 1976. These institutions are also accredited by the North Central Association, the regional accrediting agency, except those indicated by an asterisk. Those institutions that are candidates for regional accreditation are indicated by a double asterisk.

Institution	Location
COMPREHENSIVE AND REGIONAL STATE UNIVERSITIES	
University of Oklahoma	Norman
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater
Central State University	Edmond
East Central Oklahoma State University	Ada
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	Tahlequah
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Alva
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Durant
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	Weatherford
Cameron University	Lawton
Langston University	Langston
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	Goodwell
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma	Chickasha
The Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery (Professional College)	Tulsa
STATE JUNIOR COLLEGES	
**Carl Albert Junior College	Poteau
Claremore Junior College	Claremore
Connors State College	Warner
Eastern Oklahoma State College	Wilburton
**El Reno Junior College	El Reno
Murray State College	Tishomingo
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	Miami
Northern Oklahoma College	Tonkawa
Oscar Rose Junior College	Midwest City
Seminole Junior College	Seminole
South Oklahoma City Junior College	Oklahoma City
Tulsa Junior College	Tulsa
Western Oklahoma State College	Altus
*Sayre Junior College (Community Junior College)	Sayre

Institution	Location
INDEPENDENT SENIOR COLLEGES	
**American Christian College	Tulsa
**Bartlesville Wesleyan College	Bartlesville
Bethany Nazarene College	Bethany
*Midwest Christian College	Oklahoma City
Oklahoma Baptist University	Shawnee
Oklahoma Christian College	Oklahoma City
Oklahoma City University	Oklahoma City
*Oklahoma Missionary Baptist College, Institute & Seminary	Marlow
Oral Roberts University	Tulsa
Phillips University	Enid
University of Tulsa	Tulsa
INDEPENDENT JUNIOR COLLEGES	
Bacone College	Muskogee
*Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College	Moore
St. Gregory's College	Shawnee
Southwestern College	Oklahoma City
*Spartan School of Aeronautics (Proprietary Junior College)	Tulsa

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
STATE SCHOLARSHIPS GRANTED 1976-77

State scholarships are authorized by the State Regents on the basis of one percent of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the previous year as a maximum total at each institution.

Institution Granting Scholarship	Number of Students Helped	Amount of Funds Used	Maximum Funds Authorized
University of Oklahoma	1,029	$321,708.04	$371,471.09
Oklahoma State University	1,075	312,893.08	342,036.14
Central State University	239	53,468.11	120,700.94
East Central Oklahoma State University	245	32,445.27	34,381.41
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	232	69,726.24	70,641.82
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	110	24,600.00	24,553.30
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	328	37,300.00	46,071.11
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	121	31,605.10	63,791.08
Cameron University	114	34,296.79	42,995.54
Langston University	108	12,738.77	20,782.97
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	41	11,010.00	17,886.16
University of Science & Arts of Okla.	51	10,691.15	18,567.43
Carl Albert Junior College	26	8,150.00	5,169.52
Claremore Junior College	58	14,655.00	10,947.49
Connors State College	95	7,500.00	11,399.85
Eastern Oklahoma State College	71	15,382.00	20,619.79
El Reno Junior College	41	5,425.00	4,933.11
Murray State College	30	5,952.00	11,206.59
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	99	27,151.00	25,575.07
Northern Oklahoma College	85	11,010.50	13,683.54
Oscar Rose Junior College	80	21,000.00	45,598.80
Seminole Junior College	70	11,766.25	11,497.57
South Oklahoma City Junior College	225	26,311.00	26,073.18
Tulsa Junior College	--	--	55,745.70
Western Oklahoma State College	56	8,389.75	8,963.85
TOTAL 1976-77	4,629	$1,115,175.05	$1,425,293.05

GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM

House Bill 1056 of the 30th Oklahoma Legislature directed the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education to develop a loan guarantee program to assist students in securing educational loans. Title IV-B of the Higher Education Act of 1965 provided for federal advances to the reserve fund of loan guarantee programs maintained by the several states. Final arrangements were completed in the fall of 1966 with the U. S. Office of Education so that this program could become operational.

As of June 30, 1977, a total of $240,168 in federal funds had been received for this program. This amount together with some $895,000 in state funds was maintained as a "reserve" against death or default. The number and dollar volume of loans outstanding by lending institutions and by educational institutions is shown in the following tables. Subsequent to the end of the last biennium, additional state funds together with amended federal legislation has considerably broadened the scope of this program.

GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM
"IN-SCHOOL" LOANS AS OF JUNE 30, 1977

Institution	Total	
	Number	Amount
University of Oklahoma	896	$ 863,590.22
OU Health Sciences Center	712	943,534.52
Oklahoma State University	2,484	2,198,224.48
OSU-TECH — Oklahoma City	45	27,460.00
OSU-TECH — Okmulgee	72	60,090.96
Central State University	331	277,095.20
East Central Oklahoma State University	123	68,307.01
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	456	389,510.02
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	96	68,958.44
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	107	93,410.96
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	512	403,483.31
Cameron University	60	44,341.00
Langston University	100	70,866.00
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	14	12,350.00
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma	13	12,060.00
Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery	232	293,904.16
Claremore Junior College	20	11,698.00
Connors State College	28	16,930.00
Eastern Oklahoma State College	43	37,200.00
El Reno Junior College	6	4,800.00
Murray State College	26	23,400.00
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	49	42,501.76
Northern Oklahoma College	48	36,150.00
Oscar Rose Junior College	94	65,860.00
Seminole Junior College	4	3,250.00
South Oklahoma City Junior College	9	7,600.00
Tulsa Junior College	5	4,350.00
Western Oklahoma State College	13	9,400.00
Sayre Junior College	46	31,842.62
University of Tulsa	244	208,385.25
Bartlesville Wesleyan College	2	1,900.00
Bethany Nazarene College	116	109,171.60
Oklahoma Baptist University	117	105,987.45
Oklahoma Christian College	75	67,552.72
Oklahoma City University	217	238,512.98
Oral Roberts University	43	44,195.09
Phillips University	78	47,463.51
Bacone College	6	5,600.00
Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College	2	1,795.94
St. Gregory's College	3	3,200.00
Southwestern College	4	3,400.00

Institution	City	Total	
		Number	Amount
American College of Health Careers	Okla. City	2	$ 1,730.00
O. T. Autry Vocational-Technical Center	Enid	5	3,057.00
Baptist Memorial Hospital School of X-Ray Technology	Okla. City	1	1,200.00
Bryan Institute	Tulsa	99	72,132.00
Canadian Valley Area Vocational-Technical Center	El Reno	1	1,000.00
Gordon Cooper Area Vocational-Technical Center	Shawnee	3	3,600.00
Draughon School of Business	Okla. City	2	1,700.00
Great Plains Area Vocational-Technical Center-School of Practical Nursing	Lawton	1	1,200.00
Hillcrest Medical Center School of Medical Records Librarians	Tulsa	2	2,000.00
Hillcrest Medical Center School of Radiology	Tulsa	2	2,400.00
Indian-Meridian Area Vocational-Technical Center	Stillwater	1	1,000.00
Kiamichi Area Vocational-Technical Center	Wilburton	5	4,400.00
Moore-Norman Area Vocational-Technical Center	Norman	4	4,000.00
Oklahoma School of Banking and Business	Okla. City	61	61,016.00
Oklahoma School of Business Accounting, Law and Finance	Tulsa	4	4,400.00
Paul's Beauty College	Okla. City	3	3,200.00
Pioneer Area Vocational-Technical School	Ponca City	9	10,200.00
Red River Area Vocational-Technical Center	Duncan	2	1,500.00
Shawnee Beauty College	Shawnee	3	1,800.00
St. Anthony Hospital School of Nursing	Okla. City	5	4,000.00
Sooner Mechanical Trade School	Okla. City	6	4,600.00
Southwest Automotive School	Okla. City	26	25,766.00
Spartan School of Aeronautics	Tulsa	21	20,230.00
Tri-County Area Vocational-Technical School	Bartlesville	12	14,400.00
Tulsa County Vocational-Technical Center-School of Practical Nursing	Tulsa	2	1,600.00
United Electronics, Incorporated	Okla. City	48	47,740.00
Western Oklahoma Area Vocational-Technical Center	Burns Flat	10	9,994.00
Out of State		784	856,998.64
Foreign		13	16,116.00
Sub-Total (In-School)		8,688	$ 8,202,312.84
Payout Notes		7,558	11,494,817.80
Military Service		383	557,186.36
Vista-Peace Corp		8	9,001.26
Out of School (Not yet converted to Payout)		4,424	3,678,634.36
TOTALS		21,061	$23,941,952.62

STUDENT FINANCIAL AIDS

As the cost of education increases, more and more students become concerned about finances. The following seven programs which have provided assistance for more than a million students during this academic year should be of interest.

Basic Educational Opportunity Grants: This new program provides for the payment of Basic Grant awards to students attending eligible institutions of higher education. All other sources of aid will be given ***in addition to*** the Basic Grant. The maximum grant eligibility for each student is $1400 less the amount the student and his family can be expected to contribute toward the student's education. The amount of this expected family contribution is determined on the basis of a family contribution schedule developed by the Office of Education which was printed in final form in the *Federal Register* on June 11, 1973.

College Work-Study: A program of employment in which the students, particularly one from a low-income family, is compensated for the number of hours he works for the institution, or for an eligible off-campus agency.

National Direct Student Loans: A program of borrowing, primarily for needy students, in which the student has an obligation to repay his loan, with three percent interest, within a ten-year period following college attendance.

Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants: A program of direct grants in which the student receives a non-obligating award of funds, based on exceptional financial need and evidence of academic or creative promise.

Guaranteed Loans: A program of borrowing, primarily for students from middle or upper income families. The student has an obligation to repay his loan with seven percent interest, after completing his full-time studies.

The Oklahoma Student Loan Program: The 1972 Oklahoma Legislature enacted into law Senate Bill #618 which created the Oklahoma Student Loan Authority to provide loans to students of Oklahoma as may be needed to help pay the cost of their education. The program will supplement the existing Guaranteed Student Loan Program and will provide a lending source to eligible students who may not otherwise be able to identify a lender.

Oklahoma Tuition Aid Grant Program: A program of direct grants to financially needy students supported by matching State and Federal funds. Maximum grants amount to up to $500 per year depending upon family income, family size, and educational costs. The program which began operation during 1974-75 is administered by the State Regents.

DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS THROUGH COLLEGE WORK-STUDY PROGRAM; NATIONAL DIRECT STUDENT LOANS; SUPPLEMENTAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GRANTS, BY INSTITUTION, FISCAL YEAR 1977

Institution	College Work-Study		National Direct Loans		Supplemental Educ. Opportunity Grants	
	Est. Number of Students	Amount of Funds	Est. Number of Students	Amount of Funds	Est. Number of Students	Amount of Funds
OU	1,578	$ 694,349	2,438	$ 899,546	108	$ 58,394
OSU	887	390,430	952	351,424	451	242,883
OSU-TT	667	293,608	--	--	150	81,116
OSU-TI	38	16,579	--	--	--	--
CSU	433	190,427	16	5,779	73	39,440
ECOSU	626	275,623	--	--	206	111,090
NEOSU	1,413	621,727	2,277	840,214	380	204,958
NWOSU	119	52,307	--	--	8	4,176
SEOSU	519	228,538	630	230,395	256	137,877
SWOSU	339	149,148	--	--	31	16,805
Cameron U.	254	111,700	--	--	46	24,623
Langston U.	--	--	--	--	--	--
Panhandle U.	14	6,052	--	--	22	11,747
USAO	307	135,014	--	--	123	66,373
CAJC	107	46,869	34	12,377	55	29,498
Claremore	332	145,982	72	26,743	150	80,972
Connors	163	71,901	--	--	323	174,258
Eastern	186	81,807	--	--	114	61,446
El Reno	40	17,818	--	--	43	23,256
Murray	158	69,703	152	56,269	61	32,700
NEOAMC	411	180,698	--	--	127	68,672
NOC	90	39,672	--	--	25	13,605
ORJC	179	78,955	155	57,175	84	45,530
Seminole	45	19,845	37	13,794	16	8,521
SOCJC	526	231,228	116	42,756	94	50,663
TJC	161	70,834	--	--	21	11,502
WOSC	41	18,174	--	--	--	--
Sayre	38	16,882	--	--	19	10,088
TU	198	87,052	797	294,265	80	43,028
ACC	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bethany	64	27,999	205	75,659	68	36,657
MCC	--	--	--	--	--	--
OBU	95	41,640	161	59,397	200	107,962
OCC	289	127,283	561	207,045	360	193,968
OCU	316	139,204	1,071	396,028	219	117,851
ORU	46	20,335	1,086	400,597	192	103,240
Phillips	134	58,828	--	--	99	53,401
Bacone	115	50,597	--	--	122	65,617
BWC	156	68,779	--	--	104	56,185
St. Greg.	72	31,774	75	27,510	28	15,126
SWC	66	28,889	--	--	7	3,800
Hillsdale	56	24,763	109	40,261	7	3,765
TOTAL	11,278	$4,962,963	10,944	$4,097,691	4,472	$2,410,803

TITLE VII, HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education was designated by the Governor of Oklahoma in 1964 as the agency responsible for administration of Title VII of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (formerly Title I of the Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963).

As the State Commission for this program, the State Regents were charged with the responsibility of developing a State Plan setting forth the method for assignment of priorities to applications for federal grants for the construction of undergraduate academic facilities. The Oklahoma State Plan, developed in accordance with regulations established by the U. S. Commissioner of Education, assigns priorities on the basis of future enrollment growth and the degree of utilization of existing facilities.

As of June 30, 1977, some $1.7 billion in grants have been approved nationwide, of which amount $26,465,463 has been received by Oklahoma institutions as shown in the following table:

GRANTS RECEIVED BY OKLAHOMA INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VII, HEFA FISCAL YEARS 1965-1975

Fiscal Year	Institution	Type of Project	Amount of Grant
1965	OSU	Library	$ 275,000
		Engineering	99,050
		Science	80,894
		Library Air-Conditioning	27,251
	Altus	Science/Math	44,044
	NEOAMC	Technical Education	175,950
		Library	348,999
	TU	Science/Math	96,714
		Library	81,121
	Bethany	Science	315,184
		Library	155,553
	OCC	Library	300,110
	ORU	Multiple Purpose Academic Complex	573,280
	St. Greg.	Science	152,065
		Library-Classroom Building	141,311
	SWC	Library	46,466
		Total Fiscal Year 1965	$2,912,992
1966	OU	Social Science Building	995,000
	OSU	Agriculture Building	885,959
		Gunderson Hall	40,658
		Communications Building	6,667
	CSU	Library	1,071,900
	ECSC	Classroom Building	420,667
	NESC	Library	636,667
	SESC	Science Addition	215,333
		Library Addition	234,333
	SWSC	Library	444,000
		Chemistry/Physics/Pharmacy	191,541
	Cameron	Classroom Building and Technical Classroom	544,880
	Langston	Library, Science, Music, Auditorium	684,333
	Claremore	Classroom Building	155,760
	Connors	Physical Education/Library	283,696
	Eastern	Science Building, Physical Education Addition, Library	345,820
	CAJC	Classroom Building	83,333
	OCU	Fine Arts	143,245
		Total Fiscal Year 1966	$7,383,792
1967	OU	Physical Science and Central Utility Plant	1,280,011
		Social Science (Supplement)	150,000
	OSU	Life Science	341,582
		Math/Statistics, Computer Science	201,625
		Physical Education Building	900,000
	CSU	Language Arts/Fine Arts, Art Building	717,666
	ECSC	Air-Conditioning/Science Building	26,593

Grants Received by Oklahoma Institutions (continued)

Fiscal Year	Institution	Type of Project	Amount of Grant
1967	NESC	Fine Arts	157,667
		Education Building Renovation	82,500
	NWSC	Physical Education-Jesse Dunn Building	280,116
		Library	152,333
	SWSC	Physical Education Building	79,000
		Classroom Building	241,333
		Convert Old Library to Art Building	64,651
	Cameron	Administration	177,600
	Langston	Renovation of Administration and Science	147,581
	Panhandle	Industrial Arts/Library Remodeling	246,044
	Altus	Library/Classroom	66,943
	Murray	Library/Physical Education Auditorium/Administration	241,960
	NEOAMC	Fine Arts/Physical Education	563,600
		Administration/Science	66,000
	NOC	Science Renovation	275,800
	OCU	Fine Arts (Supplement)	245,534
		Total Fiscal Year 1967	$6,706,139
1968	OU	Social Science (Supplement)	$ 30,000
		Art Building	700,333
	OSU	New Beef Cattle Facility	240,720
		Convert and Renovate Humanities and Life Science Building including Auditorium	705,276
		Rehabilitate Morrill Hall and Engineering South	184,000
	CSU	Renovation of Library	70,000
		Language Arts, Fine Arts, Art Building (Supplement)	8,667
	ECSC	Addition to Industrial Arts	99,667
	NESC	Rehabilitate and Convert Administration Building	91,667
		Addition to Library (Supplement)	18,995
		Fine Arts Addition (Supplement)	7,058
		Education Building Renovation (Supplement)	6,469
		Addition to Practical Arts, Convert Student Union to Administration	449,275
	SESC	Science Addition (Supplement)	80,000
		Renovation of Classroom	60,875
	SWSC	Physical Education Addition (Supplement)	9,014
	Cameron	Administration Building (Supplement)	5,733

Grants Received by Oklahoma Institutions (continued)

Fiscal Year	Institution	Type of Project	Amount of Grant
1968	OCLA	Renovate Second Floor of Gary Hall	9,075
	Panhandle	Industrial Arts/Addition to Library/Renovation of Hesper and Sewell-Loofburrow (Supplement)	21,581
	Altus	Classroom/Laboratory	37,760
		Vocational Building	47,151
	NEOAMC	Fine Arts/Gym (Supplement)	66,667
	NOC	Science/Renovation (Supplement)	60,741
		Education Materials Lab	11,615
	TU	Addition to Oliphant Hall	112,687
		Renovation of Lorton Hall, Administration Building	307,894
		Total Fiscal Year 1968	$3,442,920
1969	OSU	Life Science Building (Supplement)	$ 5,468
	SWSC	Chemistry/Physics/Pharmacy (Supplement)	56,573
		Conversion of Library to Art Building (Supplement)	12,681
	Cameron	Administration Building (Supplement)	58,334
	Langston	Renovation of Administration and Science Building (Supplement)	37,419
	OCLA	Alteration and addition to Davis Hall, Central Utility Plant, Physical Education Rehabilitation	275,000
	Altus	Classroom and Laboratory Building (Supplement)	14,626
	NEOAMC	Renovation of Shipley Hall (Supplement)	5,200
	NOC	Educational Materials Laboratory (Supplement)	9,446
	Bethany	Fine Arts Addition and Renovation of Auditorium	213,814
	OCC	New Science, Physical Education, and Social Science Buildings	562,470
	OCU	New Library	716,000
	ORJC	Multi-Purpose Academic Complex	1,249,399
		Total Fiscal Year 1969	$3,216,430
1970	OSU	Beef Cattle Facilities (Supplement)	$ 34,009
	CSU	Administration Building	288,000
	SESC	Renovation of Classroom Building (Supplement)	35,422
	El Reno	Academic Building	337,728
	Seminole	Academic Building	340,000
		Total Fiscal Year 1970	$1,035,159

Grants Received by Oklahoma Institutions (continued)

Fiscal Year	Institution	Type of Project	Amount of Grant
1971	El Reno	Academic Building (Supplement)	$ 68,636
	ORJC	Multi-Purpose Academic Complex (Supplement)	479,713
	Seminole	Academic Building (Supplement)	55,000
		Total Fiscal Year 1971	$ 603,349
1972	CSU	Administration Building (Supplement)	$ 36,028
	ECSC	Physical Education	213,272
	CAJC	Science Building	100,000
	SOCJC	Academic Building	39,085
	SWC	Library	200,000
		Total Fiscal Year 1972	$ 588,385
1973	No Funds Available		
1974	OSU	Armory Renovation	$ 239,000
	SWC	Library (Supplement)	45,632
	CAJC	Physical Education	150,000
	CAJC	Library Addition	50,000
	El Reno	Science Addition	41,665
	Sayre	Library Addition	50,000
		Total Fiscal Year 1974	$ 576,297
1975	No Funds Available		
1976	No Funds Available		
1977	No Funds Available		

TITLE VI-A, HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

In 1966, the Governor of Oklahoma designated the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education as the agency responsible for administration of Title VI-A of the Higher Education Act of 1965. This new program provided for matching grants for the purchase of undergraduate instructional equipment. Two types of equipment are eligible. Laboratory and other special equipment and materials may be purchased for instruction in a variety of subjects. Another part of the program involves equipment and materials for closed-circuit instructional television.

The responsibility of the State Regents with regard to this program is similar to that involved in the Title VII-A program. The State Commission develops a State Plan for distributing the available funds to Oklahoma institutions. The State Commission reviews applications, and forwards successful applications to the Office of Education in Washington for final review and issuance of grants to institutions.

Grants have been recommended by the State Commission for this program during its first eleven fiscal years in the amount of $1,918,391 as shown in the following table.

GRANTS RECEIVED BY OKLAHOMA INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, TITLE VI-A, HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

FISCAL YEAR 1966

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
Oklahoma State University	$ 45,221		
Central State University	43,879		
East Central State College	13,773		
Northeastern State College	46,721		
Northwestern State College	23,252		
Southeastern State College	14,665		
Southwestern State College	6,247		
Langston University	21,621		
Oklahoma Panhandle State College	10,247		
Claremore Junior College	903		
Northern Oklahoma College	1,521		
Bethany Nazarene College	5,555		
Sub-Total		$233,605	
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television			
Oklahoma State University	11,436		
East Central State College	14,520		
Sub-Total		$ 25,956	
Total			$259,561

FISCAL YEAR 1967

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
University of Oklahoma	$ 27,627		
Oklahoma State University	45,913		
Central State University	42,846		
Northeastern State College	43,362		
Northwestern State College	6,687		
Southeastern State College	7,871		
Southwestern State College	41,237		
University of Tulsa	14,023		
Sub-Total		$229,566	
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television			
Northeastern State College	25,432		
Altus Junior College	1,056		
Sub-Total		$ 26,488	
Total			$256,054

FISCAL YEAR 1968

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
Oklahoma State University	$ 43,739		
Central State University	36,419		
East Central State College	13,550		
Northeastern State College	8,108		
Northwestern State College	14,215		
Southwestern State College	43,739		
Cameron College	10,167		
Altus Junior College	2,062		
Carl Albert Junior College	2,959		
University of Tulsa	43,739		
Sub-Total		$218,697	
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television			
Oklahoma State University	12,659		
Northwestern State College	12,575		
Sub-Total		$ 25,234	
Total			$243,931

FISCAL YEAR 1969

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
University of Oklahoma	$ 14,547		
Oklahoma State University	43,411		
Central State University	40,249		
Northeastern State College	19,368		
Southwestern State College	43,636		
Oklahoma Panhandle State College	20,997		
University of Tulsa	35,976		
Sub-Total		$218,184	
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television			
Central State University	22,981		
University of Tulsa	2,194		
Sub-Total		$ 25,175	
Total			$243,359

FISCAL YEAR 1970
No Funds Available

FISCAL YEAR 1971

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
Oklahoma State University	$ 19,572		
Central State University	13,959		
East Central State College	8,331		
Northeastern State College	9,571		
Northwestern State College	3,423		
Southwestern State College	19,572		
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	3,863		
Southwestern College	19,572		
Sub-Total		$ 97,863	
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television			
University of Oklahoma	9,111		
Oklahoma State University	3,474		
Southwestern State College	3,726		
Sub-Total		$ 16,311	
Total			$114,174

FISCAL YEAR 1972

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
Oklahoma State University	$ 23,896		
Central State University	30,975		
Southeastern State College	30,609		
Southwestern State College	36,030		
Seminole Junior College	22,644		
South Oklahoma City Junior College	36,000		
Sub-Total		$180,154	
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television			
Oklahoma State Regents	$ 1,282		
Seminole Junior College	7,285		
South Oklahoma City Junior College	16,000		
Sub-Total		$ 24,567	
Total			$204,721

FISCAL YEAR 1973

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
University of Oklahoma	$ 10,736		
Oklahoma State University	27,386		
Central State University	23,447		
Northeastern State College	33,304		
Northwestern State College	11,153		
El Reno Junior College	8,386		
Oscar Rose Junior College	29,734		
South Oklahoma City Junior College	22,374		
Sub-Total		$166,520	
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television			
Northwestern State College	$ 367		
South Oklahoma City Junior College	22,340		
Sub-Total		$ 22,707	
Total			$189,227

FISCAL YEAR 1974

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
Oklahoma State University	$ 31,192		
Northeastern State College	31,192		
Southwestern State College	31,192		
Cameron College	11,725		
Panhandle State College	9,188		
Altus Junior College	7,640		
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	13,582		
Tulsa University	20,249		
Sub-Total		$155,960	
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television			
University of Oklahoma	10,405		
Oklahoma State University	7,672		
Seminole Junior College	3,190		
Sub-Total		$ 21,267	
Total			$177,227

FISCAL YEAR 1975

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
Oklahoma State University	$ 19,729		
East Central Oklahoma State University	6,348		
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	12,413		
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	19,729		
Cameron University	10,849		
Oscar Rose Junior College	19,729		
Seminole Junior College	9,851		
Sub-Total		$ 98,648	
Closed Circuit Instructional Television			
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	$ 3,114		
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	4,500		
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	5,882		
Western Oklahoma State College	9,400		
Sub-Total		$ 22,896	
Total			$121,544

FISCAL YEAR 1976

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
Oklahoma State University	$ 596		
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	17,269		
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	16,673		
Connors State College	17,269		
El Reno Junior College	17,269		
Oscar Rose Junior College	17,269		
Sub-Total		$86,345	
Closed Circuit Instructional Television			
University of Oklahoma	$ 20,344		
South Oklahoma City Junior College	1,242		
Sub-Total		$21,586	
Total			$107,931

FISCAL YEAR 1977

Institution	Amount of Grant		
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment			
Central State University	$ 14,111		
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	17,374		
Cameron University	17,374		
Connors State College	9,857		
El Reno Junior College	10,784		
Oscar Rose Junior College	17,374		
Sub-Total		$86,874	
Closed Circuit Instructional Television			
Oklahoma State University	$ 7,490		
Claremore Junior College	14,229		
Sub-Total		$21,719	
Total			$108,593

COMPREHENSIVE FACILITIES PLANNING

The long-range planning efforts of the State Regents have been expanded and strengthened during the past years with the assistance of funds provided by the Higher Education Facilities Act, as amended by the Higher Education Act of 1965. From 1967 through 1974 the State Regents received $346,478 grants from this source.

These funds have enabled the State Regents to refine their system of facilities inventory and to include all private and municipal institutions in the inventory. The State Regents have also been able to convert the facilities data to computerized format and to begin the development of a computer-based comprehensive data system as the basis for long-range planning studies such as utilization and academic space needs.

As of 1974, grants for specific planning purposes are no longer available.

REGENTS' PUBLICATIONS

The information gathered, analyzed, and published by the State Regents provides the foundation upon which sound planning is based. In addition to reports published annually, a number of special purpose documents were published by the State Regents in Fiscal 1976-77.

Regular Reports:

Faculty Salaries in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education

College and University Salaries in Ten Mid-Western States

Operating Budget Needs of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education

Compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, Annual Report

Compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, Semiannual Report

Oklahoma Higher Education Televised Instruction System Bulletin - Spring, Summer, and Fall

Enrollments in Oklahoma Higher Education - Spring, Summer, and Fall

Degrees Conferred in Oklahoma Higher Education

Eighteenth Biennial Report — Part II

A Comparison of Student Costs in Public Institutions of Higher Education in Ten Mid-Western States

Current Operating Income and Expenditures, Oklahoma State Colleges and Universities

Inventory of Technical Education Programs

Facts about Oklahoma Higher Education

Special Reports: 1976-77

Oklahoma Higher Education Code

Proceedings of Ten-State Regional Conference

Proceedings of Great Issues in Higher Education Seminar.

THE OKLAHOMA COLLEGE TESTING PROGRAM

In the fall of 1959 all Oklahoma institutions of higher learning, both publicly and independently controlled, began a statewide testing program for high school seniors seeking admission to college.

The Oklahoma program is affiliated with the American College Testing Program, with headquarters at Iowa City, Iowa. Approximately 932,241 high school seniors, throughout the nation took the ACT examination during the 1976-77 school year.

In Oklahoma during 1976-77, some 31,279 students were tested.

Colleges and universities in the State System require that each entering freshman student must have had the ACT examination before the student can complete his enrollment as a freshman in college.

Colleges use the scores on the test in guidance, in admission, and in awarding scholarship aid to their applicants, as well as in placing those accepted in course sections or programs appropriate to their ability. High school advisors, individual students themselves, and their parents use the scores in helping plan for further education and careers.

Five scores are yielded by the ACT test. There are four part-scores indicating general aptitude for success (rather than mastery of specific course content) in English, mathematics, the social studies and the natural sciences. There is also a composite score. The composite score has been found to be as highly predictive of average college freshman grades as any other single index. The part-scores indicate general strengths or weaknesses in each of the four areas while the English and mathematics part-scores may be used for freshman course placement.

Booklets which tell how to interpret and use the scores, and which present normative and technical data, are provided by the program.

REGENTS' RESOLUTIONS DURING THE 1976-77 FISCAL YEAR

The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education transact appropriate business by official resolutions of the board. Other agenda may be subject to motions duly passed. A record of earlier resolutions by the board may be found in previous biennial reports published by the Regents.

Resolutions enacted by the Regents during the period July 1, 1976, through June 30, 1977, are listed below:

Resolution No. 1415. July 6, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $2,132.01 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7531.

Resolution No. 1416. July 6, 1976. A resolution allocating $350,000 to the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of Senate Bill No. 532 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature for operation of the Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1417. July 6, 1976. A resolution allocating $75,000 to the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903 from anticipated income to the agency's Revolving Fund for operation of the Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1418. July 6, 1976. A resolution allocating $60,000 to the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 19771, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature for equipment and other initial costs for the Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory in the Campus Master Plan Project No. 7612.

Resolution No. 1419. July 8, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $37,100 to Central State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7608.

Resolution No. 1420. July 9, 1976. A resolution allocating $100,000 to implement The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education Civil

Rights State Plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977, pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1421. June 30, 1976. A resolution allocating $257,905 to institutions of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education as a result of a contract with the State Board of Vocational and Technical Education for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets and Technical Education Programs for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1422. July 12, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $319,064 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7609.

Resolution No. 1423. July 13, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $55,000 to the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7612.

Resolution No. 1424. July 14, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $153,300 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for purchase of equipment in accordance with the approved Campus Master Plan.

Resolution No. 1425. July 14, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $321,700 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for space acquisition in accordance with the Campus Master Plan expansion of the institution.

Resolution No. 1426. July 16, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $4,253.18 to El Reno Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 253 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series A, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7533.

Resolution No. 1427. July 26, 1976. A resolution allocating $90,000 to the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine from anticipated income to agency's Revolving Fund for support of the newly assigned function of the College of Veterinary Medicine, that of operation of the *Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory* for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1428. July 21, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $8,600 to Langston University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7543.

Resolution No. 1429. July 27, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $57,375.40 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital.

Resolution No. 1430. August 9, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $10,000 to Western Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, a Section of Phase II of Project No. 7539.

Resolution No. 1431. August 16, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $20,461.11 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital.

Resolution No. 1432. August 17, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $19,880 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7615.

Resolution No. 1433. August 25, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $57,461.54 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital.

Resolution No. 1434. September 1, 1976. A resolution allocating $150,000 to the University of Oklahoma for the purpose of support a Scholar-Leadership Enrichment Program, pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of Senate Bill No. 532 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1435. September 15, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $10,115.60 to Oklahoma Panhandle State University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7616.

Resolution 1436. September 16, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $25,000 to Oklahoma Panhandle State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7616.

Resolution No. 1437. September 30, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $4,173.75 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7615.

Resolution No. 1438. October 6, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $325,000 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7619.

Resolution No. 1439. October 14, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $100,000 to Claremore Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7621.

Resolution No. 1440. October 19, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $2,687.14 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7459.

Resolution 1441. October 25, 1976. A resolution allocating $25,000 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the agency's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1442. October 25, 1976. A resolution allocating $92,000 to the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210 and 3903, from anticipated income to the agency's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1443. October 25, 1976. A resolution allocating $17,900 to Western Oklahoma State College pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the institution's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1444. October 25, 1976. A resolution allocating $106,877 to The Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the institution's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1445. November 2, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $10,534.59 to Western Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 254 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7539.

Resolution No. 1446. November 23, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $12,751 to the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial acomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7624.

Resolution No. 1447. November 29, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $11,780.34 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital.

Resolution No. 1448. November 29, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $5,105 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital.

Resolution No. 1449. December 7, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $26,597.96 to Langston University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7625.

Resolution No. 1450. December 8, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $838,161 to the University of Oklahoma from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7515.

Resolution No. 1451. December 21, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $13,940 to Langston University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7622.

Resolution No. 1452. December 28, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $490,000 to Western Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7539.

Resolution No. 1453. December 29, 1976. A resolution allocating and allotting $130,000 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7626.

Resolution No. 1454. January 10, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $347,090.64 to Central State University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7701.

Resolution No. 1455. January 31, 1977. A resolution allocating $60,000 to Oklahoma Panhandle State University pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the institution's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1456. January 26, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $53,676 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7703.

Resolution No. 1457. January 26, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $1,297.20 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968

Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7702.

Resolution No. 1458. February 4, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $2,986.38 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7603.

Resolution No. 1459. February 14, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $300,000 to Oscar Rose Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7704.

Resolution No. 1460. February 18, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $591.60 to Langston University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7625.

Resolution No. 1461. February 21, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $2,379.91 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital.

Resolution No. 1462. February 23, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $410,000 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7447.

Resolution No. 1463. February 28, 1977. A resolution allocating $18,000 to East Central Oklahoma State University pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the institution's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1464. March 7, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $26,807 to the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7612.

Resolution No. 1465. March 15, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $743.90 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth

Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7518.

Resolution No. 1466. March 15, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $3,115.18 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7702.

Resolution No. 1467. March 17, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $698.04 to Langston University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7543.

Resolution No. 1468. March 28, 1977. A resolution allocating $12,100 to Eastern Oklahoma State College pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, 3903, from anticipated income to the institution's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1469. March 18, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $125,000 to The Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 254 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7506.

Resolution No. 1470. March 31, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $13,700 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7448.

Resolution No. 1471. April 5, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $5,000 to Claremore Junior College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7706.

Resolution No. 1472. April 13, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $60,000 to Langston University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7707.

Resolution No. 1473. April 19, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $200,000 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7708.

Resolution No. 1474. April 19, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $1,518 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7702.

Resolution No. 1475. April 25, 1977. A resolution allocating $115,000 to Oklahoma State University pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the institution's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1476. April 25, 1977. A resolution allocating $25,000 to the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the agency's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1477. April 25, 1977. A resolution allocating $434,000 to the Oklahoma State University Agricultural Experiment Station pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the agency's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1478. April 26, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $1,233,373 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 254 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7534.

Resolution No. 1479. April 26, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $5,000 to the University of Oklahoma for partial funding of a Seminar on Women in Higher Education with one of the principal objectives being the involvement of blacks and other minorities in administrative and leadership positions in the operation of higher education programs, pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of Senate Bill No. 532 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1480. April 26, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $95,000 to implement The Oklahoma State System of Higher

Education Civil Rights State Plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977, pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of Senate Bill No. 532 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1481. April 25, 1977. A resolution regarding the State Board's review of the Five-Year State Plan to accord with the advisory group's Minority Report; revision of the State Plan to provide at least half of new federal funds for postsecondary program support be spent in collegiate institutions; and, allocation of postsecondary federal funds from year to year between collegiate programs on a pro rata basis.

Resolution No. 1482. April 27, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $85,000 to Northern Oklahoma College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7709.

Resolution No. 1483. April 27, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $30,000 to Southeastern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7710.

Resolution No. 1484. April 28, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $333,000 to Southeastern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7711.

Resolution No. 1485. May 2, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $10,000 to South Oklahoma City Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7712.

Resolution No. 1486. May 19, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $2,005.80 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7703.

Resolution No. 1487. May 23, 1977. A resolution allocating $6,000 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the agency's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1488. May 23, 1977. A resolution allocating $16,000 to Murray State College pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the institution's Revolving Fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

Resolution No. 1489. June 7, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $36,040 to Langston University from an appropriation in House Bill No. 1768 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7550.

Resolution No. 1490. June 8, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $490,000 to South Oklahoma City Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7712.

Resolution No. 1491. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $171,333,199 to institutions and other constituent agencies of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets of the various institutions and agencies of the State System for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1492. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $227,854 to community junior colleges pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 4402 and 4408, and Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature, to provide financial assistance for educational and general operations of existing community junior colleges eligible to receive assistance.

Resolution No. 1493. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $75,000 to East Central Oklahom State University for support of the Environmental Science Media Information Center consistent with House Concurrent Resolution No. 1022 of the 1971 Oklahoma Legislature; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1494. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $100,000 to the University of Oklahoma pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature to properly catalogue, service for research and preserve such congressional papers as may be or have been acquired by the Western History Collections of the University of Oklahoma Libraries, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1495. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $30,000 to Oklahoma State University pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for the purpose of publishing the Will Rogers papers during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1496. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $25,000 to the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for reimbursement in connection with the operation of the Jane Brooks School for the Deaf during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1497. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $25,000 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center for the purpose of special suport in lieu of tuition for the School for the Deaf operated as a laboratory for the Speech and Hearing Clinic during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978, pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1498. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $100,000 to the Student Educational Assistance Fund pursuant to the provisions of Section 14 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1499. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $60,000 to the Optometry Education Assistance Program pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 15 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1500. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $15,000 for operation of the State Government Student Internship Program created by Executive Order No. 1602 pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1501. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $525,000 for maintenance and operation of the Televised Instruction Program as a part of the State System of Higher Education pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1502. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $200,000 to implement The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education Civil Rights State Plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978, pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1503. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $150,000 to the University of Oklahoma pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for support of the University of Oklahoma Scholar-Leadership Enrichment Program for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1504. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $40,000 to Oklahoma State University pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for supplemental support of a Special Program in Education for Women for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1505. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $80,000 to the University of Oklahoma College of Medicine pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for support of the University of Oklahoma College of Medicine Family Medicine Practice Program in Lawton for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1506. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $82,600 to the University of Oklahoma College of Medicine pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for support of the University of Oklahoma College of Medicine Family Medicine Practice Program in Shawnee for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1507. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $253,500 to the Oklahoma Optometry Education Assistance Contract Program for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978, pursuant to the provisions of Section 2 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature as provided in Title 70, O.S., 1971, O.S. Supplement, 1973, Section 696.1.

Resolution No. 1508. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $25,000 to the Chiropractic Student Education Assistance Program pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 3 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1509. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $13,750 to Eastern Oklahoma State College for the education of dependent youth and orphans as provided in Article IV, Section 422, of the Oklahoma Higher Education Code, and pursuant to the provisions of Section

4 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1510. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $700,000 to accomplish the Oklahoma Higher Education Tuition Aid Act as outlined in Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 626.1 through 626.10 pursuant to the provisions of Section 5 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1511. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $175,000 to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education Ardmore Higher Education Program pursuant to the provisions of Section 6 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for the purpose of making educational program resources available to the people of the Ardmore area.

Resolution No. 1512. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $100,000 to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education Idabel-Broken Bow Area Higher Education Program pursuant to the provisions of Section 7 of House Bill No. 1134 of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for the purpose of making educational program resources available to the people of the Idabel-Broken Bow area.

Resolution No. 1513. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $67,697,421 to the institutions and other constituent agencies of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903 from anticipated income to the institutions' and agencies' Revolving Funds for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets of the institutions and agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1514. June 13, 1977. A resolution allocating $37,312 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903 from anticipated income to the agency's Revolving Fund for support of the Special Enrichment Program of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1515. June 13, 1977. A resolution recognizing that new State-Appropriated funds are short of the amount requested by the State Regents to carry out both existing programs and proposed new programs at a quality level and specifying conditions under which institutions may operate during the 1977-78 fiscal year new educational progams approved conditionally by the State Regents in November, 1976.

Resolution No. 1516. June 13, 1977. A resolution expressing an intent that the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education communicate to administrators and governing boards of institutions the contents of Section 20 of House Bill No. 1134 of the 1977 Oklahoma

Legislature and concur in the recommendation of the Legislature that said administrators and governing boards endeavor to comply to the fullest extent possible with the expression of the Legislature contained in said section of the Act when budgeting funds for operations for the fiscal year 1977-78.

Resolution No. 1517. June 13, 1977. A resolution regarding that institutional administrators and governing boards, when budgeting for allotment of the funds allocated by the State Regents, give high priority attention to strengthening the instructional program for students including faculty salaries and reduction of oversized classes where this exists as well as instructional materials and equipment and that institutions engage in a belt-tightening experience as regards funds budgeted for administrative purposes.

Resolution No. 1518. June 13, 1977. A resolution expressing an intent that the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education take note of the contents of Section 19 of House Bill No. 1134 of the 1977 Oklahoma Legislature as it applies to the coordinating board of the State System and that governing boards that govern two or more budget agencies of the State System be appraised as to the contents of Section 19 of the Act and take note accordingly when budgeting funds for boards' operation for the ensuing fiscal year.

Resolution No. 1519. June 13, 1977. A resolution extending appreciation and expressing gratitude to Governor David L. Boren and the leadership and members of the First Session of the Thirty-Sixth Oklahoma Legislature for the attention given Oklahoma higher education when appropriating funds for the 1977-78 fiscal year.

Resolution No. 1520. June 29, 1977. A resolution allocating $1,540,992 to institutions of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the institutions' Revolving Funds for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1521. June 29, 1977. A resolution allocating $2,448,613 to institutions and other constituent agencies of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3206, 3210, and 3903, from anticipated income to the institutions' and agencies' Revolving Funds for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Resolution No. 1522. June 29, 1977. A resolution allocating and allotting $110,000 to Central State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill No. 633 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature out of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7714.

REGENTS' OFFICE EXPENDITURES 1976-77

STATE AND FEDERAL FUNDS

Salaries, Wages, Social Security, Unemployment Comp. Annuities	$ 582,986
Insurance Benefits	10,744
Retired Personnel	9,079
Consultants	7,357
Other Personal Services	450
Travel	15,869
Postage and Freight	17,254
Telephone	24,341
Rents	142,729
Printing & Binding	25,089
Repairs & Maintenance	2,534
Informational Services	4,006
Supplies and Materials	18,028
Motor Vehicle Expense	839
Equipment	3,846
Books & Periodicals	381
Premiums, Memberships, and Fees	3,356
Other Current Charges	7,933
Data Processing	183,761
TOTAL	$1,060,582

Budget Funds by Source:	
From State System Assessments	$ 570,000
From Federal Funds	363,928
From Other Funds	126,654
TOTAL	$1,060,582

SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATION ACTS THIRTY-FIFTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1976-77

General Revenue Funds

Senate Bill No. 633	
Capital Improvements in the State System	$ 8,460,000
Senate Bill No. 532	
Section 1—Operations funds for the State System	152,245,553
Section 2—Operation of the Oklahoma Optometry Education Assistance Contract Program	234,000
Section 3—Education of Dependent Youth and Orphans	13,750
Section 4—Higher Education Tuition Aid Act	700,000
Section 5—Operation of the Osteopathy Education Assistance Program	60,000
Section 6—Operation of the Ardmore Higher Education Program	175,000
Section 7—Operation of McCurtain County Higher Education Program	100,000

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM FOR HIGHER EDUCATION EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL OPERATING BUDGET — PART I*
FISCAL YEAR 1976-77

Institution	State-Approp. Funds Available 1976-77	Non-State Approp. Funds Available 1976-77	Total of All Funds For the Year 1976-77
OU	$ 25,759,324	$14,251,423	$ 40,010,747
OSU	26,450,097	11,979,363	38,429,460
CSU	9,589,329	3,793,126	13,382,455
ECOSU	3,101,323	1,058,524	4,159,847
NEOSU	6,015,566	2,362,132	8,377,698
NWOSU	1,874,284	825,898	2,700,182
SEOSU	3,832,784	1,727,671	5,560,455
SWOSU	5,313,646	1,828,935	7,142,581
Cameron	3,794,066	1,743,115	5,537,181
Langston	1,578,561	695,045	2,273,606
Panhandle	1,453,323	485,294	1,938,617
USAO	1,727,097	438,199	2,165,296
CAJC	587,802	216,833	804,635
Claremore	1,226,232	396,291	1,622,543
Connors	1,265,037	409,417	1,674,454
Eastern	1,870,691	471,801	2,342,492
El Reno	562,730	263,511	824,241
Murray	964,856	295,953	1,260,809
NEOAMC	2,445,191	763,317	3,208,508
NOC	1,308,816	258,806	1,567,622
ORJC	4,247,826	1,243,807	5,491,633
Seminole	951,989	306,619	1,258,608
SOCJC	2,223,495	788,841	3,012,336
TJC	4,348,456	1,472,683	5,821,139
WOSC	873,620	248,145	1,121,765
Sayre	211,823	91,548	303,371
OCOMS	1,932,471	250,419	2,182,890
OU-HSC	16,284,035	2,872,350	19,156,385
OU-Law Center	1,371,994	463,051	1,835,045
OU-Geol. Survey	661,814	35,000	696,814
OSU-Vet. Med.	1,744,959	821,021	2,565,980
OSU-Ag. Exp. Station	4,805,770	2,459,069	7,214,839
OSU-Ag. Ext. Division	4,315,260	4,444,705	8,764,965
OSU-TT	3,530,728	1,882,731	5,413,459
OSU-OCTI	1,461,335	593,533	2,054,868
TOTAL	$149,684,350	$62,243,176	$211,927,526
Special Items:*			
Tulsa Med. Col. Branch Prog.	1,128,431	—	1,128,431
Family Med. Prac. Prog.-Enid	125,202	—	125,202
Animal Disease Diagnostic Lab.	350,000	225,000	575,000
Ardmore Higher Ed. Prog.	175,000	—	175,000
McCurtain Cty. High. Ed. Prog.	100,000	—	100,000
Student Intern Program	15,000	—	15,000
Dental & Optometry Student Asst.	85,000	—	85,000
Televised Instruction Prog.	475,000	—	475,000
Guaranteed Student Loan Prog.	100,000	—	100,000
Civil Rights State Plan	100,000	—	100,000
Special Programs	150,000	—	150,000
TOTAL	$152,487,983	$62,468,176	$214,956,159

*Budgeted expenditures for regular educational and general activities normally associated with the assigned functions of the institution.

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM FOR HIGHER EDUCATION EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL OPERATING BUDGET —

PART II*

ALLOCATIONS FOR SPONSORED RESEARCH & OTHER SPONSORED PROGRAMS

Institution	1975-76	1976-77
University of Oklahoma	$ 9,496,799.69	$11,284,532.38
Health Sciences Center	11,696,497.55	11,675,736.00
Oklahoma State University	7,357,859.00	4,141,612.00
College of Veterinary Medicine	1,442,000.00	974,000.00
Agricultural Experiment Station	3,572,069.00	4,228,069.00
Agricultural Extension Division	4,468,705.00	4,912,505.00
OSU School of Technical Training	402,000.00	469,824.00
Technical Institute, Oklahoma City	120,000.00	104,000.00
Central State University	486,895.00	480,770.18
East Central Oklahoma State University	1,214,674.48	800,420.61
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	772,995.14	949,668.01
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	86,437.00	83,719.00
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	621,643.25	—0—
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	575,692.84	542,342.26
Cameron University	468,941.05	424,518.15
Langston University	1,577,448.59	1,502,938.90
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	41,441.50	5,942.00
University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma	—0—	100,539.07
Carl Albert Junior College	97,000.00	351,000.00
Claremore Junior College	234,746.36	189,370.00
Connors State College	264,556.00	278,781.00
Eastern Oklahoma State College	319,596.00	147,817.00
El Reno Junior College	—0—	57,170.80
Murray State College	113,603.00	85,682.00
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	227,027.56	30,230.00
Northern Oklahoma College	140,051.50	9,000.00
Oscar Rose Junior College	654,838.00	795,888.00
Seminole Junior College	158,366.00	91,758.00
South Oklahoma City Junior College	596,097.18	926,999.00
Tulsa Junior College	70,399.00	—0—
Western Oklahoma State College	218,400.00	283,086.00
Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine & Surgery	510,603.00	779,043.00
TOTAL	$48,007,382.69	$46,706,961.36

*Budgeted expenditures for educational and general activities of a contract or grant-agreement nature unique to the institution with respect either to source of financing or to nature of the research or services undertaken.

CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING AMOUNTS NEEDED FOR THE EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL OPERATING BUDGET

The State Regents have changed the procedure for identifying the need for funds at institutions from a budget functional basis to an educational program basis. It is the purpose of the new procedure to relate the need for operating funds directly to educational programs of study offered at the institution. Research and study regarding costs of educational program operation at institutions in the State System and in the region over the past few years permitted the State Regents to move forward in the Fiscal Year 1973-74 on an experimental basis of educational program budgeting for three institutions. For 1974-75 the budget for all 20 state colleges and universities was determined on a program budget basis and this basis was used for the 25 colleges and universities in the State System for 1975-76, 1976-77, and continued for 1977-78. Guiding principles and procedures involved in this method are explained below.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES:

1. Oklahoma should support the educational programs of institutions in the State System at such level that will provide high-quality educational performance.
2. Each institution in the State System should carry out three broad areas of educational program responsibility: (a) instruction, (b) research, and (c) public service.
3. The budget needs of each institution should be determined on the basis of educational program costs including the three categories above projected for the budget year.
4. The instructional program costs should include: (a) resident instruction, (b) organized activities related to instruction, (c) library, (d) general administration, (e) general expense, and (f) operation and maintenance of the physical plant. Budget needs for organized research and extension and public service should be computed separately from instructional costs.
5. Primary factors that should be recognized in determining the instructional part of the budget needs should include: (a) type of institution, (b) instructional program costs by level, and (c) full-time-equivalent enrollment by level for the full fiscal year.
6. Operating experience of institutions in Oklahoma and institutions in the 10-state region including (a) ratios of students to faculty by level, (b) average salaries of full-time faculty by type of institution, and (c) total educational and general budget student per capita expenditure, should be recognized as influence factors when establishing instructional program costs.
7. Full-time-equivalent enrollment data should be based on the full fiscal year (summer, fall, and spring terms) with a factor of 30

student credit hours used to compute undergraduate enrollment and a factor of 24 student credit hours for graduate enrollment.

8. The needs for college-level trained manpower should be taken into consideration in determining priorities for funding at institutions.
9. A realistic estimate of revolving fund income should be made and applied toward meeting the institutional budget needs consistent with state law.

PROCEDURES—25 COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

The objective is to identify the cost of operating educational programs at institutions. To accomplish this, the instructional programs to be offered must be identified, the number of students by level to be enrolled in each program must be projected, and the cost per student by level must be calculated. Given these data, the cost for each instructional program is computed, and these costs are aggregated. An amount for research and an amount for public service is then determined, and these amounts are then added to the instructional cost. The sum of the costs for instruction, research and public service becomes the total educational and general budget of an institution. From this total the amount of estimated revolving fund income for the budget year is subtracted, and the difference is the amount of state-appropriated funds required to fund the institution's budget.

These procedures were followed in accomplishing the objective:

1. The instructional programs operating at each institution in the previous year are identified. Those programs not expected to operate in the budget year are deleted and those new programs expected to operate in the budget year are added.
2. The course composition of each of the instructional programs to be offered at an institution is then identified.
3. The cost of operating the instructional programs so identified by level in the budget year is next projected.
4. The number of full-time-equivalent students expected to enroll by level in the instructional programs during the full fiscal year for which the budget need is being determined is then projected.
5. The next step is to identify the cost of operating each instructional program for each student by level in the budget year, then multiply these cost units by the number of FTE students projected by level for the various programs that will operate in the budget year.
6. The cost of operating each instructional program is then computed and these are added to get the total cost of all instructional programs at the institution.

7. The amount of funds to be added to the budget for research is then determined. Basic functions of institutions will, of course, influence the determination of these amounts. Institutions that accomplish significant research must be provided funds accordingly. All institutions carry on some type of institutional research and study of programming and thus must be provided an allowance for this function of the budget.

8. Extension and public service is the third category of the educational program budget. Again, institutions' functional assignments will influence the degree to which they participate in extension programs and/or public service programs. An appropriate amount for this program is accordingly determined.

9. The final step is to add the amounts determined for (a) instructional programs, (b) research, and (c) extension and public service. This becomes the total amount of budget needs of the institution for the educational programs to be operated.

PROCEDURES—OSTEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE

The Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery: The budget for this new institution is determined on the basis of detailed analysis of specific needs to operate and establish courses and other operational requirements as the institution continues to develop and accept its fourth class of students. Faculty, administrative, and support personnel positions requirements were developed in accordance with the planned instructional requirements of the college. Requirements for Other Expense, General Administration, General Institutional Expense, Organized Research, Continuing Education, Library, and Physical Plant Maintenance and Operation were developed on a line item analysis basis. When computed, the amounts for all items are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

PROCEDURES—8 OTHER CONSTITUENT AGENCIES

University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center: For the year 1977-78, a programmatic approach to the determination of educational and general budget needs was used. This approach identified six instructional programs: College of Medicine; College of Dentistry; College of Nursing; College of Health; Graduate College of Medical and Dental Science; and College of Pharmacy. Other budget functions include: Library; Continuing Education; Organized Research; General Administration; General Expense; and Physical Plant Maintenance and Operation. The budget for each division is calculated as follows.

College of Medicine: Project full-year FTE student enrollment by student classification. Allow one FTE student for each 0.4 resident or physician associate. Allow one faculty position for each 4.6 FTE students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by $30,500 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow six other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $32,200 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 103.0 other support personnel FTE positions (at the rate of 0.6 FTE positions per instructional faculty position) at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $8,000 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries and wages and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

College of Dentistry: Allow 31 FTE dental faculty positions plus one position for each 4.6 projected FTE dental students above 48. Multiply the number of FTE dental faculty positions by $28,300 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the total amount needed for dental faculty salaries. Allow one FTE dental hygiene faculty position for each 12 projected FTE dental hygiene students. Multiply the number of FTE dental hygiene faculty positions by $18,270 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the total amount needed for dental hygiene faculty salaries. Allow three other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $32,200 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 68.7 other support personnel FTE positions (at the rate of 1.0 per dental faculty and hygiene faculty position) at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $8,000 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries and wages and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

College of Nursing: Project full-year FTE student enrollment by level. Allow one faculty position for each eight undergraduate FTE students and one faculty position for each five graduate FTE students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by $20,700 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow three other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $32,200 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 24.9 other support personnel FTE positions (at the rate of 0.5 FTE positions per instructional faculty position) at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $8,000 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries and wages and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

College of Health: Project full-year FTE student enrollment by level. Allow one faculty position for each 12 undergraduate FTE students and one faculty position for each eight graduate FTE students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by $22,100 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow three other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $32,200 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 23.6 other support personnel FTE positions (at the rate of 0.5 FTE positions per instructional faculty position) at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $8,000 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries and wages and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

Graduate College of Medical and Dental Science: Project full-year full-time student enrollment. Allow one faculty position for each eight students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by $26,600 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow three other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $32,200 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 5.5 other support personnel FTE positions (at [illegible] rate of 0.4 FTE positions per instructional faculty position), [illegible] average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $8,000 to determine [illegible] needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries add [illegible] for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries and wages and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

College of Pharmacy: Project full-year FTE student enrollment by level. Allow one faculty position for each 20 undergraduate FTE students and one faculty position for each 12 graduate FTE students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by $22,100 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow one other professional FTE position at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $32,200. Allow three other support personnel FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $8,000 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries, add 7% for staff benefits. Add the allowance for other expense of the instructional program. The total of salaries and other expenses becomes the budget needs for the instructional program.

Library: Allow ten professional personnel at an average full-year salary for 1977-78 of $16,000 to determine salaries needed for professional personnel. Allow 15.0 support personnel FTE positions at an average full-year salary of $8,000 to determine salaries for support personnel. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses. Add 69% of total salaries, staff benefits and other expenses for books, periodicals, library binding and printing, and other direct Library expense. The total becomes the budget needs for Library.

General Administration: Project the amount for 1977-78 based on the agency's 1976-77 budget for this function, adjusted 7.0% for price increases.

General Expense: Project the amount for 1977-78 based on the agency's 1976-77 budget for this function, adjusted 7.0% for price increases.

Continuing Education: Project the amount for 1977-78 based on the agency's 1976-77 budget for this function, with an allowance for a 10.0% increase during 1977-78.

Organized Research: Project the amount for 1977-78 based on the agency's 1976-77 budget for this function, with an allowance for a 10.0% increase during 1977-78.

Physical Plant Maintenance and Operation: Project the amount for 1977-78 based on the budgeted amount for 1976-77, adjusted for space and price increases.

University of Oklahoma Law Center: The budget for this agency is calculated on the basis of proposed programs of activities for the budget year 1977-78. For the budget year 1977-78, ten programs are identified. For the instructional program, project full-year full-time student enrollment. Allow one faculty position for each 20 enrollment. Multiply the total number of FTE faculty positions by $28,400 (average 9/10 month salary for 1977-78) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow for support personnel services, equipment, supplies, and materials as allowed for 1976-77 and adjusted for enrollment and price increases. Allow the same positions as allowed in 1976-77 and the amounts for other objects of expenditure as allowed in 1976-77 and adjusted for price increases. Allow $10,000 for the Experimental Admissions Program. When computed, the amounts for all primary programs are added to get the requirements for the year. To this amount is added the student special enrichment program estimated at a cost equal to the special law school student fee ($2.00 per student-credit-hour x 18,656 SCH). The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total primary budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

Oklahoma Geological Survey: The total budget for this agency is calculated on the basis of proposed programs of activities for the budget year 1977-78. For the budget year 1977-78, ten programs are identified. The amounts for all programs are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU College of Veterinary Medicine: Project full-year FTE student enrollment. Allow one faculty position for each 5.3 FTE students. Multiply the FTE faculty positions by $26,400 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the total amount needed for faculty salaries. Add to this, 33% for other instructional expenses, and the total represents the amount allowed for the function of instruction. This figure becomes the budget base and the following percentages are applied to the budget base for the other functions of the budget: General Administration, 6%; General Expense, 5%; Teaching Hospital, 30%; Extension and Public Service, 5%; Organized Research, 10%; Library, 6%; and Physical Plant, 15%. When computed, the amounts for all budget functions are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU Agricultural Experiment Station: The budget for this agency is calculated as follows: Allow 123 FTE professional positions. Multiply the total number of FTE professional positions by $24,600 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the total amount needed for professional salaries. This figure becomes the budget base and the following percentages are applied to the budget base for other functions of the budget: Administration and General Expense, 18%; Supporting Personnel, 75%; and Supplies and Equipment, 80%. When computed, the amounts for all functions of the budget are added to get the total budget requirements for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU Agricultural Extension Division: The budget for this agency is calculated as follows: Allow 264 FTE professional field positions. Multiply the number of FTE professional field positions by $16,500 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the total amount needed for professional field salaries. Add to this, 40% for other field service expense, and the total represents the budget base. The following percentages are applied to the budget base for the other functions of the budget: Administration and General Expense, 14%; Supporting State Staff, 47%. When computed, the amounts for all functions of the budget are added to get the total budget requirements for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU School of Technical Training: The budget for this agency is calculated as follows: Allow one FTE faculty position for each 12 FTE enrollment. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by $15,500 (average full-year salary for 1977-78) to determine the total amount needed for teaching salaries. Add to this, 35% for other instructional expense, and the total represents the amount allowed for the function of instruction. This figure becomes the budget base and the following percentages are applied to the budget base for the other functions of the budget: Administration, 7%; General Expense, 7%; Extension and Public Service, 2%; Library, 5%; and Physical Plant, 17%. When computed, the amounts for the budget functions are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU Oklahoma City Technical Institute: The budget for this agency is calculated as follows: Allow one FTE faculty position for each 12 FTE enrollment in technical programs. Allow one FTE faculty position for each 28 FTE enrollment in academic programs. Mutiply the number of FTE faculty positions by $15,500 (average 9/10 month salary for 1977-78) to determine the total amount needed for faculty salaries. Add to this, 35% for other instructional expense, and the total represents the amount allowed for the function of instruction. This figure becomes the budget base and the following percentages are applied to the budget base for the other functions of the budget: General Administration, 9%; General Expense, 8%; Library, 10%; and Physical Plant, 17%. When computed, the amounts for all functions of the budget are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

ESTIMATING INCOME

An estimate is made of the amount of income expected to be collected at each institution and agency from student fees, from sales and services, and miscellaneous sources; and the total of this is subtracted from the total institutional budget requirement. The difference then becomes the amount requested for appropriation by the Legislature.

"State-Appropriated Funds" are those funds appropriated by the Legislature to the State Regents to be allocated to constituent institutions and agencies. "Revolving Funds" are those funds which the institutions receive from the student fees, sales and services of educational departments, the Federal government in some instances, and from other miscellaneous sources. The amount of "Revolving Funds" income is estimated for each institution after taking into consideration its fee schedule, the function of the institution and possible charges to be made by the institution for the different services rendered, and the past experience of the institution as to funds actually received from the various sources.

STATE REGENTS' NO. 220 LOAN FUND

Title 70, O.S. 1971 Section 3211, provides for a loan fund in the amount of $200,000.00 to be used by the Regents for making loans to institutions for certain purposes. The fund was originally established by the Legislature in 1943 in House Bill 403.

The loan fund has served a very useful purpose in allowing institutions to meet many needs on a current basis which otherwise might have taken several years to accomplish if the loan fund had not been available. The fund turned over many times since its establishment. In fact, over one million dollars has been loaned to the various institutions over the past three decades.

The status of the loan funds as of June 30, 1977 was as follows:

Total Amount of Loan Fund		$200,000.00
Cash on Hand 7-1-76		150,000.00
Loans Outstanding 7-1-76		
Langston University	$ 50,000.00	
		50,000.00
Loans Made 7-1-76 to 6-30-77		
None		—
Repayments Received 7-1-76 to 6-30-77		
Langston University	50,000.00	
		50,000.00
Loans Outstanding 6-30-77		
None		—
Cash on Hand 6-30-77		$200,000.00

EXPENDITURES FOR STATE PURPOSES SINCE STATEHOOD
BUDGET OFFICE TOTALS BY FISCAL YEARS

1908-09	$ 4,410,282.76
1910	3,253,344.29
1911	2,915,464.72
1912	3,438,346.00
1913	4,021,662.93
1914	3,979,356.74
1915	5,011,792.48
1916	4,365,571.20
1917	5,942,380.06
1918	5,330,458.63
1919	7,664,421.74
1920	10,250,454.45
1921	11,048,747.43
1922	10,834,344.37
1923	11,435,839.10
1924	15,404,558.31
1925	18,410,645.00
1926	22,132,962.27
1927	24,488,293.58
1928	32,897,187.13
1929	28,198,033.86
1930	36,741,761.15
1931	38,577,132.60
1932	31,508,815.35
1933	30,869,039.21
1934	29,489,977.14
1935	32,419,823.23
1936	43,559,985.12
1937	64,311,146.28
1938	74,079,299.52
1939	86,463,014.54
1940	80,331,224.18
1941	85,545,597.35
1942	87,169,607.50
1943	86,784,721.12
1944	$ 87,111,427.35
1945	93,335,991.08
1946	141,457,560.21
1947	183,634,426.27
1948	205,092,926.69
1949	228,871,696.77
1950	271,967,062.55
1951	279,654,609.40
1952	289,316,999.45
1953	300,559,556.56
1954	300,299,272.71
1955	310,004,958.74
1956	340,728,805.68
1957	362,470,063.21
1958	406,192,784.64
1959	448,509,837.94
1960	435,809,163.10
1961	475,706,625.59
1962	496,934,041.99
1963	548,588,191.54
1964	588,761,586.02
1965	616,280,059.99
1966	680,655,438.57
1967	807,944,696.28
1968	854,988,422.83
1969	916,669,938.54
1970	1,011,260,694.25
1971	1,151,358,981.00
1972	1,272,788,420.00
1973	1,339,279,407.00
1974	1,471,257,350.00
1975	1,789,932,908.00
1976	2,006,775,453.00
1977	2,196,476,052.00

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
CURRENT OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR 1976-77

	University of Oklahoma Norman	OU Health Sciences Center Oklahoma City	University of Oklahoma Law Center Norman	Oklahoma Geological Survey Norman	Oklahoma State University Stillwater	College of Veterinary Medicine Stillwater	Agricultural Experiment Station Stillwater	Agricultural Extension Division Stillwater	OSU School of Technical Training Okmulgee	OSU Technical Institute Oklahoma City
CURRENT INCOME										
Educational and General	$40,498,122	$20,720,507	$1,866,624	$ 709,189	$38,981,703	$ 3,240,288	$ 7,538,893	$ 8,041,303	$ 5,508,794	$ 2,224,492
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	8,638,293	11,007,464	—	—	7,769,228	1,073,559	1,591,170	1,289,406	409,689	108,661
Auxiliary Enterprises	32,783,702	10,364,873	—	—	21,117,519	5,814	—	—	2,250,139	240,805
Student Aid	4,067,955	165,766	—	—	3,377,126	—	—	8,079	1,355,515	215,882
Total Current Income	$85,988,072	$42,258,610	$1,866,624	$ 709,189	$71,245,576	$ 4,319,661	$ 9,130,063	$ 9,338,788	$ 9,524,137	$ 2,789,840
From State Funds	25,914,324	17,545,238	1,371,994	661,814	26,450,097	2,094,959	4,805,770	4,315,260	3,530,728	1,461,335
From Other Funds	60,073,748	24,713,372	494,630	47,375	44,795,479	2,224,702	4,324,293	5,023,728	5,993,409	1,328,505
CURRENT EXPENDITURES										
Educational and General:										
Administration	$ 2,030,411	$ 1,513,977	$ 237,585	$ 47,566	$ 1,671,412	$ 190,449	$ 522,436	$ 279,319	$ 413,179	$ 171,876
Animal Production	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,311,414	—	—	—
General Expense	3,134,410	904,498	124,685	—	2,545,151	—	—	354,092	391,669	165,682
Plant Production	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,674,055	—	—	—
Economic and Other Research	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,267,762	—	—	—
Field Services	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,296,843	—	—
Supporting Services	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,136,175	—	—
Instruction	23,187,035	13,714,687	930,907	—	21,835,413	1,207,214	—	—	3,464,281	1,296,281
Organized Activities	119,445	—	—	—	441,312	—	—	—	—	—
Law Office Student Practice	—	—	33,007	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Organized Research	1,337,026	195,201	—	483,178	2,275,160	97,710	—	—	—	—
Extension and Public Service	3,534,191	88,979	—	96,205	2,117,496	1,276,476	—	—	—	—
Continuing Legal Ed. & Law Review	—	—	127,144	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Library	1,799,278	494,082	275,590	18,182	1,553,712	53,250	—	—	66,171	96,761
Operation and Maintenance of Physical Plant	4,987,390	3,438,018	124,000	—	4,892,443	223,792	—	—	957,430	257,029
Data Processing	373,057	570,322	—	—	1,070,743	—	—	—	82,817	135,460
Total Educational and General	$40,502,261	$21,009,764	$1,852,918	$ 645,131	$38,402,851	$ 3,048,891	$ 7,775,667	$ 8,166,429	$ 5,375,547	$ 2,123,089
Sponsored Research and Other Programs	8,638,293	11,007,464	—	—	7,769,228	1,073,559	1,591,170	1,289,406	409,689	108,661
Auxiliary Enterprises	29,527,734	10,364,873	—	—	19,401,245	7,011	—	—	2,155,884	214,282
Student Aid	4,067,955	172,543	—	—	3,365,458	—	—	8,909	1,375,281	213,714
Total Current Expenses	$82,736,243	$42,554,644	$1,852,918	$ 645,131	$68,938,782	$ 4,129,461	$ 9,366,837	$ 9,464,744	$ 9,316,401	$ 2,659,746

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
CURRENT OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR 1976-77

	Central State University Edmond	East Central Oklahoma State University Ada	Northeastern Oklahoma State University Tahlequah	Northwestern Oklahoma State University Alva	Southeastern Oklahoma State University Durant	Southwestern Oklahoma State University Weatherford	Cameron University Lawton	Langston University Langston	Oklahoma Panhandle State University Goodwell
CURRENT INCOME									
Educational and General	$13,153,531	$ 4,262,604	$ 8,036,889	$ 2,534,030	$ 5,306,559	$ 7,021,528	$ 5,341,546	$ 2,221,269	$ 1,865,904
Sponsored Research and Other Programs	446,366	809,611	958,928	89,529	619,587	650,834	430,275	1,209,734	32,383
Auxiliary Enterprises	3,417,531	1,616,553	3,480,851	911,565	1,752,770	2,006,274	2,667,661	1,003,449	1,229,755
Student Aid	1,807,196	1,250,727	3,122,309	404,903	3,885	240,261	1,055,399	1,168,620	109,188
Total Current Income	$18,824,624	$ 7,939,495	$15,608,977	$ 3,940,027	$ 7,682,801	$ 9,918,897	$ 9,494,881	$ 5,603,072	$ 3,237,230
From State Funds	9,589,329	3,101,323	6,015,566	1,874,284	3,832,784	5,313,646	3,794,066	1,578,561	1,453,323
From Other Funds	9,235,295	4,838,172	9,593,411	2,065,743	3,850,017	4,605,251	5,700,815	4,024,511	1,783,907
CURRENT EXPENDITURES									
Educational and General:									
Administration	$ 481,210	$ 233,827	$ 424,161	$ 146,496	$ 297,086	$ 258,398	$ 249,105	$ 193,753	$ 95,412
General Expenses	757,195	429,429	727,705	185,931	390,362	342,379	304,469	266,116	143,548
Instruction	7,982,540	2,539,588	4,826,009	1,493,049	3,853,960	4,855,946	3,593,159	1,144,452	1,172,508
Organized Activities	79,820	—	19,175	31,432	41,039	51,699	42,683	25,763	71,245
Organized Research	45,131	—	78,302	15,879	—	2,960	38,205	30,840	15,961
Extension and Public Service	131,327	57,339	122,843	51,306	15,342	62,637	53,633	16,624	5,418
Library	801,819	223,375	585,901	111,160	76,528	320,172	236,827	83,163	63,018
Operation and Maintenance of Physical Plant	1,665,437	537,957	1,154,475	440,988	644,997	810,576	486,070	481,211	256,145
Data Processing	350,943	64,068	119,806	11,695	50,815	41,915	147,342	14,973	—
Total Educational and General	$12,303,422	$ 4,085,583	$ 8,058,377	$ 2,487,936	$ 5,370,129	$ 6,746,702	$ 5,151,493	$ 2,256,895	$ 1,823,252
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	446,366	809,611	958,928	89,529	619,587	650,834	430,275	1,259,792	32,383
Auxiliary Enterprises	2,852,437	1,266,805	3,046,451	727,983	1,312,838	1,609,165	2,117,580	850,428	1,073,745
Student Aid	1,790,036	1,262,908	3,137,625	351,289	3,885	238,170	1,044,609	1,041,044	106,048
Total Current Expenses	$17,392,261	$ 7,424,907	$15,201,381	$ 3,656,737	$ 7,306,439	$ 9,244,871	$ 8,743,957	$ 5,408,159	$ 3,035,428

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
CURRENT OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR 1976-77

	University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma Chickasha	Carl Albert Junior College Poteau	Claremore Junior College Claremore	Connors State College of Agriculture and Applied Science Warner	Eastern Oklahoma State College Wilburton	El Reno Junior College El Reno	Murray State College Tishomingo	Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College Miami	Northern Oklahoma College Tonkawa
CURRENT INCOME									
Educational and General	$ 2,309,747	$ 814,538	$ 1,628,103	$ 1,640,461	$ 2,377,887	$ 758,677	$ 1,351,416	$ 3,204,836	$ 1,710,226
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	122,705	112,024	213,408	326,826	138,375	34,402	105,702	143,949	44,209
Auxiliary Enterprises	634,291	156,503	503,907	547,561	851,723	119,441	664,549	2,368,511	597,667
Student Aid	653,736	287,934	426,648	715,823	718,645	115,737	569,046	248,342	263,312
Total Current Income	$ 3,720,479	$ 1,370,999	$ 2,772,066	$ 3,230,671	$ 4,086,630	$ 1,028,257	$ 2,690,713	$ 5,965,638	$ 2,615,414
From State Funds	1,752,097	587,802	1,226,252	1,265,037	1,870,691	560,730	964,856	2,445,191	1,308,316
From Other Funds	1,968,382	783,197	1,545,814	1,965,634	2,215,939	467,527	1,725,857	3,520,447	1,306,598
CURRENT EXPENDITURES									
Educational and General:									
Administration	$ 135,176	$ 92,392	$ 130,857	$ 102,183	$ 199,385	$ 83,908	$ 117,093	$ 169,700	$ 108,926
General Expense	245,142	74,177	173,765	120,911	188,888	104,332	110,383	281,533	142,542
Instruction	1,213,833	482,595	907,342	806,306	1,496,407	462,360	781,426	1,987,166	1,020,244
Organized Activities	47,144	—	44,911	54,485	70,521	—	68,072	44,756	—
Organized Research	1,236	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,216
Extension and Public Services	—	—	48,535	4,693	—	—	—	—	13,653
Library	102,808	21,505	58,270	66,930	62,672	33,788	66,219	141,651	67,546
Operation and Maintenance of Physical Plant	480,086	90,861	262,058	277,033	315,489	62,972	195,701	430,161	265,310
Data Processing	22,413	—	—	35,816	61,505	—	—	25,673	7,063
Total Educational and General	$ 2,247,828	$ 761,530	$ 1,625,738	$ 1,468,357	$ 2,394,867	$ 747,360	$ 1,338,894	$ 3,080,640	$ 1,629,500
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	122,705	112,024	—	249,138	138,375	30,179	105,702	143,949	44,209
Auxiliary Enterprises	653,207	127,438	519,390	465,197	869,335	98,540	537,419	2,182,439	490,186
Student Aid	518,384	277,458	422,497	717,187	718,351	128,200	549,120	248,342	263,380
Total Current Expenses	$ 3,542,124	$ 1,278,450	$ 2,567,625	$ 2,899,879	$ 4,120,928	$ 1,004,279	$ 2,531,135	$ 5,655,370	$ 2,427,275

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION CURRENT OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR 1976-77

	Oscar Rose Junior College Midwest City	Seminole Junior College Seminole	South Oklahoma City Junior College Oklahoma City	Tulsa Junior College Tulsa	Western Oklahoma State College Altus	Sayre Junior College Sayre	Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery Tulsa
CURRENT INCOME							
Educational and General	$ 6,488,506	$ 1,324,544	$ 3,880,688	$ 8,011,723	$ 1,150,473	$ 310,693	$ 2,304,630
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	718,373	118,265	166,094	—	46,447	—	719,964
Auxiliary Enterprises	906,511	265,305	495,941	746,279	233,682	78,603	14,894
Student Aid	1,426,533	18,998	617,498	640,932	207,327	112,076	14,836
Total Current Income	$ 9,539,923	$ 1,727,112	$ 5,160,221	$ 9,398,934	$ 1,637,929	$ 501,372	$ 3,054,312
From State Funds	4,247,821	951,989	2,223,495	4,348,456	873,620	211,823	1,932,471
From Other Funds	5,922,097	775,123	2,936,726	5,050,473	764,309	289,549	1,121,842
CURRENT EXPENDITURES							
Educational and General:							
Administration	$ 263,280	$ 99,989	$ 256,710	$ 502,097	$ 106,929	$ 19,074	$ 168,488
General Expense	424,628	173,618	254,081	605,621	107,706	46,351	184,356
Instruction	3,742,063	732,696	1,948,731	4,484,116	705,621	188,756	996,087
Organized Activities	—	20,191	40,554	—	—	—	—
Organized Research	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,766
Extension and Public Services	74,886	14,566	89,730	213,844	—	—	12,517
Library	441,819	72,407	202,269	396,516	71,415	20,061	123,036
Operation and Maintenance of Physical Plant	500,265	140,856	441,162	799,680	122,043	25,742	214,351
Data Processing	23,180	—	167,984	236,927	—	—	36,767
Total Educational and General	$ 5,470,121	$ 1,254,323	$ 3,401,221	$ 7,238,801	$ 1,113,714	$ 303,974	$ 1,765,366
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	718,373	118,265	166,094	58,531	46,447	—	213,714
Auxiliary Enterprises	726,790	215,272	363,514	775,644	195,013	62,389	11,263
Student Aid	1,403,049	21,146	614,079	610,036	215,140	110,352	14,835
Total Current Expenses	$ 8,318,333	$ 1,609,006	$ 4,544,908	$ 8,683,012	$ 1,570,314	$ 476,715	$ 2,005,178

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BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1977

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-77	Outstanding 6-30-77
University of Oklahoma	1949	Oklahoma Memorial Union Bonds	$ 2,300,000	$ 1,968,000	$ 332,000
University of Oklahoma	1957	Student Housing Revenue Bonds Series A&B	6,541,000	5,036,000	1,505,000
University of Oklahoma	1959	Student Housing Revenue Bonds Series C	1,400,000	523,000	877,000
University of Oklahoma	1963	Student Housing Revenue Bonds Series A&B	5,700,000	1,061,000	4,639,000
University of Oklahoma	1963	Student Facilities Revenue Bonds Series D	1,800,000	1,425,000	375,000
University of Oklahoma	1963	Organized Group Housing Series A	220,000	51,000	169,000
University of Oklahoma	1964	Student Housing Revenue Bonds Series C	3,000,000	365,000	2,635,000
University of Oklahoma	1964	Organized Group Housing Series B	340,000	61,000	279,000
University of Oklahoma	1966	Student Housing Revenue Bonds	13,600,000	1,105,000	12,495,000
University of Oklahoma	1971	Student Facilities Revenue Bonds Series A	1,760,000	430,000	1,330,000
University of Oklahoma	1971	Student Facilities Revenue Bonds Series B	4,000,000	—0—	4,000,000
University of Oklahoma	1974	Stadium System Revenue Bonds	5,000,000	1,500,000	3,500,000
OU Health Sciences Center	1973	Utilities System	10,125,000	535,000	9,590,000
OU Health Sciences Center	1973	Utilities System—Series 1975	6,500,000	140,000	6,360,000
Oklahoma State University	1957	Student Apartments and Utility System	2,250,000	1,482,000	768,000
Oklahoma State University	1961	Housing Revenue Bonds	2,983,000	630,000	2,353,000
Oklahoma State University	1963	Student Union	5,580,000	3,350,000	2,230,000
Oklahoma State University	1963	Building Revenue Bonds	1,380,000	302,000	1,078,000
Oklahoma State University	1963	Building Revenue Bonds — A	2,200,000	410,000	1,790,000
Oklahoma State University	1964	Housing Revenue Bonds	3,000,000	355,000	2,645,000
Oklahoma State University	1965	Housing Revenue Bonds	6,575,000	580,000	5,995,000
Oklahoma State University	1966	Utility System Junior	720,000	355,000	365,000
Oklahoma State University	1966	Housing Revenue Bonds	4,435,000	360,000	4,075,000
Oklahoma State University	1967	Housing Revenue Bonds of 1967 and 1968	5,375,000	485,000	4,890,000
Oklahoma State University	1967	Physical Education and Facilities Bonds	1,655,000	245,000	1,410,000

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1977

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-77	Outstanding 6-30-77
Oklahoma State University	1972	Stadium Bonds	$ 1,300,000	$ 50,000	$ 1,250,000
Oklahoma State University	1974	Student Health Center	1,900,000	100,000	1,800,000
Oklahoma State University	1975	Agriculture Center Office Building	1,700,000	—0—	1,700,000
OSU School of Technical Training	1964	Student Housing	625,000	535,000	90,000
OSU School of Technical Training	1969	Student Housing	2,700,000	405,000	2,295,000
Central State University	1963	Student Facilities System:			
		Stadium and Fieldhouse	1,325,000	345,000	980,000
		Broncho Corral	166,000	84,000	82,000
		Dormitory and Student Union System:			
Central State University	1963	Broncho Apartments — South	600,000	125,000	475,000
Central State University	1964	Thatcher Hall Annex	213,000	148,000	65,000
Central State University	1964	East and West Halls, Dormitory	1,506,000	312,000	1,194,000
Central State University	1964	Faculty Student Apartments	272,000	60,000	212,000
Central State University	1964	Central Cafeteria	475,000	60,000	415,000
Central State University	1964	Broncho Apartments — North	510,000	50,000	460,000
Central State University	1965	East and West Halls Additions	1,520,000	210,000	1,310,000
Central State University	1965	Student Union (University Center)	3,000,000	545,000	2,455,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1961	Revenue Bonds—Student Rentals Briles Hall Series A	800,000	226,000	574,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1964	Revenue Bonds—Student Rentals Briles Hall and Apartments Series A	600,000	137,000	463,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1964	Revenue Bonds—Student Rentals Pontotoc Hall Series C	1,250,000	211,000	1,039,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1965	Revenue Bonds—Student Rentals Pesagi Hall	2,100,000	405,000	1,695,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1968	Revenue Bonds—Knight Dining Hall and Married Student Housing	700,000	45,000	655,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1972	Revenue Bonds—Student Activities Center	400,000	30,000	370,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1958	Dormitory & Apartments	1,760,000	546,000	1,214,000

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1977

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-77	Outstanding 6-30-77
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1960	Dormitory	$ 1,420,000	$ 551,000	$ 869,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1963	Dormitory & Apartments	1,350,000	470,000	880,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1963	Stadium	418,000	141,000	277,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1964	Dormitory	515,000	134,000	381,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1966	College Union	2,350,000	290,000	2,060,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1966	Dormitory	2,000,000	275,000	1,725,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1967	Dormitory	1,540,000	745,000	795,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1967	Apartments	900,000	—0—	900,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1955	Student Center	160,000	108,000	52,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1960	Dormitory, Oklahoma Hall	500,000	194,000	306,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1965	Dormitory, Fryer/Ament	900,000	250,000	650,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1965	Dormitory, South Hall	1,000,000	165,000	835,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1966	Dormitory/Cafeteria, Coronado Hall	1,650,000	195,000	1,455,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1968	Stadium	360,000	45,000	315,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1952	Student Union Building and Dormitory—Refunding and Revenue Bonds	935,000	790,000	145,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1959	Student Union Building Extension and Improvement Revenue Bonds	128,000	74,000	54,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1960	Married Student Housing	524,000	226,000	298,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1963	Student Union and Dormitory Revenue Bonds	740,000	294,000	446,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1963	Dormitory and Student Union Revenue Bonds of 1963 Second Series	100,000	39,000	61,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1969	Dormitory Revenue Bonds	1,970,000	165,000	1,805,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1972	Revenue Bonds—Student Activities Center	185,000	30,000	155,000
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	1961	Dormitory Addition	790,000	475,000	315,000
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	1963	Dormitory	1,100,000	198,000	902,000
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	1965	Dormitory	1,542,000	240,000	1,302,000
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	1966	Dormitory	2,135,000	271,000	1,864,000
Cameron University	1963	Housing System	1,147,000	238,000	909,000

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1977

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-20-77	Outstanding 6-30-77
Cameron University	1967	Housing System	$ 6,245,000	$ 545,000	$ 5,700,000
Langston University	1963	Construction of two dormitories, student union building, three Faculty apartments renovation of cafeteria	1,545,000	281,000	1,264,000
Langston University	1967	Construction of 36 units for married students and two dormitories	3,300,000	500,000	2,800,000
Panhandle State University	1962	Women's Dormitory and Student Union	925,000	242,000	683,000
Panhandle State University	1967	Addition to Women's Dormitory	580,000	76,000	504,000
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma	1966	Student Housing Renovation	560,000	114,000	446,000
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma	1967	Student Housing Renovation	300,000	99,000	201,000
Carl Albert Junior College	1974	Student Center	225,000	6,000	219,000
Claremore Junior College	1952	Series A Building Bonds	120,000	115,000	5,000
Claremore Junior College	1959	Building Revenue Bonds	400,000	216,000	184,000
Claremore Junior College	1963	Building Revenue Bonds	400,000	161,000	239,000
Connors State College	1962	Student Union, Dormitories	979,000	250,000	729,000
Eastern Oklahoma State College	1960	Student Housing, Student Union and Dormitory Improvement Bonds	1,088,000	295,000	793,000
Eastern Oklahoma State College	1964	Miller Hall Extension & Apartment Buildings	502,000	97,000	405,000
Eastern Oklahoma State College	1966	New Dormitory and Student Union Extension	1,152,000	213,000	939,000
El Reno Junior College	1972	Student Center	$ 252,000	11,000	241,000
Murray State College	1964	Housing and Student Union, Cafeteria	1,220,000	313,000	907,000
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	1963	Student Union and Student Housing	2,118,000	426,000	1,692,000
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	1966	Student Union and Student Housing	1,675,000	215,000	1,460,000
Northern Oklahoma College	1965	Dormitories, Student Union, and Dining Hall	1,104,000	237,000	867,000

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1977

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-77	Outstanding 6-30-77
Oscar Rose Junior College	1972	Student Center	750,000	$ 30,000	$ 720,000
Seminole Junior College	1972	Student Center	350,000	20,000	330,000
South Oklahoma City Junior College	1973	Student Center	750,000	15,000	735,000
Tulsa Junior College	1976	Student Center	1,900,000	—0—	1,900,000
Western Oklahoma State College	1975	Student Activities Center	300,000	—0—	300,000

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

In the fall of 1963, the State Regents conducted an extensive survey of the physical facilities on each campus in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education. This survey provided the basis for a projection of the capital outlay funds needed over the ten-year period 1965-1975.

For funding purposes this ten-year program was divided into two phases. Funds provided by the 1965 Oklahoma Building Bond Issue, together with available federal matching funds, were committed to accomplish the needs identified for the first phase (1965-70) of the ten-year program.

Approved projects with total development costs of $67,508,695 for capital improvement projects funded with 1965 Oklahoma Building Bond Funds were identified as of June 30, 1975. State bond funds have been combined with federal funds and other funds to comprise the total. A program report as of June 30, 1977, is presented in the following table.

TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST BY INSTITUTION AND SOURCE OF FUNDS
PROJECTS FUNDED FROM 1965
OKLAHOMA BUILDING BOND FUNDS

Institution	Total Development Cost of Approved Projects	1965 State Bond Funds	Federal Funds	Other Funds*
OU	$16,264,877	$ 7,837,415	$ 3,708,667	$ 4,718,795
OSU	15,682,184	7,692,650	4,549,548	3,439,986
CSU	6,174,765	4,024,467	2,141,712	8,586
ECOSU	1,801,742	1,105,666	665,442	30,634
NEOSU	4.238,618	2,789,666	1,394,982	53,970
NWOSU	1,349,848	828,833	432,449	88,566
SEOSU	1,800,313	1,021,084	598,727	180,502
SWOSU	3,987,400	2,211,331	1,219,388	556,681
Cameron	2,038,267	1,179,054	742,547	116,666
Langston	3,249,183	2,327,586	869,334	52,263
USAO	1,348,827	1,024,752	284,044	40,031
Panhandle	820,178	552,553	267,625	—
Claremore	801,250	645,490	155,760	—
Connors	753,060	469,364	283,696	—
Eastern	864,550	518,730	345,820	—
Murray	604,900	362,940	241,960	—
NEOAMC	2,260,805	1,194,400	951,467	114,938
NOC	920,935	444,263	357,618	119,054
WOSC	500,000	500,000	—	—
TBT expansion	465,000	465,000	—	—
OU-Health Sciences Center	351,020	150,000	150,148	50,872
OSU Tech.	1,076,217	1,000,000	51,155	25,062
State Regents	50,000	50,000	—	—
Projects not Yet Accompl.	104,756	104,756	—	—
Grand Total	$67,508,695	$38,500,000	$19,412,089	$ 9,596,606

*Includes donated funds and State funds from Section 13 and New College Revenues.

1968 OKLAHOMA BUILDING BOND ISSUE

In February, 1968, the State Regents published a research report updating the capital improvements needs of institutions in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education through 1975. This document set forth the need for approximately 1,500,000 square feet of assignable space for academic facilities.

A summary of the funds required to accomplish the needs as documented in this report is contained in the following tables.

SUMMARY OF FUNDS NEEDED FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS, THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION[a] 1967-1975

Item	Total	State	Federal & Other
New Construction	$54,800,000	$36,500,000	$18,300,000
Non-Structural	13,700,000	10,000,000	3,700,000
Air-Conditioning	7,500,000	5,000,000	2,500,000
Special Research Facilities	3,000,000	1,000,000	2,000,000
Technical Institutes	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Contingency	1,500,000	1,000,000	500,000
TOTAL	$82,500,000	$54,500,000	$28,000,000

[a] Excludes College of Medicine and College of Nursing Located at Oklahoma City.

Approval by the people of Oklahoma on December 10, 1968, of State Question 463 provided $42,250,000 for capital improvements projects in Oklahoma higher education. These funds together with federal funds expected to be available to Oklahoma should have made possible the accomplishment of the first three years of the Phase Two program. Immediately following the approval of State Question 463 however, the Federal Government started reducing drastically the appropriations for the construction of academic facilities. Since the state bond funds were expected to be matched with federal funds, only a few projects were able to be started with the small amount of available federal funds. The remaining projects were held over awaiting federal matching funds.

University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center

In June of 1965, the State Regents completed a comprehensive study of medical education needs in Oklahoma. That study, made in connection with the Self-Study of Higher Education in Oklahoma, set forth a series of recommendations for meeting the state's health education requirements. Recommendation Five, directed to the administration and governing board of the Health Sciences Center, called for the development of a complete "master plan for long-range campus development as quickly as possible." The Health Sciences Center was asked to redefine its mission in terms of the state's present and future medical manpower requirements, identify land needs, provide for the functional location of new space requirements, and establish a plan of priorities for construction.

Funds available from the 1961 and 1963 Bond Issues in the amount of $8,000,000 together with federal matching funds permitted the early construction of two major elements of the long-range plan—(1) University Hospital, and (2) Basic Sciences Medical Education Building.

In January, 1967, the State Regents approved a proposed ten-year fiscal plan for the redevelopment of the Health Sciences Center. Phases One and Two of this plan as shown in the following table were included in State Question 463, approved by the people on December 10, 1968. This bond issue provided $26,870,000 in state funds, making possible a total program of expansion at the Health Sciences Center of $55,450,000.

TEN-YEAR FISCAL PLAN FOR THE REDEVELOPMENT OF THE HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER

Phases	Period of Construction	Estimated Total Cost	Source of Funds		
			Federal	State	Other
Phase 1.	1967-1972	$31,900,000	$15,270,000	$14,380,000	$ 2,250,000
Phase 2.	1969-1974	23,550,000	11,060,000	12,490,000	None
Phase 3.	1972-1976	25,500,000	10,600,000	13,400,000	1,500,000
TOTAL		$80,950,000	$36,930,000	$40,270,000	$ 3,750,000

The Revised Phase II Program

In November of 1972, the State Regents published a report on academic facilities utilization entitled *Utilization of Academic Space: Colleges and Universities in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education—Fall Semester, 1971.* The report indicated a lack of need for additional new construction at all campuses in the State System. This report together with new enrollment projections showing a leveling of enrollments clearly indicated a new far better utilization of existing facilities instead of new construction.

The 1973 Oklahoma Legislature subsequently passed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8 which released the federal matching fund requirement and directed the 1968 bond funds to be expended for renovation, modernization, and equipping the existing academic buildings. The institutions began preparing revised campus master plans according to the intent of the resolution and consistent with guidelines and procedures adopted by the State Regents.

As of June 30, 1974, the Oklahoma Legislature has vitalized and issued bonds for a total of $44,500,000 ($23,500,000 of the $42,250,000 authorized for regular higher education institutions and $26,870,000 of the $26,870,000 authorized for the Oklahoma University Medical

Center). Through the period ending June 30, 1976, projects for capital improvements in the State System funded from the 1968 Bond Issue have been completed or started as shown in the following table.

TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST BY INSTITUTION AND SOURCE OF FUNDS PROJECTS FUNDED FROM 1968 OKLAHOMA BUILDING BOND FUNDS

Institution	Total Development Cost of Approved Projects	1968 State Bond Funds	Federal Funds	Other Funds
OU	$ 9,099,018	$ 3,897,687	$ —	$ 5,201,331
OSU	5,532,882	4,628,080	314,000	590,802
CSU	868,332	868,332	—	—
ECOSU	2,023,316	1,360,789	435,836	226,691
NEOSU	1,529,739	1,369,812	—	159,927
NWOSU	960,042	932,003	—	28,039
SEOSU	1,683,826	1,272,177	126,906	284,743
SWOSU	1,448,742	1,097,400	—	351,342
Cameron	2,333,686	1,795,547	—	538,139
Langston	1,111,630	962,630	—	149,000
Panhandle	783,219	723,034	—	60,185
USAO	633,439	633,439	—	—
CAJC	650,000	325,000	300,000	25,000
Claremore	933,039	537,007	—	396,032
Connors	632,260	632,260	—	—
Eastern	535,859	535,481	—	378
El Reno	1,079,393	325,000	379,393	375,000
Murray	816,831	816,831	—	—
NEOAMC	1,015,771	977,771	38,000	—
NOC	1,230,166	1,109,720	—	120,446
ORJC	6,838,446	2,500,000	1,729,126	2,609,320
Seminole	1,117,358	350,000	395,000	372,358
TJC	10,121,004	7,621,004	—	2,500,000
WOSC	2,100,000	1,600,000	500,000	—
OUHSC	41,007,843	18,235,000	22,153,787	619,056
OSU TT	2,570,000	2,500,000	—	70,000
OSU OCTI	2,112,767	1,000,000	862,767	250,000
OCOMS	6,299,200	1,578,996	4,250,401	469,803
TOTAL	$107,067,808	$60,185,000	$31,485,216	$15,397,592
Specialized Projects				
OU-HSC Land Purchases	4,115,428	4,000,000	—	115,428
Community Junior Colleges	150,218	100,000	50,000	218
Emergency Repair Fund	200,000	200,000	—	—
University Hospital	4,105,000	4,105,000	—	—
Childrens Hospital	530,000	530,000	—	—
Grand Total	$116,168,454	$69,120,000	$31,535,216	$15,513,238

SECTION THIRTEEN AND NEW COLLEGE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR 1976-77

	University of Oklahoma Norman	Oklahoma State University Stillwater	Central State University Edmond	East Central Oklahoma State University Ada	Northeastern Oklahoma State University Tahlequah	Northwestern Oklahoma State University Alva	Southeastern Oklahoma State University Durant	Southwestern Oklahoma State University Weatherford	Langston University Langston	Northern Oklahoma College Tonkawa
Unencumbered Funds on Hand July 1, 1976	$ 972,962	$541,913	$169,393	$109,753	$165,900	$ 77,814	$ 92,563	$130,117	$ 86,733	$142,739
Encumbered Funds on Hand July 1, 1976	51,308	82,641	24,053	2,559	31,659	30,425	33,752	—	10,446	56,211
Total Funds on Hand July 1, 1976	$1,024,270	$624,554	$193,446	$112,312	$167,559	$108,239	$126,315	$130,117	$ 97,179	$198,950
Funds Received During the Year	$ 671,657	$631,680	$123,100	$123,066	$123,066	$123,066	$123,066	$123,066	$130,682	$225,021
Total Funds Available for Expenditure	1,695,927	1,256,234	316,546	235,378	290,625	231,305	249,381	253,183	227,861	423,971
Expenditures During the Year For:										
Land Purchase	—	—	—	57,600	66,000	—	—	—	—	68
Land Improvements	808	135,120	—	9,259	19,127	—	3,352	—	—	20,245
Building Construction (Including Fixed and Built-in Equipment)	—	225,810	24,127	—	14,044	—	24,487	—	21,526	30,296
Building Repairs and Improvements	109,240	—	—	11,385	5,335	—	1,536	22,869	2,733	10,500
Moveable Equipment	112,946	—	—	48,183	26,419	78,180	52,701	—	9,177	107,815
Other Capital Outlay	19,435	—	—	1,751	1,069	—	4,842	10,163	56,887	—
Total Expenditures	$ 242,429	$360,930	$ 24,121	$128,178	$131,994	$ 78,180	$ 86,918	$ 33,032	$ 95,123	$168,924
Total Funds on Hand June 30, 1977	1,453,498	895,304	292,425	107,200	158,631	153,125	162,463	220,151	132,738	255,047
Encumbered Funds on Hand June 30, 1977	82,566	361,810	1,820	25,767	1,119	44,444	36,421	20,721	13,289	104,410
Unencumbered Funds on Hand June 30, 1977	$1,370,932	$533,494	$290,605	$ 81,433	$157,512	$108,681	$126,042	$199,430	$119,449	$150,637

STUDENT FEES

Title 70, O.S. Supp. 1977, Sections 3218, 3219, and 3220 authorizes the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education to fix student fees in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education within limits prescribed by the Legislature.

State educational institutions may be authorized by the State Regents to contract for, charge, collect, receive and use, any and all fees, tuition, charges, grants, and allowances available through the United States Veterans Administration, or any other federal agency, for the education and training of veterans.

The State Regents are also authorized to establish a system of student fee waiver scholarships for each institution in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education to be administered by the Board of Regents of the institution.

In order that all concerned—students, parents, institutional officers, Boards of Regents, members of the Legislature and other interested individuals—may have the information available, a Schedule of Fees authorized by the State Regents at each institution in the State System effective Fall Semester 1976, as amended, has been printed and is available at the office of the State Regents.

CHAPTER III

HISTORICAL RECORD OF BOARDS, INSTITUTIONS, AND PRESIDENTS

OKLAHOMA STATE REGENTS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

		Term Expires
Bert H. Mackie	Enid	1986
Eugene L. Swearingen	Tulsa	1985
James L. Mills	Oklahoma City	1984
Bob F. Allee	Elk City	1983
Russell D. Vaught	Midwest City	1982
John H. Patten	Norman	1981
Rubye M. Hall	Oklahoma City	1980
Joe F. Gary	Durant	1979
Scott E. Orbison	Tulsa	1978

OFFICERS OF THE REGENTS

1975-76	1976-77	1977-78
Joe F. Gary Chairman	John H. Patten Chairman	Russell D. Vaught Chairman
John H. Patten Vice-Chairman	Russell D. Vaught Vice-Chairman	Rubye M. Hall Vice-Chairman
G. Ellis Gable Secretary	John J. Vater, Jr. Secretary	Bob F. Allee Secretary
Russell D. Vaught Assistant Secretary	Rubye M. Hall Assistant Secretary	Scott E. Orbison Assistant Secretary

E. T. Dunlap, Chancellor

REGENT POSITIONS

Article XIII-A of the Constitution, adopted by the people 3-11-41; Title 70, Sections 1971-1991, Oklahoma Statutes 1961; vitalizing act signed by the Governor 5-18-41. Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article II, Section 202.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the nine positions, each nine-year term ends on May 16 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (5-16-41) for SEVEN years—1941-1948.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1948-1957-1966-1975-1984.
Frank Buttram appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-48; Bob Allee 5-16-57; Exall English 6-17-66; James L. Mills 8-7-75; term expires 5-16-84.

Position No. 2

Originally (5-16-41) for EIGHT years—1941-1949.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1949-1958-1967-1976-1985.
John Rogers appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-49, reappointed 5-16-58; G. Ellis Gable 4-21-59, reappointed 5-16-67; Eugene L. Swearingen 7-2-76; term expires 5-16-85.

Position No. 3

Originally (5-16-41) for NINE years—1941-1950.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1950-1959-1968-1977-1986.
John H. Kane appointed 5-16-41; S. A. Bryant 12-14-50; J. H. Johnston 8-6-51; John J. Vater, Jr. 12-14-59, reappointed 5-16-68; Bert H. Mackie 6-27-77; term expires 5-16-86.

Position No. 4

Originally (5-16-41) for ONE year—1941-1942.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1942-1951-1960-1969-1978.
Clee O. Doggett appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-42, reappointed 5-16-51; R. L. Crowder, Jr. 5-16-60; Goodwin Broaddus, Jr. 9-9-68, reappointed 5-16-69; Scott E. Orbison, 3-17-75; term expires 5-16-78.

Position No. 5

Originally (5-16-41) for TWO years—1941-1943.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1943-1952-1961-1970-1979.
J. E. Peery appointed 5-16-41; Herbert L. Branan 8-3-42; W. D. Little 5-16-43, reappointed 5-16-52; Jewell Ditmars 5-16-61; Joe F. Gary 7-2-71; term expires 5-16-79.

Position No. 6

Originally (5-16-41) for THREE years—1941-1944.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1944-1953-1962-1971-1980.
W. E. Harvey appointed 5-16-41; B. D. Eddie 5-20-44; Guy H. James 7-17-44; S. A. Bryant 8-24-53; Kenneth T. Gallagher 2-10-61; Scott E. Orbison 7-16-62; William T. Payne 2-13-63; James B. Lowe 9-8-71; Rubye M. Hall 3-25-74; term expires 5-16-80.

Position No. 7

Originally (5-16-41) for FOUR years—1941-1945.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1945-1954-1963-1972-1981.
Dial Currin appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-45; Claude S. Chambers 7-16-54; N. B. Musselman 7-26-61, reappointed 5-16-63; Donald S. Kennedy 5-7-64; John H. Patten 3-28-72; term expires 5-16-81.

Position No. 8

Originally (5-16-41) for FIVE years—1941-1946.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1946-1955-1964-1973-1982.
Ben F. Saye appointed 5-16-41; M. L. Dudley 6-10-46; Guy M. Harris 4-17-47, reappointed 5-16-55; Clyde A. Wheeler, Jr. 12-8-64; Joseph W. Morris 2-1-70; Russell D. Vaught 5-11-73; term expires 5-16-82.

Position No. 9

Originally (5-16-41) for SIX years—1941-1947.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1947-1956-1965-1974-1983.
Wharton Mathies appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-47, reappointed 5-16-56; Harry P. Conroy 6-8-65; Bob F. Allee, 10-14-74; term expires 5-16-83.

Chancellor

Dr. M. A. Nash July 10, 1943—June 30, 1961;
Dr. E. T. Dunlap July 1, 1961—to present.

GOVERNING BOARDS OF CONTROL STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Each institution of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education has its own governing board. These are as follows for state-owned institutions:

BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA

University of Oklahoma, Norman
Health Sciences Center, Oklahoma City
Law Center, Norman
Geological Survey, Norman

		Term Expires
Ronald H. White	Oklahoma City	1984
Charles E. Engleman	Clinton	1983
Dee A. Replogle, Jr.	Oklahoma City	1982
Richard A. Bell	Norman	1981
K. D. Bailey	Okmulgee	1980
Bob G. Mitchell	Oklahoma City	1979
Thomas R. Brett	Tulsa	1978

Mrs. Barbara H. James, Executive Secretary

BOARD POSITIONS

Article XII, Section 8 of the Constitution, adopted by the people 7-11-44; Title 70, Sections 1241 to 1247-9, Oklahoma Statutes 1961; vitalizing act signed by the Governor 2-13-47. Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article III, Section 302.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on March 21 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (4-9-19) for FIVE years—1919-1924.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
H. L. Muldrow 1919-23; G. M. Clifton 4-23 to 7-23; Oscar Welch 1923-24; John Rogers 1924-31; Malcolm Rosser, Jr. 1931-38; Lowery Harrell 1938-39; Claude Chambers 1939-45; Harrington Wimberly 3-45 to 10-45; Ned Shepler 1945-52; Joe W. McBride 1952-59; Julian Rothbaum 1959-66; Nancy Davies 1966-73; K. D. Bailey appointed 5-7-73; term expires 3-21-80.

Position No. 2

Originally (4-9-19) for SIX years—1919-1925.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
E. W. Marland 1919-21; Earl T. Miller 1921-23; D. F. Scanlan 4-23 to 7-23; Mont Highley 1923-25; John Carlock 1925-32; Thomas D. Lyons 1932-33; Eugene Kerr 1933-39; E. C. Hopper, Jr. 1939-46; Oscar White 1946-53; W. D. Grisso 1953-60; Mark R. Johnson 1960-67; Huston Huffman 1967-74; Richard A. Bell appointed 3-21-74; term expires 3-21-81.

Position No. 3

Originally (4-9-19) for SEVEN years—1919-1926.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Samuel W. Hayes 1919-21; I. Frank Roach 1921-23; Mrs. J. N. Schwoerke 1923-26; Addie Lee Lowther 1926-31; William J. Milburn 1931-32; William N. Barry 1932-34; Lloyd Noble 1934-49; Kent Shartel 1949-52; George Short 1952-55; Leonard H. Savage 1955-63; Quintin Little 1963-69; Walter Neustadt, Jr. 1969-76; Charles E. Engleman appointed 3-31-76; term expires 3-21-83.

Position No. 4

Originally (4-9-19) for ONE year—1919-1920.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Harry Diamond 1919-23; Frank Buttram 1923-31; Raymond Tolbert 1931-33; Eugene Ledbetter 1933-40; John Rogers 1940-41; John M. Craig 1941-43; W. R. Wallace 1943-47; Thomas R. Benedum 1947, reappointed 1948, reappointed 1955; James G. Davidson 1961-68; Jack Santee 1968; Dee A. Replogle, Jr. appointed 3-25-75; term expires 3-21-82.

Position No. 5

Originally (4-9-19) for TWO years—1919-1921.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
C. C. Roberts 1919-21; Frank Craig 1921-23; H. N. Arnold 1923-24; Orell Busby 1924-27; Joe Looney 1927-42; C. O. Hunt 3-42 to 8-42; Earl Deacon 1942-49; Dave Jeff Morgan 1949-56, reappointed 1956; John M. Houchin 1963-70; Vernon M. Lockard 1970-71; Mack M. Braly appointed 9-8-71; Ronald H. White 3-21-77; term expires 3-21-84.

Position No. 6

Originally (4-9-19) for THREE years—1919-1922.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
George L. Bowman 1919-27; W. C. Kite 1927-29; Samuel W. Hayes 1929-30; Breck Moss 1930-31; Claude Hatchett 1931-40; Harrington Wimberly 1940-43; Don Emery 1943-50; Raymond Foster 1950-57; Glenn Northcutt 1957-64; Reuben Sparks 1964; Robert C. Lollar 1970-71; Thomas R. Brett appointed 4-16-71; term expires 3-21-78.

Position No. 7

Originally (4-9-19) for FOUR years—1919-1923.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
H. H. Rogers 1919-21; T. L. Fogg 1921-23; C. J. Wrightsman 1923-24; A. A. McDonald 1924-27; W. E. Utterback 1927-29; George L. Bowman 1929-37; Joe W. McBride 1937-51; Quintin Little 1951-58, reappointed 1958; Eph Monroe 1960-65; Horace K. Calvert 1965; Bob G. Mitchell appointed 4-6-72; term expires 3-21-79.

BOARD OF REGENTS FOR THE OKLAHOMA AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGES

Oklahoma State University, Stillwater
College of Veterinary Medicine, Stillwater
Agricultural Experiment Station, Stillwater
Agricultural Extension Division, Stillwater
School of Technical Training, Okmulgee
Technical Institute, Oklahoma City
Cameron University, Lawton
Langston University, Langston
Oklahoma Panhandle State University, Goodwell
Connors State College of Agriculture and Applied Science, Warner
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College, Miami

		Term Expires
Carolyn Savage	Hominy	1985
Gary W. Reid	Hollis	1984
Ronald R. Martin	Checotah	1983
John W. Montgomery	Poteau	1982
Edwin Ketchum	Duncan	1981
H. Harber Lampl	Shawnee	1980
John W. Dunn	Woodward	1979
Dean Caton	Oklahoma City	1978

H. Jerrell Chesney, Executive Secretary

BOARD POSITIONS

Article VI, Section 31a of the Constitution, adopted by the people 7-11-44; Title 70, Sections 1310 to 1310.8, Oklahoma Statutes 1961; vitalizing act signed by the Governor 2-13-47. Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article IV, Section 409.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the eight positions, each eight-year term ends on April 4 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (4-5-45) for FIVE years—1945-1950.
Thereafter for an 8-year term.
R. T. Stuart appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-2-50; Amos K. Bass, Jr. 5-2-57, reappointed 4-2-58; John Burwell 4-21-66; R. T. Stuart, Jr. 8-20-74; John W. Montgomery 8-13-75; term expires 4-4-82.

Position No. 2

Originally (4-5-45) for SIX years—1945-1951.

Thereafter for an 8-year term.

O. L. Lackey appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-2-51, reappointed 6-4-59; Herman Duncan 4-2-67; Ivan Holmes 8-21-75; Ronald R. Martin 4-2-76; term expires 4-4-83.

Position No. 3

Originally (4-5-45) for SEVEN years—1945-1952.

Thereafter for an 8-year term.

Edward T. Davis appointed 4-5-45; William R. Williams 7-7-52, reappointed 5-9-60; Robert H. Smith 4-4-68; Gary W. Reid 5-23-77; term expires 4-4-84.

Position No. 4

Originally (4-5-45) for EIGHT years—1945-1953.

Thereafter for an 8-year term.

Fred G. Drummond appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-5-53; Robert I. Hartley 4-8-59, reappointed 4-2-61; Armon Bost 6-30-70; Carolyn Savage 6-17-77; term expires 4-4-85.

Position No. 5

Originally (4-5-45) for ONE year—1945-1946.

Thereafter for an 8-year term.

P. E. Harrill appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-3-47, reappointed 4-2-54; Weldon Kern 4-6-62; Burke Healey 2-13-63, reappointed 4-4-70; Dean Caton, 8-20-75; term expires 4-4-78.

Position No. 6

Originally (4-5-45) for TWO years—1945-1947.

Thereafter for an 8-year term.

John Pat Carpenter appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-3-47; Roy T. Nall 9-6-55; H. C. Hitch, Jr. 5-8-63; Ronald O. Ford 4-26-71; John W. Dunn 4-2-76; term expires 4-4-79.

Position No. 7

Originally (4-5-45) for THREE years—1945-1948.

Thereafter for an 8-year term.

W. Elmer Harber appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-2-48, reappointed 3-16-65; David Howe 5-6-64; Veldo Brewer 6-17-66; Richard James 5-3-67; H. Harber Lampl 4-10-72; term expires 4-4-80.

Position No. 8

Originally (4-5-45) for FOUR years—1945-1949.
Thereafter for an 8-year term.
Earl Russell appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-2-49, reappointed 4-9-57; W. D. Finney 4-14-65; Edwin Ketchum 4-24-73; term expires 4-4-81.

Position No. 9

Ex Officio Member—President of State Board of Agriculture.
Originally (4-5-45)
Joe C. Scott 4-5-45; Harold Hutton 12-1-48; Jack M. Cornelius, Jr. 5-13-59; Lew Meibergen 5-17-63; James Ballinger 9-1-66; Billy Ray Gowdy 5-7-71; Robert Barr 1-22-75; Jon Ford 1-23-76; David Stratton 9-21-77.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF OKLAHOMA COLLEGES

Central State University, Edmond
East Central Oklahoma State University, Ada
Northeastern Oklahoma State University, Tahlequah
Northwestern Oklahoma State University, Alva
Southeastern Oklahoma State University, Durant
Southwestern Oklahoma State University, Weatherford

		Term Expires
H. A. "Skip" Carlson	Elk City	1986
Ruth Holmes	Bartlesville	1985
Jon Bruce	Lawton	1984
Edward K. Livermore, Jr.	Edmond	1983
W. R. Bradford	Durant	1982
Jack M. Annis	Woodward	1981
James A. Thomas	Ada	1980
C. T. Morgan	Tahlequah	1979

Gordon Keith Allen, Executive Secretary

BOARD POSITIONS

Article XIII-B of the Constitution, adopted by the people 7-6-48; Title 70, Section 1916.1-1916.15, Oklahoma Statutes 1961; vitalizing act signed by the Governor 4-1-49. Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article V, Section 507.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the eight positions, each nine-year term ends on June 10 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (6-10-47) for ONE year—1947-1948.
Thereafter for a 9-year term.
John C. Fisher appointed 6-10-47, reappointed 6-10-48, reappointed 6-10-57; James V. Smith 9-10-65, reappointed 6-16-66; Harold T. Garvin 5-17-67; Jon Bruce 10-14-75; term expires 6-10-84.

Position No. 2

Originally (6-10-47) for TWO years—1947-1949.
Thereafter for a 9-year term.
A. L. Graham appointed 6-10-47, reappointed 6-10-49; Oras A. Shaw 6-10-58; Mrs. Merryll Jennings 8-15-63; Mary Cherry 6-10-67; Ruth Holmes 6-29-76; term expires 6-10-85.

Position No. 3

Originally (6-10-47) for THREE years—1947-1950.
Thereafter for a 9-year term.
Bert H. Brundage appointed 6-10-47, reappointed 6-10-50; V. L. Browne 7-1-59, reappointed 6-10-68; M. A. Diel 4-2-73; H. A. "Skip" Carlson 7-20-77; term expires 6-10-86.

Position No. 4

Originally (6-10-47) for FIVE years—1947-1952.
Thereafter for a 9-year term.
Maurine Fite appointed 6-10-47; Elizabeth G. Anthis 6-10-52; Mrs. W. B. Pruitt 6-10-61; C. T. Morgan 6-4-71; term expires 6-10-79.

Position No. 5

Originally (6-10-47) for SIX years—1947-1953.
Thereafter for a 9-year term.
S. C. Boswell appointed 6-10-47, reappointed 6-10-53; Thomas Walsh 10-9-63; James A. Thomas 6-4-71; term expires 6-10-80.

Position No. 6

Originally (6-10-47) for SEVEN years—1947-1954.
Thereafter for a 9-year term.
R. L. Clifton appointed 6-10-47; Joe B. Monroe 6-10-54, reappointed 9-24-63; Jack M. Annis 8-16-72; term expires 6-10-81.

Position No. 7

Originally (6-10-47) for EIGHT years—1947-1955.
Thereafter for a 9-year term.
R. H. Swearingen appointed 6-10-47; J. T. Colwick, Jr. 5-22-57; Lawrence S. Morrison 9-24-64; W. R. Bradford 7-11-73; term expires 6-10-82.

Position No. 8

Originally (6-10-47) for NINE years—1947-1956.
Thereafter for a 9-year term.
James S. Petty appointed 6-10-47; Earl A. Drennan 6-7-56; Standifer Keas 8-2-61; Philip White 1-14-63; Thomas Points 8-26-63; Marvin K. Hambrick 1965-74; Foster Estes 6-10-74; Edward K. Livermore, Jr. 2-27-75; term expires 6-10-83.

Position No. 9

Ex Officio Member—State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Originally (6-10-47)
Dr. Oliver S. Hodge 6-10-47; Dr. D. D. Creech 3-28-68; Dr. Scott Tuxhorn 1-1-70; Dr. Leslie Fisher 1-11-71.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND ARTS OF OKLAHOMA

		Term Expires
John Hudson	Chickasha	1984
Jack P. Wallace	Tulsa	1983
Scott Ousley	Marlow	1982
Mary Ellen Jennings	Bartlesville	1981
Kathryn Empie	Oklahoma City	1980
Gary Bryant	Oklahoma City	1979
John B. Jarboe	Tulsa	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article VI, Section 602.

To comply with the law and to record sequence of each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on June 30 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (7-6-65) for ONE year—1965-1966.

Thereafter a 7-year term.

Grady D. Harris, Jr. appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 7-1-66; Joel L. Carson 7-2-71; Kathryn Empie 7-19-73; term expires 6-30-80.

Position No. 2

Originally (7-6-65) for TWO years—1965-1967.

Thereafter a 7-year term.

Wade Watson appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 6-30-67; Ward Merrick, Jr. 11-2-70; Walt Allen 3-25-71; Mary Ellen Jennings 8-14-74, reappointed 3-26-75; term expires 6-30-81.

Position No. 3

Originally (7-6-65) for THREE years—1965-1968.

Thereafter a 7-year term.

Ed Calhoon appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 6-30-68; Scott Ousley 10-18-71, reappointed 8-7-75; term expires 6-30-82.

Position No. 4

Originally (7-6-65) for FOUR years—1965-1969.

Thereafter a 7-year term.

Art Bower appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 6-30-69; Mrs. Hildred Meinders 4-10-72; Jack P. Wallace 7-14-76; term expires 6-30-83.

Position No. 5

Originally (7-6-65) for FIVE years—1965-1970.
Thereafter a 7-year term.
Mrs. John Holland appointed 7-6-65; Mary E. Roddy 3-25-71; John Hudson 9-12-77; term expires 6-30-84.

Position No. 6

Originally (7-6-65) for SIX years—1965-1971.
Thereafter a 7-year term.
James Hewgley, Jr., appointed 7-6-65; Jack Santee 5-17-67; Vincent Butler 9-4-68; John B. Jarboe 3-27-71, reappointed 1-4-72; term expires 6-30-78.

Position No. 7

Originally (7-6-65) for SEVEN years—1965-1972.
Thereafter a 7-year term.
Mrs. J. Harold Abernathy appointed 7-6-65; Gary Bryant 7-10-72; term expires 6-30-79.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF CARL ALBERT JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Delores Mitchell	Sallisaw	1984
Albert E. Hall, Jr.	Heavener	1983
Elmer Brown	Talihina	1982
Galen Sullins	Spiro	1981
Herman Thomas	Poteau	1980
F. L. Holton, Jr.	Poteau	1979
Joe K. Thomas	Poteau	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (11-24-71) for ONE year—1971-1972.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Mickey LaFever appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Bob Lee Kidd, Jr., appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Galen Sullins, 3-6-75; term expires 7-1-81.

Position No. 2

Originally (11-24-71) for TWO years—1971-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Mike Snapp appointed as a Trustee 11-24-72, elected as a Trustee 1-23-73; Monroe Henson appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Elmer Brown 5-22-75, reappointed 8-7-75; term expires 7-1-82.

Position No. 3

Originally (11-24-71) for THREE years—1971-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Bob Lee Kidd, Jr., appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Albert E. Hall, Jr., appointed as a Regent 7-1-73, reappointed 8-20-76; term expires 7-1-83.

Position No. 4

Originally (11-24-71) for FOUR years—1971-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Herman L. Thomas appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Lent H. Ives appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Delores Mitchell 5-27-77; term expires 7-1-84.

Position No. 5

Originally (11-24-71) for FIVE years—1971-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
F. L. Holton, Jr., appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Joe K. Thomas appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-78.

Position No. 6

Originally (11-24-71) for SIX years—1971-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Joe Ellzey appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; F. L. Holton, Jr., appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-79.

Position No. 7

Originally (11-24-71) for SEVEN years—1971-1978.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Joe K. Thomas, Jr., appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Herman Thomas appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-80.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF CLAREMORE JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Nadine Smith	Muskogee	1982
James Summerlin	Claremore	1981
Laura M. Butner	Vinita	1980
Nelson Devers	Pryor	1979
A. E. Lane	Tulsa	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article VIII, Section 802.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the five positions, each five-year term ends on June 30 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (2-17-65) for ONE year—1965-1966.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
Bob Lee Kidd appointed 2-17-65, reappointed 6-30-66; James Summerlin 10-7-71, reappointed 7-14-76; term expires 6-30-81.

Position No. 2

Originally (4-5-63) for TWO years—1965-1967.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
Robert D. Lengacher appointed 4-5-63, reappointed 6-30-67; Nadine Smith 10-5-72, reappointed 7-22-77; term expires 6-30-82.

Position No. 3

Originally (7-1-63) for THREE years—1965-1968.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
M. A. Kiker appointed 7-1-63; A. Wilson Musselman 1968-73; A. E. Lane 6-30-73; term expires 6-30-78.

Position No. 4

Originally (9-21-64) for FOUR years—1965-1969.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
Tracy Kelly appointed 9-21-64, reappointed 6-30-69; Bill Wiggington 11-25-75; Nelson Devers 8-18-76; term expires 6-30-79.

Position No. 5

Originally (6-15-65) for FIVE years—1965-1970.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
W. T. Massey appointed 6-15-65; Major Arthur J. Kruger 5-19-71; Laura M. Butner 8-13-75; term expires 6-30-80.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF EASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE

		Term Expires
John E. Prock	Heavener	1984
Vance Womack	Rattan	1983
Davie Spindle	Checotah	1982
Hazel Porterfield	McAlester	1981
Thomas M. Poteet, Jr.	Del City	1980
John Sokolosky	Wilburton	1979
Robert Massengale	Hugo	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article IV, Section 406.2.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on June 1 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (6-1-72) for ONE year—1972-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Thomas M. Poteet, Jr., appointed 6-1-72, reappointed 7-25-73; term expires 6-1-80.

Position No. 2

Originally (6-1-72) for TWO years—1972-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Eddie Young appointed 6-1-72; Hazel Porterfield 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-81.

Position No. 3

Originally (6-1-72) for THREE years—1972-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Ethel Fread appointed 6-1-72; Davie Spindle 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-82.

Position No. 4

Originally (6-1-72) for FOUR years—1972-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Vance Womack appointed 6-1-72, reappointed 10-19-76; term expires 6-1-83.

Position No. 5

Originally (6-1-72) for FIVE years—1972-1977.

Thereafter for a 7-year term.

Henry Roye appointed 6-1-72; John E. Prock 7-13-76, reappointed 5-27-77; term expires 6-1-84.

Position No. 6

Originally (6-1-72) for SIX years—1972-1978.

Thereafter for a 7-year term.

Robert Massengale appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-78.

Position No. 7

Originally (6-1-72) for SEVEN years—1972-1979.

Thereafter for a 7-year term.

John Sokolosky appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-79.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF EL RENO JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
T. G. Johnson	El Reno	1983
Dale Wrobbel	Kingfisher	1982
Gerald Carey	El Reno	1981
Jim Watson	Yukon	1980
Lloyd Carroll	El Reno	1979
Tom Hamby	El Reno	1978
Betty Thornton	Yukon	1977

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (1-20-72) for ONE year—1972-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
T. G. Johnson appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72, elected as a Trustee 2-27-73; Dale Wrobbel appointed as a Regent 4-22-74, reappointed 8-7-75; term expires 4-22-82.

Position No. 2

Originally (1-20-72) for TWO years—1972-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Dwight Stephens appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; T. G. Johnson appointed as a Regent 4-22-74, reappointed 10-15-76; term expires 4-22-83.

Position No. 3

Originally (1-20-72) for THREE years—1972-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Morris Hurst appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Betty Thornton appointed as a Regent 4-22-73; term expires 4-22-77.

Position No. 4

Originally (1-20-72) for FOUR years—1972-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Charles F. Hundley appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Tom Hamby appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-78.

Position No. 5

Originally (1-20-72) for FIVE years—1972-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Betty Feddersen appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Lloyd Carroll appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-79.

Position No. 6

Originally (1-20-72) for SIX years—1972-1978.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Bruce Haynes appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Jim Watson appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-80.

Position No. 7

Originally (1-20-72) for SEVEN years—1972-1979.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
James E. Bass appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Garland Parker 2-15-73; Gerald Carey appointed as a Regent 4-22-73; term expires 4-22-81.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF MURRAY STATE COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Tom Parrish	Madill	1984
I. G. Washington	Caddo	1983
Page Lambert	Ardmore	1982
Pat Howe	Sulphur	1981
Ben Murray	Durant	1980
Earle E. Emerson	Coalgate	1979
Lonnie Jarman	Tishomingo	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article IV, Section 407.2.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on June 1 of a given year.

Position No. 1
Originally (6-1-72) for ONE year—1972-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Fredo Hamilton appointed 6-1-72; Ben Murray 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-80.

Position No. 2
Originally (6-1-72) for TWO years—1972-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Clarence Burch appointed 6-1-72; Pat Howe 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-81.

Position No. 3
Originally (6-1-72) for THREE years—1972-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Page Lambert appointed 6-1-72, reappointed 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-82.

Position No. 4
Originally (6-1-72) for FOUR years—1972-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
I. G. Washington appointed 6-1-72, reappointed 10-15-76; term expires 6-1-83.

Position No. 5
Originally (6-1-72) for FIVE years—1972-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Roy McAdoo appointed 6-1-72; Tom Parrish 6-17-77; term expires 6-1-84.

Position No. 6

Originally (6-1-72) for SIX years—1972-1978.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Wilson McDonald appointed 6-1-72; Lonnie Jarman 12-17-75; term expires 6-1-78.

Position No. 7

Originally (6-1-72) for SEVEN years—1972-1979.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Earle E. Emerson appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-79.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF NORTHERN OKLAHOMA COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Bil Rodgers, Jr.	Blackwell	1982
Warren L. Jensen	Ponca City	1981
Robert G. Carter	Pawhuska	1980
Kaye McCarty	Newkirk	1979
Rowena Corr	Bartlesville	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article VII, Section 702.

To comply with the law and to record sequence of each of the five positions, each five-year term ends on June 30 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (7-6-65) for ONE year—1965-1966.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
J. Morgan Bush appointed 7-6-65; Goodwin Broaddus, Jr. 8-9-66; Roy Mays 1-1-69; Edwin Fair 1-7-72; Warren L. Jensen 6-30-76; term expires 6-30-81.

Position No. 2

Originally (7-6-65) for TWO years—1965-1967.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
W. W. Rodgers appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 11-14-67, reappointed 5-7-73; Bill Rodgers, Jr. 9-12-77; term expires 6-30-82.

Position No. 3

Originally (7-6-65) for THREE years—1965-1968.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
Gordon Hayton appointed 7-6-65; Marvin Apperson 6-30-68; Rowena Corr 9-11-73; term expires 6-30-78.

Position No. 4

Originally (7-6-65) for FOUR years—1965-1969.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
Raymond Brining appointed 7-6-65; Eber Heady 5-17-67, reappointed 6-30-69; Taylor Scott 4-10-74; Bob Van Meter 11-21-74; Kaye McCarty 5-13-75; term expires 6-30-79.

Position No. 5

Originally (7-6-65) for FIVE years—1965-1970.
Thereafter a 5-year term.
D. Joe Ferguson appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 6-19-71; Robert G. Carter 3-28-72, reappointed 8-7-75; term expires 6-30-80.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF OSCAR ROSE JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
G. A. Coleman	Del City	1984
Jo Helen Webber	Midwest City	1983
Don Reynolds	Del City	1982
William G. Bernhardt	Midwest City	1981
John Conrad	Midwest City	1980
Maurice Nickell	Midwest City	1979
J. B. Estes	Oklahoma City	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (8-1-68) for ONE year—1968-1969.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Orin Kimball appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68, elected as a Trustee 3-25-69; Bryce Cochran appointed as a Trustee 2-8-73; William G. Bernhardt appointed as a Regent 7-1-73, reappointed 2-27-75; term expires 7-1-81.

Position No. 2

Originally (8-1-68) for TWO years—1968-1970.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Russell D. Vaught appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68, elected as a Trustee 3-24-70; Toney M. Webber appointed as a Trustee 5-10-73; Don Reynolds appointed as a Regent 7-1-73, reappointed 10-14-75; term expires 7-1-82.

Position No. 3

Originally (8-1-68) for THREE years—1968-1971.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Carroll McIlvoy appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68; Don Reynolds 3-3-71, elected as a Trustee 3-23-71; Toney M. Webber appointed as a Regent 7-1-73, reappointed 10-15-76; Jo Helen Webber 7-21-77; term expires 7-1-83.

Position No. 4

Originally (8-1-68) for FOUR years—1968-1972.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
J. B. Estes appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68, elected as a Trustee 3-28-72; Fred Joiner appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Norris Price 2-27-75; G. A. Coleman 7-27-77; term expires 7-1-84.

Position No. 5

Originally (8-1-68) for FIVE years—1968-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Joe B. Barnes appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68; J. B. Estes appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-78.

Position No. 6

Originally (8-1-68) for SIX years—1968-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Bryce Cochran appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68; John Conrad 2-8-73; Joe B. Barnes appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Maurice Nickell 8-18-76; term expires 7-1-79.

Position No. 7

Originally (8-1-68) for SEVEN years—1968-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Fred Joiner appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68; John Conrad appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-80.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF SEMINOLE JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Don Wills	Seminole	1983
George Word	Shawnee	1982
Ted Phillips	Seminole	1981
Michael D. Simmons	Wewoka	1980
Floyd Henson	Shawnee	1979
Frank Seay, Sr.	Seminole	1978
Pauline Martin	Seminole	1977

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (8-1-71) for ONE year—1971-1972.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
T. P. Bryan appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71, elected as a Trustee 3-28-72; Ted Phillips appointed as a Regent 7-1-73, reappointed 2-26-75; term expires 7-1-81.

Position No. 2

Originally (8-1-71) for TWO years—1971-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Fred Adwan appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71, elected as a Trustee 3-27-73; George Word appointed as a Regent 7-1-73, reappointed 7-16-75; term expires 7-1-82.

Position No. 3

Originally (8-1-71) for THREE years—1971-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Hubert Callaway appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71; James Willett appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Don Wills 2-26-75, reappointed 10-15-76; term expires 7-1-83.

Position No. 4

Originally (8-1-71) for FOUR years—1971-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Frank Seay, Sr. appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71; T. P. Bryan appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Pauline Martin 2-26-75; term expires 7-1-77.

Position No. 5

Originally (8-1-71) for FIVE years—1971-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Betty Reynolds appointed as a Trusteee 7-1-73; Frank Seay, Sr. appointed as a Regent 7-1-73, reappointed 2-26-75; term expires 7-1-78.

Position No. 6

Originally (8-1-71) for SIX years—1971-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Howard Aiken appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71; Floyd Henson appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-79.

Position No. 7

Originally (8-1-71) for SEVEN years—1971-1978.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Ruby M. Lovelady appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71, appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Michael D. Simmons 2-26-75; term expires 7-1-80.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF SOUTH OKLAHOMA CITY JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
David Hunt	Oklahoma City	1984
Jack Bernier	Oklahoma City	1983
Robert T. Luttrell, Jr.	Oklahoma City	1982
Bob McKillips	Oklahoma City	1981
Jane Hardin	Oklahoma City	1980
Thomas J. Carlile	Del City	1979
Lanny Gardner	Oklahoma City	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (3-31-70) for ONE year—1970-1971.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Jim Lookabaugh appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70; Harold Stansberry elected as a Trustee 3-23-71; Robert T. Luttrell, Jr., appointed as a Regent 3-6-75; term expires 4-22-82.

Position No. 2

Originally (3-31-70) for TWO years—1970-1972.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Leon Nance appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70, elected as a Trustee 3-28-72; Jerry Steward appointed as a Regent 4-22-74, reappointed 3-6-75; Jack Bernier 6-7-76; term expires 4-22-83.

Position No. 3

Originally (3-31-70) for THREE years—1970-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Carlton Myhro appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70, elected as a Trustee 3-27-73; David Hunt appointed as a Regent 4-22-73, reappointed 5-27-77; term expires 4-22-84.

Position No. 4

Originally (3-31-70) for FOUR years—1970-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Al Snipes appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70; Lanny Gardner appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-78.

Position No. 5

Originally (3-31-70) for FIVE years—1970-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Robert Moser appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70; J. R. Daniel 6-26-72; Raymond Cook appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; Thomas J. Carlile 1-31-77; term expires 4-22-79.

Position No. 6

Originally (3-31-70) for SIX years—1970-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Wesley Weldon appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70; Jane Hardin appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-80.

Position No. 7

Originally (3-31-70) for SEVEN years—1970-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Jack E. Turner appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70; Bob McKillips appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-81.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF TULSA JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Edwynne Krumme	Tulsa	1984
W. Keith Rapp	Tulsa	1983
Wayman E. Humphrey	Tulsa	1982
George E. Norvell	Tulsa	1981
Anne McWilliams	Broken Arrow	1980
T. Oscar Chappelle	Tulsa	1979
Thad Taylor, Jr.	Tulsa	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1413.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on June 30 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (6-30-69) for ONE year—1969-1970.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
William P. Francis appointed 6-30-69; Guy Berry, Jr. 10-12-70; Harley Van Cleave 4-13-71; Charles A. Kothe 5-25-73; William J. Cecka, Jr. 6-4-75; Edwynne Krumme 7-13-77; term expires 6-30-84.

Position No. 2

Originally (6-30-69) for TWO years—1969-1971.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
W. J. Bovaird appointed 6-30-69; Thad Taylor, Jr. 6-20-72; term expires 6-30-78.

Position No. 3

Originally (6-30-69) for THREE years—1969-1972.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
T. Oscar Chappelle appointed 6-30-69, reappointed 3-17-75; term expires 6-30-79.

Position No. 4

Originally (6-30-69) for FOUR years—1969-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Mrs. James L. Wells appointed 6-30-69; Anne McWilliams 7-19-73; term expires 6-30-80.

Position No. 5

Originally (6-30-69) for FIVE years—1969-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
George Warde appointed 6-30-69; George E. Norvell 6-4-75; term expires 6-30-81.

Position No. 6

Originally (6-30-69) for SIX years—1969-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Wayman E. Humphrey appointed 6-30-69, reappointed 6-4-75; term expires 6-30-82.

Position No. 7

Originally (6-30-69) for SEVEN years—1969-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
John W. Sublett appointed 6-30-69; W. Keith Rapp 1-3-77; term expires 6-30-83.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF WESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Johnnie C. Diltz	Altus	1984
Guy Southall	Altus	1983
Earl E. Abernathy	Altus	1982
Berniece Underwood	Willow	1981
Charles Eckenrode	Frederick	1980
H. Keith Myers, Jr.	Altus	1979
John P. Gover	Altus	1978

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1418.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on March 24 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (3-24-71) for ONE year—1971-72.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
H. Keith Myers, Jr., appointed 3-24-71, reappointed 9-15-72; term expires 3-24-79.

Position No. 2

Originally (3-24-71) for TWO years—1971-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Waldo T. Oden appointed 3-24-71; Charles Eckenrode 10-15-76; term expires 3-24-80.

Position No. 3

Originally (3-24-71) for THREE years—1971-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Berniece Underwood appointed 6-1-71, reappointed 7-6-75; term expires 3-24-81.

Position No. 4

Originally (3-24-71) for FOUR years—1971-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Earl E. Abernathy appointed 3-24-71, reappointed 4-29-75; term expires 3-24-82.

Position No. 5

Originally (3-24-71) for FIVE years—1971-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Darill L. Leverett appointed 3-24-71; Guy Southall 12-17-76; term expires 3-24-83.

Position No. 6

Originally (3-24-71) for SIX years—1971-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
Johnnie C. Diltz appointed 10-13-72, reappointed 5-31-77; term expires 3-24-84.

Position No. 7

Originally (3-24-71) for SEVEN years—1971-1978.
Thereafter for a 7-year term.
John P. Gover appointed 3-24-71; term expires 3-24-78.

OKLAHOMA INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION

All the generally recognized institutions in Oklahoma, both public and private, offering work at the higher education level are listed below:

COMPREHENSIVE, REGIONAL, AND SENIOR STATE UNIVERSITIES:

University of Oklahoma, Dr. Paul F. Sharp, President, Norman
Oklahoma State University, Dr. L. L. Boger, President, Stillwater
Central State University, Dr. Bill Lillard, President, Edmond
East Central Oklahoma State University, Dr. Stanley P. Wagner, President, Ada
Northeastern Oklahoma State University, Dr. Elwin Fite, Acting President, Tahlequah
Northwestern Oklahoma State University, Dr. Joe J. Struckle, President, Alva
Southeastern Oklahoma State University, Dr. Leon Hibbs, President, Durant
Southwestern Oklahoma State University, Dr. Leonard Campbell, President, Weatherford
Cameron University, Dr. Don Owen, President, Lawton
Langston University, Dr. Ernest L. Holloway, Acting President, Langston
Oklahoma Panhandle State University, Dr. Thomas L. Palmer, President, Goodwell
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma, Dr. Roy Troutt, President, Chickasha

The Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery (Professional College), Dr. John Barson, President, Tulsa

STATE JUNIOR COLLEGES:

Carl Albert Junior College, Dr. Joe E. White, President, Poteau
Claremore Junior College, Dr. Richard H. Mosier, President, Claremore
Connors State College of Agriculture and Applied Science, Dr. Melvin Self, President, Warner
Eastern Oklahoma State College, Dr. James M. Miller, President, Wilburton
El Reno Junior College, Dr. Bill S. Cole, President, El Reno
Murray State College, Dr. Clyde R. Kindell, President, Tishomingo
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College, Dr. D. D. Creech, President, Miami
Northern Oklahoma College, Dr. Edwin E. Vineyard, President, Tonkawa
Oscar Rose Junior College, Dr. Joe Leone, President, Midwest City

Seminole Junior College, Dr. Elmer Tanner, President, Seminole
South Oklahoma City Junior College, Dr. Dale L. Gibson, President, Oklahoma City
Tulsa Junior College, Dr. Alfred M. Philips, President, Tulsa
Western Oklahoma State College, Dr. W. C. Burris, President, Altus

Sayre Junior College (Community Junior College), Harry Patterson, President, Sayre

PRIVATE UNIVERSITIES AND SENIOR COLLEGES:

American Christian College, Dr. David A. Noebel, President, Tulsa
Bartlesville Wesleyan College, Dr. John M. Snook, President, Bartlesville
Bethany Nazarene College, Dr. John A. Knight, Sr., President, Bethany
Midwest Christian College, Stanley D. Letcher, Jr., President, Oklahoma City
Oklahoma Baptist University, Dr. E. Eugene Hall, President, Shawnee
Oklahoma Christian College, Dr. J. Terry Johnson, President, Oklahoma City
Oklahoma City University, Dr. Dolphus Whitten, Jr., President, Oklahoma City
Oklahoma Missionary Baptist College, Institute & Seminary, Dr. R. T. Perritt, President, Marlow
Oral Roberts University, Dr. Oral Roberts, President, Tulsa
Phillips University, Dr. Samuel E. Curl, President, Enid
The University of Tulsa, Dr. J. Paschal Twyman, President, Tulsa

PRIVATE JUNIOR COLLEGES:

Bacone College, Dr. Wesley N. Haines, Acting President, Muskogee
Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College, Bill M. Jones, President, Moore
St. Gregory's College, Father Michael Roethler, President, Shawnee
Southwestern College, Scott T. Muse, Jr., President, Oklahoma City

Spartan School of Aeronautics (Proprietary Junior College), Vernon M. Setterholm, President, Tulsa

RECORD OF PRESIDENTS OF INSTITUTIONS

STATE UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES

University of Oklahoma, Norman. Presidents: David Ross Boyd, 1892-1908; Arthur Grant Evans, 1908-1911; Julien Charles Monnet, 1911-1912 (Acting); Stratton Duluth Brooks, 1912-1923; James Shannon Buchanan, 1923-1924 (Acting), 1924-1925; William Bennett Bizzell, 1925-1941; Joseph August Brandt, 1941-1943; George Lynn Cross, 1944 (Acting), 1944-1968; John Herbert Hollomon, 1968-1970; Pete Kyle McCarter, 1970-1971 (Acting); Paul F. Sharp, 1971-.

Oklahoma State University, Stillwater. Presidents: R. J. Barker, 1891-1894; Henry E. Alvord, 1894-1895; Edmund D. Murdaugh, January to June, 1895; George E. Morrow, 1895-1899; Angelo C. Scott, 1899-1908; James Henry Connell, 1908-1914; Lowry L. Lewis, 1914-1915; James W. Cantwell, 1915-1921; James B. Eskridge, 1921-1923; George Wilson, June to July, 1923; Richard Gaines Tyler, August to September, 1923; Bradford Knapp, 1923-1928; Clarence H. McElroy, May to June, 1928; Henry G. Bennett, 1928-1951; Oliver S. Willham, 1952-1966; Robert B. Kamm, 1966-1977; James H. Boggs, February to June, 1977 (Acting); L. L. Boger, 1977-.

Central State University, Edmond. Presidents: Richard Thatcher, 1891-1893; George W. Winans, 1893-1894; E. R. Williams, 1894-1895; E. D. Murdaugh, 1895-1901; F. H. Umholtz, 1901-1906; T. W. Butcher, 1906-1908; James A. McLauchlin, 1908-1911; Charles Evans, 1911-1916; Grant B. Grumbine, 1916-1917; J. W. Graves, 1917-1919; John G. Mitchell, 1919-1931; M. A. Beeson, 1931-1935; John O. Mosley, 1935-1939; Roscoe R. Robinson, 1939-1948; W. Max Chambers, 1949-1960; Garland Godfrey, 1960-1975; Bill Lillard, 1975-.

East Central Oklahoma State University, Ada. Presidents: Charles W. Briles, 1909-1916; J. M. Gordon, 1916-1920; A. Linscheid, 1920-1949; C. F. Spencer, 1949-1969; Stanley P. Wagner, 1969-.

Northeastern Oklahoma State University, Tahlequah. Presidents: Albert Sydney Wyly, 1909; D. Frank Redd, 1909-1911; Frank E. [illegible]ck, 1911-1912; W. E. Gill, 1912-1914; George W. Gable, 1914-1919; William T. Ford, 1919-1923; Monroe Percy Hammond, 1923-1935; John Monroe Hackler, 1935-1936 (Acting); John Samuel Vaughan, 1936-1951; Louis H. Bally, January to March, 1951 (Acting); Harrell E. Garrison, 1951-1970; Robert E. Collier, 1970-1977; Elwin Fite, 1977- (Acting).

Northwestern Oklahoma State University, Alva. Presidents: James E. Ament, 1897-1902; Thomas W. Conway, 1902-1907; Walter L. Ross, 1907-1910; Grant B. Grumbine, 1910-1916; J. W. Graves, 1916-1917; A. S. Faulkner, 1917-1919; J. P. Battenberg, 1919-1928; Sabin C. Percefull, May to August, 1928 (Acting); W. W. Parker, 1928-1933; O. E. Hatcher, 1933-1935; Sabin C. Percefull, 1935-1936 (Acting); E. E. Brown, 1936-1939; Chester O. Newlun, 1939-1943; Sabin C. Percefull, 1943-1955; Luther D. Brown, 1955-1956; J. W. Martin, 1956-1972; R. William Wygle, 1972-1974; Joe J. Struckle, 1975-.

Southeastern Oklahoma State University, Durant. Presidents: Marcus E. Moore, 1909-1911; Edmund D. Murdaugh, 1911-1914; William C. Canterbury, 1914-1915; Andrew S. Faulkner, 1915-1916; T. D. Brooks, 1916-1919; Henry G. Bennett, 1919-1928; Eugene S. Briggs, 1928-1933; Wade H. Shumate, 1933-1935; Kate Galt Zaneis, 1935-1937; W. B. Morrison, June to July, 1937 (Acting); H. Vance Posey, 1937-1939; T. T. Montgomery, 1939-1952; A. E. Shearer, 1952-1967; Leon Hibbs, 1967-.

Southwestern Oklahoma State University, Weatherford. Presidents: James Robert Campbell, 1903-1907; John Fletcher Sharp, 1907-1911; Ulysses J. Giffith, 1911-1915; James B. Eskridge, 1915-1921; Alfred H. Burris, 1921-1923; James Walter Turner, 1923-1927; Ernest Edward Brown, 1927-1932; Charles Walter Richards, 1932-1935; Walter W. Isle, 1935-1939; James B. Boren, 1939-1942; G. S. Sanders, 1942-1945; R. Harold Burton, 1945-1960; Al Harris, 1960-1975; Leonard Campbell, 1975-.

Cameron University, Lawton. Presidents: J. A. Liner, 1909-1912; R. K. Robertson, 1912-1913; E. M. Frost, 1913-1914; R. P. Short, 1914-1915; A. C. Farley, 1915-1920; A. E. Wickizer, 1920-1923; J. G. March, 1923-1927; John L. Coffey, 1927-1932; C. M. Conwill, 1932-1943; C. H. Breedlove, 1943-1947; C. Vernon Howell, 1947-1957; Clarence L. Davis, 1957-1960; Richard Burch, 1960-1969; Don Owen, 1969-.

Langston University, Langston. Presidents: Inman E. Page, 1898-1915; Isaac B. McCutcheon, 1915-1916; John M. Marquess, 1916-1923; I. W. Young, 1923-1927; Z. T. Hubert, 1927-1931; I. W. Young, 1931-1935; J. W. Sanford, 1935-1939; G. L. Harrison, 1939-1960; William H. Hale, 1960-1970; William E. Sims, 1970-1974; James Mosley, 1974-1975 (Acting); Thomas E. English, 1975-1977; Ernest L. Holloway, 1977- (Acting).

Oklahoma Panhandle State University, Goodwell. Presidents: S. W. Black, 1909-1915; J. F. Sharp, 1915-1919; George A. Coffey, 1919-1922; A. W. Fanning, 1922-1933; Byron Dacus, 1933-1936; E. L. Morrison, 1936-1944; Marvin McKee, 1944-1968; Freeman McKee, 1968-1971; Thomas L. Palmer, 1971-.

University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma, Chickasha. Presidents: H. B. Abernathy, 1909-1911; J. Alexander Moors, 1911-1912; Jonas Cook, May to July, 1912 (Acting); J. B. Eskridge, 1912-1914; G. W. Austin, 1914-1926; M. A. Nash, 1927-1943; C. Dan Proctor, 1943-1958; Freeman H. Beets, 1958-1961; Kenneth Young, 1961-1962 (Acting); Charles E. Grady, 1962-1966; H. B. Smith, Jr., 1966-1967 (Acting); Robert L. Martin, 1967-1972; Bruce G. Carter, 1972-1975; Roy Troutt, 1975-.

The Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery, Tulsa. Presidents: John Barson, 1973-.

Carl Albert Junior College, Poteau. Presidents: Orville Johnson, 1967-1973; Norman McNabb, 1973-1975; James K. Fritze, April to June, 1975 (Acting); Joe E. White, 1975-.

Claremore Junior College, Claremore. Presidents: Col. Stephen Melvel Barrett, 1919-1924; Col. W. S. Bryan, 1924-1925 (Acting); Col. Walter E. Downs, 1925-1940; Col. R. E. Anderson, 1940-1941; Capt. John C. Hamilton, February to July, 1941 (Acting), 1941-1944; Col. W. S. Bryan, July to November, 1944 (Acting); Col. Kenneth S. Perkins, 1944-1948; Col. Homer M. Ledbetter, 1948-1964; Maj. Gen. J. F. Smoller, 1964-1968; Col. John Horne, 1968-1972; Richard H. Mosier, 1972-.

Connors State College of Agriculture and Applied Science, Warner. Presidents: J. A. Liner, 1909-1910; J. S. Murray, 1910-1911; J. V. Faulkner, 1911-1912; W. S. Jackson, 1912-1913; President Rennick, 1913-1914; J. S. Malone, 1915-1917; George A. Coffey, 1917-1919; H. C. King, 1919-1932; Jacob Johnson, 1933-1965; Melvin Self, 1965-.

Eastern Oklahoma State College, Wilburton. Presidents: George E. Ladd, 1908-1913; E. P. Barrett, 1913-1915; J. W. Graves, 1915-1916; Lynn Glover, 1916-1917; (School closed 1917-1919); Mead S. Johnson, 1919-1923; J. K. Walsh, 1923-1924; E. E. Tourtellotte, 1924-1936; Ohland Morton, 1936-1937 (Acting); C. C. Dunlap, 1937-1951; R. B. Mitchell, 1951-1952, (Acting); E. T. Dunlap, 1952-1961; J. N. Baker, 1961-1969; Walter Williams, 1969 (Acting); James M. Miller, 1970-.

El Reno Junior College, El Reno. Presidents: Leslie Roblyer, 1967-1971; Art Harrison, 1971-1975; Bill S. Cole, 1976-.

Murray State College, Tishomingo, Presidents: James A. Wilson, 1908; P. B. H. Shearer, 1908-1909 (Acting), 1909-1910; Hal L. Muldrow, 1910-1914; R. M. McCool, 1914-1930; Otto E. Shaw, 1930-1931; Clive E. Murray, 1931-1961 (miltiary leave 1940-1946 and military leave 1948-1954); M. C. Courtney, 1940-1941 (Acting); A. D. Patton, 1941-1946 (Acting); C. J. Hall, 1948-1951 (Acting); William Parrish, 1951-1954 (Acting); Charles E. Grady, 1961-1962; Freeman McKee, 1962-1967; Clyde R. Kindell, 1967-.

Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College, Miami. Presidents: Walter O. Cralle, 1922-1924; M. R. Floyd, 1924-1931; Lloyd B. Drake, 1931-1933; John E. Holcomb, 1933-1937; Earl E. Emerson, 1937-1938; E. L. Smith, 1938-1939; Sabin C. Percefull, 1939-1942; Bruce G. Carter, 1943-1970; D. D. Creech, 1970-.

Northern Oklahoma College, Tonkawa. Presidents: James H. Kelly,1902-1909; John Alley, 1909-1911; Lynn Glover, 1911-1916; W. C. Frency, 1916-1917; (School closed 1917-1919); R. M. Caldwell, 1919-1928; R. R. Robinson, 1928-1939; Loren N. Brown, 1939-1951; George P. Huckaby, 1951-1952; Howard R. Harold, 1952-1953 (Acting); V. R. Easterling, 1953-1965; Edwin E. Vineyard, 1965-.

Oscar Rose Junior College, Midwest City. Presidents: Jacob Johnson, 1968-1972; Joe Leone, 1972-.

Seminole Junior College, Seminole. Presidents: H. B. Mitchell, 1967-1969; Elmer Tanner, 1969-.

South Oklahoma City Junior College, Oklahoma City. Presidents: J. C. Nichols, 1970-1971; John E. Cleek, 1971-1974; Al Taylor, March to April, 1974 (Acting); Hugh Turner, April to August, 1974 (Acting); Al Taylor, August to November, 1974 (Acting); Dale L. Gibson, 1974-.

Tulsa Junior College, Tulsa. Presidents: Alfred M. Philips, 1969-.

Western Oklahoma State College, Altus. Presidents: Cecil Chesser, 1970-1971 (Acting); W. C. Burris, 1971-.

*Sayre Junior College, Sayre. Presidents: Harry Patterson, 1967-.

**Note*: Presidents shown are those who have served since the enactment of the Community College Law by the 1967 Oklahoma Legislature. Institutions indicated by asterisk existed prior to that time, operating as a part of the local public school system and in some cases under a different name from that as currently known.

PRIVATE UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES

American Christian College, Tulsa. Presidents: Billy J. Hargis, 1970-1974; David A. Noebel, 1974-.

Bartlesville Wesleyan College, Bartlesville. Presidents: Clarence E. Wert, 1959-1960; N. N. Bonner, 1960-1962; R. G. Flexon, 1962-1964; N. N. Bonner, 1964-1969; Leo G. Cox, 1969-1974; John M. Snook, 1974-.

Bethany Nazarene College, Bethany. Presidents: H. H. Miller, 1909-1911; Fred Mesch, 1911-1912; A. M. Hills, 1912-1913; E. J. Lord, 1913-1914; C. B. Widmeyer, 1915-1920; A. K. Bracken, 1920-1928; S. S. White, 1928-1930; A. K. Bracken, 1930-1942; S. T. Ludwig, 1942-1944; O. J. Finch, 1944-1947; Roy H. Cantrell, 1947-1972; Stephen W. Nease, 1972-1976; John A. Knight, Sr., 1976-.

Midwest Christian College, Oklahoma City. Presidents: Vernon M. Newland, 1946-1947; Francis Arant, 1947-1949; Lester Ford, 1949-1964; B. E. Junkins, 1964-1968; Howard K. Davis, 1968-1975; Robert H. Alexander, 1975-1977; Warren Woodrome, August to October, 1977 (Acting); Stanley D. Letcher, Jr., 1977-.

Oklahoma Baptist University, Shawnee. Presidents: J. M. Carroll, 1911-1912; (School closed 1912-1915); F. M. Master, 1915-1919; J. A. Tolman, 1919-1922; J. B. Lawrence, 1922-1926; W. W. Phelan, 1926-1930; W. C. Boone, 1930-1932; H. V. Davis, 1932-1934; John W. Raley, 1934-1961; James R. Scales, 1961-1965; Evans T. Mosely, 1965-1966 (Acting); Grady C. Cothen, 1966-1970; Robert L. Lynn, 1970-1971

(Acting); William G. Tanner, 1971-1976; William E. Neptune, 1976-1977 (Acting); E. Eugene Hall, 1977-.

Oklahoma Christian College, Oklahoma City. Presidents: L. R. Wilson, 1950-1954; James O. Baird, 1954-1974; J. Terry Johnson, 1974-.

Oklahoma City University, Oklahoma City. Presidents: G. C. Jones, 1904; George H. Bradford, 1905-1913; William Fielder, 1914; Edward Hislop, 1915-1917; Edwin G. Green, 1918-1922; Eugene M. Antrim, 1923-1934; Walter Scott Athearn, 1934; A. G. Williamson, 1935-1941; C. Q. Smith, 1941-1957; Jack Wilkes, 1957-1963; Dolphus Whitten, Jr., 1963-1964 (Acting); John F. Olson, 1964-1969; Dolphus Whitten, Jr., 1969-.

Oklahoma Missionary Baptist College, Institute & Seminary, Marlow. Presidents: A. J. Wall, 1954-1955; E. A. Sharver, 1955-1957; Roy M. Reed, 1957 (Acting); L. J. Odom, 1958-1963; R. T. Perritt, 1963-.

Oral Roberts University, Tulsa. Presidents: Oral Roberts, 1965-.

Phillips University, Enid. Presidents: Ely Vaughn Zollers, 1906-1915; Isaac Newton McCash, 1916-1938; Eugene S. Briggs, 1938-1961; Hallie Gantz, 1961-1972; Norman E. Jacobs, 1972-1973 (Acting); Dr. Tom Broce, 1973-1976; Samuel E. Curl, 1976-.

The University of Tulsa, Tulsa. Presidents: W. A. Caldwell, 1894-1896; W. R. King, 1896-1899; A. Grant Evans, 1899-1908; L. H. Beeler, 1908-1909; Seth Gordon, 1909-1911 (Acting); F. W. Hawley, 1911-1915; Ralph J. Lamb, 1915-1916 (Acting); Charles Evans, 1916-1917; James M. McMurtrey, 1917-1918 (Acting); A. L. O'Dell, 1918-1920; J. M. Gordon, 1920-1924; Franklin G. Dill, 1924-1927 (Acting); J. D. Finlayson, 1927-1934; R. L. Langenheim, 1934-1935 (Acting); C. I. Pontius, 1935-1958; Ben G. Hennecke, 1958-1967; Eugene L. Swearingen, 1967-1968; J. Paschal Twyman, 1968-.

Bacone College, Muskogee. Presidents: A. C. Bacone, 1880-1896; M. L. Brown, 1896-1897; J. H. Scott, 1897-1905; P. B. Gurnsey, 1905-1906; W. C. Farmer, 1906-1907; E. N. Collette, 1907-1910; J. H. Randall, 1910-1918; B. D. Weeks, 1918-1941; Charles Detwilder, 1942-1943 (Acting); Earl L. Riley, 1943-1947; Francis W. Thompson, 1948-1955; Roger W. Getz, 1956-1966; Garold D. Holstine, 1967-1974; Charles D. Holleyman, 1974-1977; Wesley N. Haines, 1977- (Acting).

Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College, Moore. Presidents: Don W. Payne, 1963-1965; J. D. O'Donnell, 1965-1971; Bill M. Jones, 1971-.

St. Gregory's College, Shawnee. Presidents: Blaise Haritchabalet, 1916-1925; Alphonse Sausen, 1925-1930; David Yuenger, 1930-1933 (Acting); Mark F. Braun, 1933-1953; Phillip A. Berning, 1953-1959; Robert G. Dodson, 1959-1963; Richard Sneed, 1963-1969; Peter Green, 1969-1970; Michael Roethler, 1970-.

Southwestern College, Oklahoma City. Presidents: R. O. Corvin, 1946-1961; W. R. Corvin, 1961-1975; Hugh H. Morgan, 1975-1977; Scott T. Muse, Jr., 1977-.

Spartan School of Aeronautics, Tulsa. Presidents: Vernon M. Setterholm, 1971-.